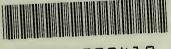
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FINAL REPORTS

OF

CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES

TO

EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN

CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE

IN CHARGE OF

THE INAUGURATION

OF

WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT

AS

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

AND

JAMES SCHOOLCRAFT SHERMAN

AS

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

AT WASHINGTON, D. C. MARCH 4, 1909

JK, 538 1909 W3

PRESS OF W. F. ROBERTS CO.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Gift from Mrs. Marcus Benjamin Dec. 5, 1932



CONTENTS.

Letter from the President5
Letter from the Vice-President
Letter from Hon. Frank H. Hitchcock9
Letter from the Chairman of the Inaugural Committee II
The Inaugural Committee13
Report of Committee on Military Organizations and the Inaugural Parade
Report of Committee on Finance59
Reception Committee 69
Committe on Legislation 77
Committee on Press 79
Committee on Printing 81
Committee on Souvenirs and Tickets 85
Committee on Railroad Terminal Facilities 89
Committee on Public Comfort 93
Committee on Public Order 109
Committee on Civic Organizations 125
Committee on Parks and Reviewing Stands 129
Committee on Street Decorations 133
Committee on Marking Points of Historic Interest 137
Committee on Illumination 141
Committee on Fireworks 145
Committee on Music 149
Committee on Decoration 151
Committee on Comfort at Ball 157
The Floor Committee 163
The Supper Committee 165
Committee on Local Transportation 167
Committee on Medals and Badges 169
The Treasurer 173
The Auditing Committee 175
Extract from "The Spectator" 185



THE WHITE HOUSE

Washington, March 8, 1909.

My Dear Mr. Stellwagen:

I write to thank you and the members of the Inaugural Committee for the beautiful gold medal and the gold mounted Souvenir of the inaugural ceremonies which you were good enough to send me. I am delighted to have them as remembrances of the occasion.

I take this opportunity to thank you and the members of the Committee for the very efficient work which they have done.

With best wishes,

Very sincerely yours,

WM. H. TAFT.

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

The New Willard.



The Vice-President's Chamber

Washington, March 9, 1909.

Mr. E. J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

My Dear Mr. Stellwagen,

I have made repeated visits to the Inaugural Committee room for the purpose of offering my appreciative acknowledgments for the receipt of the inaugural medal and souvenir programme. They are both beautiful and elegant, and the possession of them gives me great pleasure. I thank you most sincerely, and, through you, the members of the Committee whom you represent.

May I further say that the considerate courtesy extended to me by the Inaugural Committee from the moment of appointment to the moment of dictating this letter, has been appreciated to the full. Greater regard or more consideration could not have been extended to the greatest potentate on earth. I also want to congratulate the Committee for the admirable manner in which it handled the entire proceedings. Its members are especially deserving of congratulation considering the adverse circumstances under which a portion of the programme was carried out. It seemed to me that every detail of the ball was not only arranged but carried out with absolute perfection. You certainly are entitled to the gratitude and appreciation of us all.

With cordial regard I am always,

Very sincerely yours,

J. S. SHERMAN.



Republican National Committee

Washington, D. C., November 24, 1908.

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Mr. Stellwagen,

By an established custom it falls on me as chairman of the Republican National Committee to arrange for the organization of a citizens' committee to take charge of the ceremonies attending the inauguration of the President-elect. Acting in accordance with this custom I hereby designate you as Chairman of the Inaugural Committee. You will appoint the members of the Committee in such number as you deem desirable, its various officers, including one or more vice-chairmen, a secretary and a treasurer, the chairman of such sub-committees as seem necessary, and a grand marshal of the inaugural parade.

Yours very truly,

Frank H. Hitchcock, Chairman.



HEADQUARTERS

THE INAUGURAL COMMITTEE THE NEW WILLARD WASHINGTON

March, 1909.

TO THE INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

Gentlemen: In this final report I desire to express first, and before all else, my personal thanks to this committee for accepting service and accomplishing intelligently, and without friction, such splendid work.

Whatever credit the public has accorded to those having charge of the ceremonies of March, 1909, belongs entirely to you. Particularly is this so as to the Chairmen of the twenty-five sub-committees, who with their well selected associates, worked out in the greatest detail, and executed with precision, the important work undertaken.

To the Grand Marshal and his Chief of Staff is due the credit of moving a body of nearly thirty thousand men, under weather conditions seldom met. That the parade was formed, started, and completed its line of march, exactly on schedule time, excited the admiration and favorable comment of those who were fortunate enough to witness it.

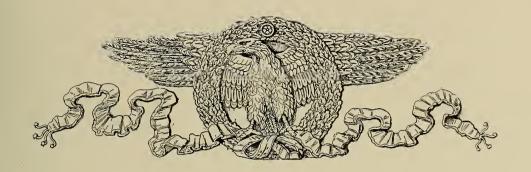
The accompanying reports tell in detail the story of the Inaugural Ceremonies, and it is hoped, will be found useful by those who have charge of similar events in the future.

The uniform courtesy shown me in the relations which have existed during the past few months will always remain a pleasant memory.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN





The Inaugural Committee

EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN, CHAIRMAN GEORGE E. HAMILTON, VICE-CHAIRMAN S. W. WOODWARD, SECOND VICE-CHAIRMAN CLARENCE F. NORMENT, TREASURER CORCORAN THOM, SECRETARY

MILTON E. AILES LARZ ANDERSON MAT. GEN. J. FRANKLIN BELL CHARLES J. BELL MAJ. JAMES E. BELL IRA E. BENNETT SIDNEY BIEBER WOODBURY BLAIR GIST BLAIR WILLIAM J. BOARDMAN SCOTT C. BONE FRANK S. BRIGHT ALEXANDER BRITTON COL. CHARLES S. BROMWELL RICHARD N. BROOKE ALDIS B. BROWNE FREDERICK E. CHAPIN MAT. SPENCER COSBY Murray A. Cobb WILLIAM V. Cox WIILLIAM C. DENNY EDWARD W. DONN, JR. H. ROZIER DULANY G. THOMAS DUNLOP Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards

JOHN JOY EDSON MAJ. GEN. GEORGE F. ELLIOTT REAR ADMIRAL ROBLEY D. EVANS JOHN C. EVERSMAN HENRY W. FLATHER GEORGE E. FLEMING PERCY S. FOSTER THOMAS J. D. FULLER · THOMAS M. GALE · Maj. Gen. G. L. GILLESPIE CHARLES C. GLOVER BERNARD R. GREEN JAMES M. GREEN GILBERT H. GROSVENOR GEN. GEORGE H. HARRIES WALTER S. HARBAN SAMUEL B. HEGE Frank C. Henry JAMES S. HENRY WILLIAM B. HIBBS · James C. Hooe MAT. THOMAS S. HOPKINS RICHARD R. HORNER HENNEN JENNINGS BRIG. GEN. JOHN A. JOHNSTON

RUDOLPH KAUFFMANN D. J. KAUFMAN A. M. KEPPEL FRANK A. KIDD JOHN B. LARNER A. M. LOTHROP HON. HENRY B. F. MACFARLAND JAMES RUSH MARSHALL REAR ADMIRAL NEWTON E. MASON WILLIAM A. MEARNS BRIG. GEN. ANSON MILLS Maj. J. J. Morrow THOMAS P. MORGAN ARTHUR C. Moses FRANK A. MUNSEY LIEUT. COL. CHAS. L. McCAWLEY Frederick B. McGuire J. Nota McGill GEORGE X. McLanahan JOHN R. McLEAN WALLACE D. McLEAN JAMES L. NORRIS THEODORE W. NOYES JAMES F. OYSTER E. SOUTHARD PARKER

Col. M. M. Parker

· CAPT. ANDREW PARKER · Col. James G. Payne H. C. PERKINS R. Ross Perry Maj. Duncan C. Phillips D. S. PORTER FRANK P. REESIDE HOWARD S. REESIDE CUNO H. RUDOLPH Edgar D. Shaw · Maj. Richard D. Simms J. H. SMALL, JR. · A. S. Solomons · GEN. ELLIS SPEAR Joseph M. Stoddard MAJ. RICHARD SYLVESTER Robert H. Terrell Col. George Truesdell WILLIAM P. VAN WICKLE THOMAS F. WALSH BRAINARD H. WARNER MICHAEL I. WELLER HON. HENRY L. WEST BRIG. GEN. JOHN M. WILSON GEN. MAXWELL V. Z. WOODHULL



Report of

Committee on Military Organizations

The Inaugural Varade

Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, Grand Marshal and Chairman.
General George H. Harries, Vice-Chairman
Lieutenant Colonel E. M. Weaver, Secretary
Brigadier General John A. Johnston, Chief of Staff
Major Samuel D. Sturgis, Adjutant General

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Union Trust Building, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your request for my report as Grand Marshal and as Chairman of the Committee on Military Organizations, the same "to set out fully the work done."

It would not be possible, even if it were desirable, to set forth fully the skill, tact, judgment, and continuous daily effort displayed for three months by my subordinates and assistants in disposing of the multitude of detail attendant upon the preliminary arrangements for the Inaugural Parade. Suffice it to say I was blessed with most skillful and efficient staff officers who attained complete success in the final grouping of the many organizations that composed it, in spite of the innumerable difficulties, and unforseen contingencies which necessitated changes and rearrangements up to the last moment.

The summation of all of it is contained in the General and Special Orders, Circulars, Memoranda, and Parade Map, three copies of each of which are sent you under separate cover.

I desire to call your especial attention to General Order No. 4, for file and incorporation in the reference volume to be published by the Inaugural Committee as evidence, in part, of the administrative and executive work necessary for the mobilization, at Washington, of military organizations aggregating more than 21,000, exclusive of the Brigade of Midshipmen, U. S. Naval Academy. This Brigade, aggregating 849, was held at Annapolis as a result of the storm, which made it impossible for the railroad to get cars delivered in time. The figures are also exclusive of the High School Cadet Regiment and Separate High School Cadet Battalion of the District, aggregating 1,208, both having been withdrawn on account of the weather. Seventh Regiment of Infantry, National Guard, New York, aggregating 644, though present, was much delayed by the storm and arrived too late to march in the Military Grand Division; it was reviewed by the President and Governor Hughes the following morning.

The Corps of Cadets of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., numbering 465, in the midst of the prevailing blizzard, worked its way, clearing the tracks of wreckage wrought by the storm, from Baltimore to Washington, and arrived in time to march at the head of the Second Division, Military Grand Division. The brigade of U. S. Troops from the District of Columbia and vicinity

aggregated 1,200. Part of the Cuban Army of Pacification, aggregating 1,600, arrived in time for the parade, direct from Cuba after two years and four months of successful service in the cause of peace in that Island. This total of 3,265 U. S. Army forces was increased by a provisional regiment, aggregating 965, of U. S. Marines, and a brigade, aggregating 2,058, U. S. Seamen. This latter organization was brought here to participate in this great ceremonial parade after having circumnavigated the world as part of the naval fleet that returned on Washington's birthday, February 22, 1909, to Hampton Roads whence it departed on December 16, 1907.

General Order No. 4 is, therefore, of particular historic value in such a publication as the Committee contemplates.

General Order No. 4 shows also the length and breadth of the country from which came Governors of States, National Guard, Independent Military Bodies and Cadets from Military Schools and Universities, aggregating in number nearly 15,000; and a Grand Division of Civic Organizations, aggregating 8,700 men, making a total aggregation of 29,850 actual participants—the largest number that has ever taken part in this quadrennial function, without including General O. O. Howard's Division of Veterans, to whom was accorded the honor of the morning escort from the White House to the Capitol.

General Order No. 4 and the accompanying Parade Map show the organization and assembly into Military, Veteran and Civic Grand Divisions respectively, and the rules governing their prompt movement according to published time schedule. The mobilization, assembly and marching of this army, well within the time schedule, under most unfavorable weather conditions, without error or misdirection of any part, was a feat for which my staff officers deserve the credit and of which they have a right to feel proud.

The duty of morning escort by the Veteran Grand Division only, under rules of precedence prescribed for the Pres-

ident's New Year's Reception and in the U. S. Infantry Drill Regulations, followed the precedent of four years ago and for the reasons upon which that precedent was based. The fact, however, should be recorded for future reference that, for the first time, a place therein, at the rear of the Veteran Division, was assigned to the Sons of Veterans, at the request of Major Thomas S. Hopkins, Captain Arthur Hendricks and Hosea B. Moulton of General Howard's Staff, representing the Grand Army of the Republic, and after obtaining the united consent thereto of the proper authorities of all other veteran organizations participating.

According to the same precedent, the U. S. Army, Marines and Seamen, the National Guard, independent Military Organizations, Cadets of Military Universities, Colleges, and Schools, composing the Military Grand Division, together with the Civic Grand Division, both in order of precedence described in General Order No. 4, were accorded the honor of the afternoon escort and review by the Presi-In this connection it might be well to record also, for future reference, that the National Militia Board, in session in this city, unanimously supported the Grand Marshal in the decision that, following the precedent of four years ago, the National Guard should be assigned position in the column immediately following the forces of the United States, and that no organization not reported to the War Department as part of the National Guard should be assigned as escort of any sort, or otherwise, to a place within the National Guard column, all such being segregated in a separate brigade. This rule included state-aided military colleges, schools and universities which, though a part of the State Militia, like the Virginia Military Institute, are not a part of the National Guard of the country as reported to the War Department.

The personal escort of the President, accompanying his carriage, and therefore detachable from the column if necessary, at a rapid pace, was confined by special designation of

the President-elect to Troop "A," Ohio National Guard, a mounted organization. This troop performed its duty admirably, and after passing in review did valuable service on the Avenue in connection with the prompt movement of the column, which was not delayed to any marked degree by any organization in the entire column except one. exception was the John E. Reyburn Club of Philadelphia which, as the second organization of the Third Brigade. First Division, destroyed the integrity of that brigade by following the first organization at a distance of about three or four hundred yards, thus isolating, at the head of the brigade, the Young Men's Republican Tariff Club of Pittsburg, and thus causing it to appear that they themselves were at the head of the brigade. Fortunately all other organizations complied so well with the letter and spirit of the Grand Marshal's instructions that, with the greatest number ever participating in this function, it was concluded a half hour earlier than has heretofore obtained where approximately equal numbers were present.

The occasion seems to be particularly proper, also, for repetition of the statement that marching organizations of boys of tender years should be excluded from this function.

The Street Cleaning Department deserves great credit for its work of clearing the Avenue of snow from the White House to the entrance of the Capitol Grounds, but as the organization and probably the appropriation, not made in anticipation of such blizzard weather conditions, did not provide for a clearance of snow from the assembly streets and the Capitol driveways used, all foot troops and civilian organizations were compelled to stand for a time and to march in deep slush that was augmented, across the Capitol Grounds, by the clogged drainage of a great flow of water used to wash the snow from the seats of the Capitol stand. It will be wise to provide, hereafter, against this whole contingency if, unfortunately for the many thousands who will attend, the date be not changed to a later day.

The Office of the Grand Marshal was opened at Room No. 221, War Department, December 13, 1908, and closed March 10, 1909.

The accounting of the office is as follows:

Receipts.			
Allotment	\$1,025.00		
Due from Committee on Civic Organ- izations	39.50	\$1,064.50	
Expenditures.			
Voucher No. 1, W. F. Roberts Co., Printing and Stationery	\$17.85		
Voucher No. 2, Fred Barnes, salary	60.00		
Voucher No. 3, Fred Barnes, salary	60.00		
Voucher No. 4, David W. Jacobs,			
salary	40.00		
Voucher No. 5, Bailey, Banks & Biddle, Engraving Plates and Com-	#9 aa		
wissions Voucher No. 6, Bliss, Albrech & Co.,	78.00		
Stationery	3.75		
Voucher No. 7, H. B. Moulton, A. G. Vet. Div., Stenographic Work,	0,0		
Stamps, etc.	4.88		
Voucher No. 8, Norris-Peters Co., Parade Maps	65.00		
Voucher No. 9, W. F. Roberts Co., Stationery and Printing	211.75		
Voucher No. 10, Frank S. Wagner, Parade Markers	395.76		
Voucher No. 11, War Department Telegraph Office, telegraphing.	10.35		
Voucher No. 12, John A. Johnston, Postage Stamps	33.83		
Voucher No. 13, David W. Jacobs,			
Voucher No. 14, Fred Barnes, salary	33.33		
voucher No. 14, Fred Darnes, salary	50.00		
	\$1,064.50	\$1,064.50	

In this connection I beg to state that, while there was constituted a Committee on Military Organizations, with myself as Chairman, Brigadier-General George H. Harries, Vice-Chairman, and Lieutenant-Colonel E. M. Weaver,

U. S. Army, Secretary, and while it was thought, because of Colonel Weaver's official position as Chief of the Division of Militia Affairs and Secretary of the National Militia Board, that the Committee would serve the useful purpose of stimulating the interest of Militia authorities, nevertheless, there was very early found to be an unnecessary duplication of effort in this respect, and it seemed to be the wiser course to allow the whole business involved to fall into the office of the Grand Marshal, where it naturally belongs. The organization of a separate committee on Military Organizations seems to be practically useless.

The foregoing statement does not include any charge for office rooms, desks, desk furniture, light, heat or telephone.

This office, getting in touch with the railroads, was informed that, exclusive of trains parked at Pennsylvania Avenue, Southeast, and the Eastern Branch, the Pennsylvania Railroad arranged to quarter, on 141 cars, fifteen military and thirty civic organizations or parties, distributed at Fourteenth, Ninth, and Sixth Street yards; and the Baltimore & Ohio twenty-one military and thirty-two civic organizations or parties on 296 cars at their New York and Florida Avenue yard; i. e., ninety-eight organizations or parties on 437 cars. This was a condition necessary to be known as affecting the assembly and dismissal of the parade and was, I understand, due to an early reported scarcity elsewhere of available quarters at reasonable prices. I am told that, ultimately, there proved to be ample quarters to have sheltered all concerned.

In conclusion, I beg to acknowledge, with very great pleasure, the friendly coordination of effort and consideration on the part of inter-related committees affecting the parade feature of the day which obtained to a marked degree throughout the three months of continuous preparatory effort. This was especially true of Major Thomas S. Hopkins and his associates, representing the Veterans, and of

Major Thomas P. Morgan, Chairman of the Committee on Civic Organizations, and his able and courteous assistants.

With assurances of my high regard and the pleasure my association with you has afforded me, I have the honor to be

Very truly yours,

J. E. Bell,
Major-General, Chief of Staff, U. S. A.,
Grand Marshal.

Inaugural Parade, March 4, 1909

HEADQUARTERS OF THE GRAND MARSHAL,
ROOM 221 WAR DEPARTMENT.

General Orders, Washington, D. C., No. 4. Sebruary 25, 1909.

The following orders for the organization, movement and dismissal of the Inaugural Parade are published for the information and guidance of all concerned. The success of the Parade and its prompt movement past the President within the three hours of daylight available for the purpose depends upon an exact compliance with the instructions hereinafter contained, particularly those which require the column to be kept closed, and those which prohibit any changes of formation or any exhibition movements. (Pars. III and VIII.)

ORGANIZATION.

I. The Parade is organized as follows:

A. MILITARY GRAND DIVISION.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL JOHN C. BATES, U. S. ARMY, Chief Marshal.

First Brigade Brig. Gen.W.W.Wotherspool U. S. Army, Marshal.	Corps of Cadets, U.S.M.A. N, Midshipmen, U.S.N.A. Cadets U. S. Revenue Cut- ter Service.
Second Brigade Col. Joseph Garrard, U. S. Army, Marshal.	Provisional Regt. U. S. Engrs. and Coast Artillery. 2d. Batt'n, 3d U. S. Field Artillery. 1st Squadron 15th U. S. Cav'y, Co. A. U. S. Hosp. Corps
THIRD BRIGADE Cuban Army Pacification. Col. C. D. Cowles,	11th U. S. Inf. 5th U. S. Inf. 1st Batt'n, 2d U. S. Field

FIRST DIVISION.

Maj. Gen. C. F. HUMPHREY, U. S. Army, Marshal.

U. S. Army, Marshal.

Artillery, 11th U. S. Cav'y.

FOURTH BRIGADE

Battle Ship Fleet Brigade. Rear Admiral W. P. POTTER, U. S. Navy, Marshal.

Regt. U. S. Marines, U. S. Seamen from U. S. S. Connecticut, Vermont, Georgia, Louisia mont, Geo. Wisconna, Illinois, sin, Kearsarge, Kentucky.

FIFTH BRIGADE

Brig. Gen. G. H. HARRIES, N. G., D. C., Marshal. National Guard, District Columbia.

SECOND DIVISION.

Gov. Simeon S. Pennewill, *Marshal*.

FIRST BRIGADE

Gov. Simeon S. Pennewill, Delaware, *Marshal*.

SECOND BRIGADE

Gov. Eben S. Draper, Massachusetts, Marshal.

THIRD BRIGADE

Gov. Austin L. Crothers, Maryland, Marshal.

National Guard, Del., Pa., N. J., Ga. and Conn.

> Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

National Guard, Md., S. C., and Va.

FIRST BRIGADE

Gov. Charles E. Hughes, New York, Marshal. National Guard, N. Y., R. I., Vt. and Ky.

Second Brigade Gov. Judson Harmon, Ohio, Marshal. National Guard,
Ohio, La.,
Ind., Miss.,
Ill., Me., Mo.,
Minn., Id.,
Worcester
Continentals,
Washington
Infantry.

THIRD DIVISION.

Gov. Charles E. Hughes,

Marshal.

THIRD BRIGADE

Military Cadet
Organizations
of Universities, Colleges
and Schools.
Independent
Company
"Gray Invincibles."

B. VETERAN DIVISION.

Major General O. O. HOWARD, U. S. Army, Chief Marshal.
Captain Arthur Hendricks, Chief of Staff.
Hosea B. Moulton, Adjutant General.
Thomas S. Hopkins, Assistant Adjutant General.
Colonel Myron M. Parker, Assistant Adjutant General.
Major W. W. Eldridge, Assistant Adjutant General.
Captain A. S. Perham, Assistant Adjutant General.
Lieutenant Colonel Jas. W. Howard, Chief Aid.

Ams

General Theo. S. Peck
General J. Edwin Browne
General D. L. Staunton
Colonel C. H. Lyman
Colonel I. C. Kimball
Colonel E. C. Ireland
Lieut. Col. Jelaymon Cuyler
Major Frank A. Butts
Major L. P. Williams
Major F. S. Hodgson
Captain Franklin Phillips
Captain B. T. Janney
Captain W. H. Norton
Captain F. D. Millet
Captain W. H. Proctor
Captain C. A. Sidman
Captain J. L. Smith

General S. W. Burdett
General Richard Bowerman
General C. W. Newton
Colonel I. W. Stone
Colonel G. C. Kniffin
Colonel H. D. Norton
Major E. R. Campbell
Major John McElroy
Major J. A. McDowell
Captain C. O. Howard
Captain Frederick Chamberlin
Captain J. W. Mitchell
Captain O. H. Oldroyd
Captain S. H. Woodrow
Captain B. P. Entrikin
Captain G. C. Rounds
Lieutenant V. L. Garrigus

Grand Army of the Republic.
4th Band, U. S. Coast Artillery.
Department of the Potomac.

General Edwin H. Holbrook, Commanding.

Department of Maryland.

General ROBERT C. SUNSTROM, Commanding.

Union Veteran Legion.

Department of the Potomac.

General Thomas J. Shannon, Commanding.

United Spanish War Veterans.

Department of the Potomac.

General Charles W. Newton, Commanding.

Army and Navy Union.

Department of the Potomac.

General J. Edwin Browne, Commanding.

Army of the Philippines.

General P. J. H. FARRELL, Commanding.

Sons of Veterans.

Major Henry Stewart, Commanding.

C. CIVIC GRAND DIVISION.

THOMAS P. MORGAN, Chief Marshal.

FIRST DIVISION.

JOHN F. O'NEIL, Marshal.

FIRST BRIGADE.
Col. Joseph C. Bonner, Marshal.
SECOND BRIGADE.
Hon. W. C. Wotherbee, Marshal.
Third Brigade.
Major Frank McComb, Marshal.

SECOND DIVISION.
W. H. YERKES, Marshal.

W. HART DEXTER, Marshal.

SECOND BRIGADE.
CHAS. T. LINDSEY, Marshal.

THIRD BRIGADE.
CHAS. P. SWETT, Marshal.

FIRST BRIGADE.

THIRD DIVISION.
E. D. WILLISTON, Marshal.

FIRST BRIGADE.
Col. P. H. CARSON, Marshal.
SECOND BRIGADE.
Hon. J. M. TURNER, Marshal.
THIRD BRIGADE.
Rev. W. L. TAYLOR, Marshal.

The parade ceremonies of the day are:

II. Escort of the President from the White House to the Capitol at 10.00 A. M.

III. Distances.

IV. Afternoon assembly of the Miltary and Civic Grand Divisions.

V. Escort of the President from the Capitol to the White House at the conclusion of his inaugural address, at about 1.20 o'clock P. M.

VI. Review of the Military and Civic Grand Divisions by the President from the latter's stand in front of the White House at 2.45 P. M.

VII. Dismissal of Parade.

II. ESCORT FROM THE WHITE HOUSE TO THE CAPITOL.

A. M. ASSEMBLY OF GRAND MARSHAL'S STAFF, PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL AND VETERAN ESCORT.

The President, accompanied by his personal escort, composed of Troop A, National Guard of Ohio, will be escorted at 10 A. M. from the White House to the Capitol by the Grand Marshal and Staff, and a Division composed of Veterans of the Civil and Spanish-American Wars and of the Regular Army and Navy of the United States, commanded by Major General Oliver O. Howard, U. S. Army.

This escort will be formed at 9.30 A. M., as follows:

The staff and aids of the Grand Marshal will assemble at 9.30 o'clock A. M. on 15th Street, north of Pennsylvania Avenue, and will be formed facing south in column of platoons of eight files each, staff and special aids leading, head of column at Pennsylvania Avenue.

Troop A, National Guard, State of Ohio, will be formed

in line facing south, at 9.30 o'clock A. M. on the north side of Pennsylvania avenue, the right of the line at Jackson Place, and so that in forming column of platoons to the left, the right will be in front.

The Division of Veterans will be formed in line on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, facing north, at 9.30 o'clock A. M., the left of the Spanish War Veterans at the west gate of the White House grounds, the line extending east to 15th street and thence along the west curb of the latter and the south curb of Pennsylvania avenue as may be The Veterans of the Army and Navy of the necessary. United States (Army and Navy Union) will assemble in column on Pennsylvania avenue, facing east, at 9.30 o'clock A. M., head of column at Executive avenue west prepared to follow the Veterans of the Civil and Spanish Wars. Veterans of the Army of the Philippines will assemble in column on Pennsylvania avenue in rear of the Veterans of the Army and Navy Union at 9.35 o'clock A. M. The Sons of Veterans will assemble in column in rear of the Veterans of the Philippines at 9.40 o'clock A. M.

The President will be received by his personal and veteran escort as he comes out of the west gate of the White House, and immediately thereafter Troop A will form column of platoons (16 troopers each) to the left and, preceded by the Grand Marshal, his Staff and Aids, will march to the Capitol.

The Marshal of the Veteran Division and Staff will assemble at 9.30 o'clock A. M. on New York avenue facing west, the Marshal at 15th street prepared to follow immediately in rear of the Presidential party in carriages.

The Spanish and Civil War Veterans will, by successive posts from the left, wheel to the right by platoons (16 files front exclusive of guides) and stand fast until the right flank of the division is uncovered by the Presidential party, when the division, as escort, will take up its march to the Capitol immediately following the Presidential party.

The Grand Marshal's Staff and Aids, conducted by the Adjutant General, will proceed through B street north to 1st street east, thence south on 1st street east, from which they will turn west into the Capitol grounds on the central roadway opposite East Capitol street, military aids passing to the right and civilian aids to the left of the photographers' stand, and halting in line immediately in front of same.

The personal escort of the President, preceded by the Grand Marshal and his color guard, will leave the column at B street north and Delaware avenue, and turning south into the Capitol grounds, will escort the Presidential party to the steps of the Senate wing of the Capitol, after which the Grand Marshal's color guard will take post in front of the center of his Staff as above disposed, and Troop A and the Presidential carriages will move to B street south, thence east on B street south to 1st street east, thence north on 1st street east, and be disposed as follows: Troop A on the roadway immediately on the left of the center roadway, and the Presidential carriages on the southeast roadway.

The Veteran Division, following the *personal* escort into the Capitol grounds, and passing in review of the Marshal of the Division poster for the time in front of the staff of the Grand Marshal, will move along the east front of the Capitol to B street south where they will be dismissed.

AFTERNOON ASSEMBLY OF THE MILITARY AND CIVIC GRAND DIVISION.

III. DISTANCES.

For foot troops the distance between platoons or companies will be eight paces; for cavalry and field artillery full distance; between battalions sixteen paces; between regiments twenty-four paces; between brigades forty-eight paces, and between divisions one hundred paces.

All Commanding Officers will give special instructions that these distances shall be not increased for any reason whatever.

By direction of the President, Aids specially detailed from the Staff of the Grand Marshal will be posted along the line of march, whose duty it will be to see that the column is kept closed and moving, and to communicate with the President and with the Headquarters of the Grand Marshal as to the progress of the Parade at their respective Parade telephone stations.

IV. ASSEMBLY OF MILITARY GRAND DIVISION.

The Chief Marshal of the Military Grand Division, the Marshal of the 1st Military Division and their staffs will place themselves respectively on the left of the Grand Marshal's staff as posted opposite of the inaugural stand on the east front of the Capitol at 12.30 P. M.

The First Division organized as prescribed in paragraph XVI will assemble by brigades in column of platoons in double rank (16 files front exclusive of guides) closed to eight paces, as follows:

The First Brigade, composed of the U. S. Corps of Cadets from West Point, the Midshipmen from Annapolis, and a company of Cadets, U. S. Revenue Cutter Service, approaching the Capitol from the south through New Jersey avenue

will enter the Capitol grounds, the head of column halting opposite the steps of the House wing at 12.00 M.

The Second Brigade, composed of U. S. forces stationed in and near the District of Columbia, will assemble at 12.15 o'clock P. M., marching east through C street, southwest, and thence north on New Jersey avenue, head of column in rear of First Brigade.

The Third Brigade, Cuban Army of Pacification, will assemble at 12.25 o'clock P. M., marching east through D street southwest, and thence north on New Jersey avenue, head of column halting at C street.

The Fourth Brigade, U. S. Marines and Seamen, marching north through 2d street southeast, west through C street southeast, and north through 1st street southeast, will turn west on B street southeast, and halt with head of column at New Jersey avenue, at 12.30 o'clock P. M.

The Fifth Brigade, National Guard of the District of Columbia, moving south on 1st street east, will assemble at 12.30 P. M., head of column at B street southeast.

The Marshal of the Second Military Division with staff and escort of 1st Delaware Infantry, will take position at its head at 1st and B streets southeast, at 12.40 P. M.

The Second Division, National Guard Forces of the several States, organized as prescribed in paragraph XVI and composed of National Guards of the States of Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Georgia, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maryland, South Carolina and Virginia, led by their respective governors and staffs, will be assembled by brigades, in column of platoons in double rank (16 files front exclusive of guides) closed to eight paces, as follows:

First Brigade, composed of National Guard of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Georgia, and Connecticut, on B street southeast, at 1 P. M., head of column at 1st street east.

Second Brigade, composed of National Guard of Massachusetts, on B street southeast in rear of the First Brigade at 1.10 P. M.

Third Brigade, composed of National Guard of Maryland, South Carolina, and Virginia, on 6th street east, facing south, at 1.20 P. M., head of column at B street southeast.

The Marshal of the 3d Military Division and staff will take position at its head at 5th and B streets southeast at 1.25 P. M.

The Third Division, organized as prescribed in paragraph XVI and composed of National Guards of New York, Rhode Island, Vermont, Kentucky, Ohio, Louisiana, Indiana, Mississippi, Illinois, Maine, Missouri, Minnesota, and Idaho, led by their respective governors and staffs (also of miscellaneous military bodies and of military cadet organizations), will be assembled by brigades in column of platoons in double rank (16 files front exclusive of guides), closed to eight paces, as follows:

First Brigade, composed of National Guards of New York, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Kentucky, on 5th street east facing south at 1.30 P. M., head of column at B street southeast.

Second Brigade, composed of National Guards of Ohio, Louisiana, Indiana, Mississippi, Illinois, Maine, Missouri, Minnesota, and Idaho, and Worcester Continentals, and Washington Infantry, on 4th street east facing south at 1.40 P. M., head of column at B street southeast.

Third Brigade, composed of military cadet organizations of universities, colleges and schools, on 3d street east at 1.50 P. M., head of column at B street southeast, followed by Gray Invincibles Company Infantry.

UNASSIGNED AND BELATED MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS.

Second street east is reserved for the assembly, in order of arrival, of unassigned or belated military organizations unable to get to assigned positions before the movement of the parade column. These will march at the rear of the Military Grand Division.

ASSEMBLY OF CIVIC GRAND DIVISION.

Headquarters: Staff; the Americus Club as escort to the Chief Marshal; and the Citizens Taft Club, the Conkling Unconditionals and the Sherman Scouts united as the escort of the Civic Grand Division, marching in the order prescribed in paragraph XVI, will assemble in column of companies of not less than 20 files front, exclusive of guides, and closed to ten paces, as follows:

Headquarters, Staff, and the Citizens Taft Club in New Jersey avenue northwest, head of column at B street northwest, at 2.00 P. M.

The Conkling Unconditionals in Arthur Place northwest, head of column at B street northwest, at 2.10 P. M.

The Americus Club in First street, south of Peace Monument, facing north, head of column at Pennsylvania avenue, at 2.00 P. M.

The Sherman Scouts, marching northeast through Maryland avenue southwest, will halt on 1st street facing north in rear of the Americus Club at 2.10 P. M.

Special Aids will be assigned with each of these clubs to insure their respective entrances to the parade column at the proper time and place.

The First Division, organized as prescribed in paragraph XVI, will assemble on 1st street northwest, by brigades in column of companies facing south in single rank, 20 files front exclusive of guides, and closed to ten paces.

Headquarters and Staff of the Marshal of the First Division in 1st street northwest, head of column at B street northwest, facing south, at 2.10 P. M.

The First Brigade at 2.20 P. M., on 1st street northwest, head of column at C street northwest; the Second Brigade at 2.30 P. M., in rear of First Brigade; the Third Brigade at 2.40 P. M., in rear of Second Brigade.

The Second Division, organized as prescribed in paragraph XVI, will assemble by brigades in close column of companies, not less than 20 files front, exclusive of guides, and closed to ten paces, as follows:

Headquarters and Staff of the Marshal of the Second Division in 2d street northwest, head of column at Pennsylvania avenue, facing south, at 2.40 P. M.

The First Brigade at 2.40 P. M. on 2d street northwest, head of column at B street northwest; the Third Brigade at 3.00 P. M. in rear of First Brigade.

The Second Brigade of the Second Division, organized as in paragraph XVI, composed of all civic bodies quartered on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, and to the south thereof, will assemble by marching northeast on Maryland avenue southwest to 3d street southwest, and thence north on 3d street southwest to Pennsylvania avenue, head of column at Pennsylvania avenue, facing north, at 2.50 P. M. A special aid will be assigned to this brigade to insure its entrance to the parade column at the proper time and place.

The Third Division, organized as prescribed in paragraph XVI, will assemble at 3.10 P. M., on 3d street northwest, in column of companies, facing south in single rank, 20 files front exclusive of guides, and closed to ten paces, head of column at B street northwest.

Headquarters and Staff of the Marshal of the Third Division on 3d street northwest at Pennsylvania avenue at 3.00 P. M.

UNASSIGNED AND BELATED CIVIC ORGANIZATIONS.

Four-and-a-half street north of Pennsylvania avenue will be reserved for the assembly, in order of arrival, of all unassigned, or belated civic bodies quartered on the north side of Pennsylvania avenue, and to the north thereof, who have not been or cannot get to assigned places before the movement of the parade column begins. These will march in rear of the Third Division.

Four-and-a-half street south of Pennsylvania avenue will be reserved for the assembly, in order of arrival, of all unassigned or belated civic bodies quartered on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue and to the south thereof, who have not been or cannot get to assigned places before movement of parade column begins. These will march in rear of the unassigned and belated bodies on the north side of Pennsylvania avenue.

Special aids will be assigned to insure entrance of each to the parade column at the proper time and place.

V. ESCORT FROM THE CAPITOL TO THE WHITE HOUSE.

At the conclusion of his inaugural address the President will be received at the speaker's stand by the First Brigade, First Division, Military Grand Division, and the column will immediately move in the order designated in paragraph XVI, each division and brigade taking up the march as its head is cleared by the division or brigade preceding it in the column.

The route will be north through the Capitol grounds to B street north, thence to 1st street west, thence to Pennsylvania avenue, thence on Pennsylvania avenue to 15th street, thence north to Pennsylvania avenue, where the column will be halted while the President's personal escort (passing the Grand Marshal and his staff, now formed in line along the east curb of 15th street, right at New York avenue) will conduct the President and party through the east gate to the White House; during this halt every effort will be made to have the column closed.

VI. REVIEW OF THE MILITARY AND CIVIC GRAND DIVISIONS.

The parade will be reviewed by the President from a stand on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue opposite the White House.

The guide will be left throughout the entire march and, for the Military Grand Division, salutes will be rendered according to the requirements of the drill regulations of the respective arms; for the Civic Grand Division as described in paragraph XII.

The route of the column will be west on Pennsylvania avenue to 19th street, where it will be dismissed.

VII. DISMISSAL.

The parade will be reviewed by the Grand Marshal at 18th street on south side of Pennsylvania avenue and dismissed under his supervision at 19th street. Organizations quartered on south side of and south of Pennsylvania avenue will move south through 19th street, east through E, D or C streets, and proceed by the most direct route to their respective quarters. Organizations quartered on north side of and north of Pennsylvania avenue will move north through 19th street to K street and thence by the most direct route to their respective quarters, except that no organizations marching west will turn south until beyond 14th street northwest. To avoid congestion in their rear and its extension back through the column, organizations dismissed will not change their formations.

No organization will be permitted to fall out from the column until regularly dismissed. Commanding officers of all organizations will make ample use of their staff officers to communicate with the organizations in their respective commands, and to assist in keeping them closed up and moving through the entire line of march, until they have reached their quarters.

VIII. FORMATION.

All mounted escorts, and the mounted staffs of all marshals where the numbers permit, will form in platoons of twelve files front.

Military organizations will march in close column of subdivisions in double rank with not less than sixteen nor more than twenty files front. Companies will be equalized before moving to the place of assembly.

Civic organizations will march in companies of single rank with not less than twenty files front, and at ten paces distance.

During the entire march, no organization, military or civic, will execute any change of formation or perform any exhibition movements, and to avoid wavering in the column; every commanding officer will march directly in the middle of the street as defined by pennant markers placed one pair to each block (particularly at all turning points), covered by his center file as nearly as the guide to the left will permit.

BANDS.

IX. The march will be in quick time, the length of step thirty inches, and the cadence one hundred and twenty steps per minute, as prescribed in the drill regulations.

Drum-majors will use their batons or staffs only as prescribed in drill regulations, and will not throw them in the air.

The 4th Band, Artillery Corps U. S. Army, whose position is at the head of the column, is the only band which will play "Hail to the Chief" at any time, and "Maryland, my Maryland" is reserved for the leading band of the Maryland National Guard.

Bands marching in close proximity will alternate in playing.

In each division, the band of the leading regiment will be-

gin playing at 1st street west, of the next regiment at 2d street west, of the third regiment at 3d street west, and so on in succession to 6th street west; the object being to distribute uniformly along the avenue the music of the bands and drum corps.

In passing the President's stand all bands will play, marching in quick time (120 steps per minute).

CARRIAGES.

X. No carriages will be allowed in the parade except those occupied by the Presidential party.

REAR GUARD.

XI. Major W. E. HORTON, U. S. Army, Commanding.

Capt. J. A. Penn, U. S. Army
Capt. P. S. Brown, U. S. Marine Corps Capt. F. J. Koester, U. S. Army
Lieut. J. C. Fremont, U. S. Navy

Capt. Andrew Parker, D. C. Militia

Troop A, Ohio National Guard.
Captain W. M. Scofield, Commanding.

SALUTES.

XII. Marshals and other commanders carrying drawn swords will salute as prescribed in drill regulations, the commander and his staff saluting and resuming the carry together.

The Chief Marshal of the Civic Grand Division and other Commanders not carrying drawn swords will salute the President by uncovering; their staffs will not salute.

All other officers, all colors and standards, non-commissioned staff officers, non-commissioned officers commanding subdivisions, and drum-majors will salute and resume the carry as prescribed in the drill regulations of their respective

arms. The first motion of the individual salute will be made at six paces from the front of the President, and the carry resumed at six paces beyond.

XIII. Neither Governors of States nor Commanders of Grand Divisions, Divisions, or Brigades will leave the column to go on the reviewing stands, but each will continue the march with his command to the place where the organization is to be dismissed.

XIV. The insignia of Marshals and of Marshals' Aids will be as follows:

Grand Marshal-White Sash.

Grand Marshal's Staff-Red Sash.

Grand Marshal's Aids-White Sash.

Marshals of Grand Divisions-White and Red Sash.

Marshals of Divisions-Red and Blue Sash.

19. Indiana

20. Mississippi

Marshals of Brigades-Blue and White Sash.

All Aids except those of the Grand Marshal—Blue Sash.

This sash will be worn from the right shoulder to the left side, military officers of higher grade than brigadier general wearing it over their prescribed uniform sash.

XV. ORDER OF STATES AND TERRITORIES.

١.	Delaware
2.	Pennsylvania
3.	New Jersey
4.	Georgia
5.	Connecticut
6.	Massachusetts
7.	Maryland
8.	South Carolina
9.	New Hampshire
IO.	Virginia
ΙI.	New York
	North Carolina
13.	Rhode Island
14.	Vermont
15.	Kentucky
16.	Tennessee
	Ohio
18.	Louisiana

1. Delaware

- 21. Illinois
 22. Alabama
 23. Maine
 24. Missouri
 25. Arkansas
 26. Michigan
 27. Florida
 28. Texas
 29. Iowa
 30. Wisconsin
 31. California
 32. Minnesota
 33. Oregon
 34. Kansas
- 37. Nebraska 38. Colorado 30. North Dakota 40. South Dakota 41. Montana 42. Washington 43. Idaho 44. Wyoming 45. Utah 46. Oklahoma District of Columbia Indian Territory New Mexico Arizona Alaska Hawaii

35. West Virginia

36. Nevada

PARADE COLUMN.

XVI. The column will move in the following order:

Platoon of Mounted Police.

Major Richard Sylvester, Commanding.

Fourth Band, Artillery Corps, U. S. Army.

Major General J. FRANKLIN BELL, U. S. Army, Grand Marshal. Brigadier General John A. Johnston, Chief of Staff.

STAFF.

Major S. D. Sturgis, General Staff, U. S. Army, Adjutant General. Colonel M. L. Weaver, U. S. Army, Chief of Aids.

SPECIAL AIDS.

Captain F. W. Sladen, General Staff, U. S. Army. Captain M. F. Davis, General Staff, U. S. Army. Captain Johnson Hagood, General Staff, U. S. Army.

Brig. Gen. J. B. Aleshire, U.S.A.
Lieut. Col. F. J. Moses, U.S.A.
Major M. W. Ireland, U.S.A.
Major B. Winship, U.S.A.
Lt. Comdr. R. K. Krank, U.S.N.
Major H. T. Allen, U. S. A.
Capt. J. A. Penn, U.S.A.
Capt. P. S. Brown, U.S.M.C.
Capt. C. R. Howland, U.S.A.
Capt. J. R. R. Hannay, U.S.A.
Lieut. J. C. Fremont, Jr., U.S.N.
Past A. Surg. C.T. Grayson, U.S.N.
1st Lieut. F. P. Lahm, U.S.A.

Pay Inspector G.W. Simpson, U.S.N. Lieut. Col. Chas. McClure, U.S.A. Major F. O. Johnson, U.S.A. Major J. M. K. Saltzman, U.S.A. Major C. G. Treat, U.S.A. Major W. E. Horton, U.S.A. Capt. M. J. Lenihan, U.S.A. Capt. F. J. Koester, U.S.A. Capt. B. T. Clayton, U.S.A. Lieut. G. C. Sweet, U.S.N. Capt. J. B. Dillon, U.S.A. 1st Lieut. R. C. Moore, U.S.A. 1st Lieut. B. D. Foulois, U.S.A.

AIDS.

PERSONAL ESCORT OF THE PRESIDENT.

Troop A, Ohio National Guard.

Captain W. M. Scofield, Commanding.

THE PRESIDENT.
PRESIDENTIAL PARTY IN CARRIAGES.

MILITARY GRAND DIVISION.

Lieutenant General J. C. BATES, U. S. Army, *Chief Marshal*. Lieut. Colonel Benjamin Alvord, U. S. A., Chief of Staff.

STAFF.

Major H. C. Hodges, U. S. A., Adjutant General.
Capt. Powell Clayton, U.S.A., Aid
Lieut. Thos. C. Hart, U.S.N., Aid
Capt. W. C. Harlee, U.S.M.C., Aid

FIRST DIVISION.

Major General C. F. HUMPHREY, U. S. A., Marshal.

Major Daniel Boughton, U. S. A., Chief of Staff.

Maj. D. S. Stanley, U.S.A., A.G.

Capt. J. W. Furlong, U.S.A., Aid

Capt. E. H. Humphrey, U.S.A., Aid

FIRST BRIGADE.

BRIGADIER GENERAL W. W. WOTHERSPOON, U. S. A., Marshal.

STAFF.

Major H. D. Todd, Chief of Staff.
Capt. F. S. Cocheu, U.S.A., A.G. Capt. Fox Conner, U.S.A., Aid
Capt. T. E. Merrill, U.S.A., Aid.

Band.

Corps of Cadets, U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y. Lieutenant Colonel F. W. Sibley, U. S. Army, Commanding.

Brigade U. S. Midshipmen, U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lieutenant Commander D. E. DISMUKES, U. S. Navy, Commanding

Cadet Company, U. S. Revenue Cutter Service. Lieutenant R. W. Dempwolf, U. S. R. C. S., Commanding.

SECOND BRIGADE.

COLONEL JOSEPH GARRARD, U. S. ARMY, Marshal.

STAFF.

Band.

Provisional Regiment, U. S. Engineers and Coast Artillery, U. S. Army.

Colonel W. H. Coffin, U. S. Army, Commanding.

Second Battalion, 3d U. S. Field Artillery. Major C. G. Treat, U. S. Army, Commanding.

First Squadron, 15th U. S. Cavalry.

Major Frederick S. Foltz, U. S. A., Commanding.

Company A. U. S. Hospital Corps. Captain Charles R. Reynolds, U. S. A., Commanding.

THIRD BRIGADE.

Cuban Army of Pacification.

Colonel C. D. Cowles, U. S. Army, Commanding. Captain A. MITCHELL, U. S. Army, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

Capt. E. T. Hartman, U.S.A., Q.M. Capt. H. O. Williams, U.S.A., C.S.

Band.

Eleventh U. S. Infantry.

(Organized in 1861. Campaigns of Army of Potomac; Spanish-American War; Porto Rico; Philippine Insurrection; Indian Frontier; San Francisco Earthquake Relief Work; Cuban Pacification.)

Major R. T. YEATMAN, U. S. A., Commanding.

Band.

Fifth U. S. Infantry.

(Organized 1798. 111 years old. Campaigns War 1812; Black Hawk and Seminole Indian Wars; Mexican and Civil Wars; Frontier Indian Wars; Service in Cuba; Philippine Insurrection; Cuban Pacification.)

Major W. O. CLARK, U. S. A., Commanding.

First Battalion, 2d U. S. Field Artillery.

(Campaigns, Philippine Insurrection; Cuban Pacification.) Major John Conklin, U. S. A., Commanding.

Band.

Eleventh U. S. Cavalry.

Colonel James Parker, U. S. A., Commanding. (Campaigns, Philippine Insurrection; Cuban Pacification.

FOURTH BRIGADE.

U. S. Marines and Naval Fleet Brigade.
REAR ADMIRAL W. P. POTTER, U. S. NAVY, Marshal.

STAFF.

Lieutenant Commander R. McLean, U. S. N., Adjutant.
Paymaster S. McGowan, U. S. N., Commissary.
Surgeon L. W. Curtis, U. S. N., Surgeon.
Lieutenant D. A. Weaver, U. S. N., Signal Officer.
Lieutenant Commander L. C. Palmer, U. S. N., Quartermaster.
Ensign B. L. Canaga, U. S. N., Aid.

Provisional Regiment U. S. Marines. Lieutenant Colonel James E. Mahoney, U. S. M. C., Commanding.

First Division, U. S. Seamen.

Captain F. F. Fletcher, U. S. Navy, Commanding.

STAFF.

Lieutenant R. A. Dawes, U. S. N., Adjutant. Assistant Paymaster F. E. McMillan, Commissary. Assistant Surgeon, J. Flint, Surgeon. Midshipman R. T. Hanson, U. S. N. A., Aid.

First Battalion, U. S. S. "Connecticut." Lieutenant Y. Sterling, U. S. N., Commanding.

Second Battalion, U. S. S. "Vermont." Lieutenant L. M. Overstreet, U. S. N., Commanding.

Third Battalion, U. S. S. "Georgia." Lieutenant P. Washington, U. S. N., Commanding.

Fourth Battalion, U. S. S. "Louisiana." Lieutenant Commander W. D. MacDougall, U. S. N., Commanding.

Second Division, U. S. Seamen.

Captain F. E. Beatty, U. S. Navy, Commanding. Midshipman R. A. Theobold, U. S. N. A., Adjutant. Paymaster F. D. Insley, U. S. N., Commissary. P. A. Surgeon F. M. Bogan, U. S. N., Surgeon. Midshipman P. N. L. Bellinger, U. S. N. A., Aid.

First Battalion, U. S. S. "Wisconsin." Lieutenant Commander G. E. Gelm, U. S. N., Commanding.

Second Battalion, U. S. S. "Illinois." Lieutenant Commander H. A. Pearson, U. S. N., Commanding.

Third Battalion, U. S. S. "Kearsarge." Commander H. HALL, U. S. N., Commanding.

Fourth Battalion, U. S. S. "Kentucky." Lieutenant Commander H. A. Wiley, U. S. N., Commanding. Fifth Brigade.

District of Columbia National Guard.

Brigadier General GEORGE H. HARRIES, Marshal.

Lieutenant Colonel S. E. Smiley, U. S. A., Adjutant General.

STAFF.

Major George Henderson Major Edwin H. Neumeyer Major James E. Bell Major Henry H. Parmenter Major Alfred P. Robbins Major Wm. S. Hodges

Aids.

Captain Edward F. Riggs

Captain C. Fred Cook

Captain Andrew Parker

Band.

Second Infantry.
Colonel M. Emmer Urell, Commanding.

First Infantry.
Colonel Charles H. Ourand, Commanding.

Field Music.

First Separate Battalion Infantry.
Major Arthur Brooks, Commanding.

Signal Corps.
First Lieutenant C. M. Putnam, Commanding.

Naval Battalion.

Commander S. W. STRATTON, Commanding.

First Battery Field Artillery.

Captain Charles J. Fox, Commanding.

Ambulance Corps.

First Lieutenant Warren D. Fales, Commanding.

SECOND DIVISION.

GOVERNOR SIMEON S. PENNEWILL, of Delaware, Marshal. Brigadier General I. P. Wickersham, Chief of Staff.

STAFF.

Brig. Gen. T. C. du Pont Colonel J. E. Smith Colonel W. R. Messick Colonel G. W. Sparks Colonel A. B. Conner Colonel Thomas Curry Lieut. Col. W. E. Stover Major Wm. Marshall, Jr. Major A. R. Hart Brig. Gen. A. R. Benson
Colonel E. Mitchell
Colonel W. D. Denney
Colonel J. G. Townsend
Colonel G. A. Elliott
Lieut. Col. H. G. Cavenaugh, U.S.A.
Major E. G. Bradford, Jr.
Major W. G. Ramsay
Major C. A. Short

ESCORT.

First Delaware Infantry. Colonel Theodore Townsend, Commanding.

FIRST BRIGADE.

Governor EDWIN S. STUART, of Pennsylvania, Marshal. Brigadier General Thomas J. Stewart, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

Col. E. H. Ripple, A.A.G. Col. Edward Morrell, J.A.Gen. Col. A. J. Logan, Com. Gen. Col. F. G. Sweney, Inspector Gen. Col. Thomas Potter, Q. M. Gen. Lieut. Col. D. B. Shepp, A.Q.M.Gen.

Lieut. Col. H. L. Halderman, A. C. Gen Col. J. K. Weaver, Surg. Gen. Col. F. K. Patterson, Inspector G.R.P. Col. S. Potter, Chief of Ordnance

Aids.

Lieutenant Colonels James Elverson, Jr., H. C. Trexler, J. M. Reid, N. A. Flood, L. T. Brown, W. T. Bradley, James Archbald, Jr., L. E. Beitler, F. T. Pusey, C. A. Rook, J. W. Hutchins, J. R. Wiggins, O. S. Hershman.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Provisional Brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Brigadier General C. B. Dougherty, Commanding.

Staff of Third Pa. Brigade.

Band.

First Provisional Regiment (First Brigade). Colonel J. B. Coryell, 6th Pa. Infantry, Commanding.

Band.

Second Provisional Regiment (Second Brigade). Colonel F. I. RUTLEDGE, 18th Pa. Infantry, Commanding.

Band.

Third Provisional Regiment (Third Brigade). Colonel C. M. CLEMENT, 12th Pa. Infantry, Commanding.

NEW JERSEY.

First Troop of Cavalry.
Captain Wm. A. Bryant, Commanding.

GEORGIA.

Provisional Battalion, Companies K, M, 5th Regiment.
Captain Claude C. Smith, Commanding.

Company F, 3d Battalion Infantry, N. G., Ga. Captain J. C. Reese, Commanding.

Troop L, 2d Squadron Cavalry. Captain W. T. B. Wilson, Commanding.

Troop K, 2d Squadron Cavalry, Georgia Hussars. Captain J. C. Dempsey, Commanding.

CONNECTICUT.

Third Company, Coast Artillery Corps. Captain J. A. HAGBERG, Commanding.

SECOND BRIGADE.

GOVERNOR EBEN S. DRAPER, OF MASSACHUSETTS, Marshal. Brigadier General W. H. Brigham, Adjutant General, Chief of Staff.

STAFF.

Brig. Gen. J. G. White, Com. Gen.

Lieut. Col. Edward Glines, D.Q.M.G.

Major M. L. Cobb, A.G.

Brig. Gen. W. C. Rogers, J.A.Gen.

Major W. L. Sanborn, A.G.

AIDS.

Col. E. H. Eldridge, Lieut. Col. E. W. M. Bailey, Majors Ira, Vaughn, P. S. Sears, Guy Murchie, Talbot Aldrich, Captain E. L. Logan.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Provisional Brigade, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. Colonel William H. Oakes, Commanding.

STAFF.

Captain E. B. Pratt, A. A. G. Captain P. J. McNamara, Q. M. Captain J. D. Nichols, C. S.

Band.

Fifth Regiment Infantry. Colonel W. H. Oakes, Commanding.

Band.

Coast Artillery Corps.
Colonel C. P. Nutter, Commanding.

First Provisional Regiment Infantry. Colonel E. L. Sweetser, Commanding.

Band.

Second Provisional Regiment Infantry Lieutenant Colonel J. E. Spencer, Commanding.

Troop D, 1st Squadron Cavalry, dismounted. Captain C. A. Schmitz, Commanding.

Ambulance Section.
Captain Malcom Seymour.

THIRD BRIGADE.

GOVERNOR AUSTIN L. CROTHERS, of MARYLAND, Marshal. Major General Henry M. Warfield, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

H. M. Hutton, A. A. Gen.
C. A. Webb, Chief of Ordnance.
T. C. Linthicum, J. A. Gen.
G. F. Randolph, Q. M. Gen.
A. D. McConachie, Sur. Gen.

AIDS.

Colonels W. W. Cator, J. H. Joyce, C. H. Conley, John Keating, C. W. Field, C. T. Leviness, Jr., S. L. Jenkins, I. M. Parr.

MARYLAND.

First Brigade, Maryland National Guard. Brigadier General Lawrason Riggs, Commanding.

STAFF.

Colonel C. D. Gaither, A.G. Major J. W. Shirley, C. Q. M.

Major Alexius McGlannan, Chief Surg. Major S. J. Fort, Q. O. and I. S. A. P.

Band.

First Infantry.
Colonel Charles A. Little, Commanding.

Band.

Fourth Infantry.
Colonel Charles F. Macklin, Commanding.

Band.

Fifth Infantry.
Colonel C. B. CLOTWORTHY, Commanding.

First Separate Company.
Captain W. R. Spencer, Commanding.

First Separate Company Coast Artillery.
Captain S. B. Austin, Commanding.

Band.

Naval Brigade.
Commander F. H. Wagner, Commanding.

Troop A. Captain C. L. Rogers, Commanding.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

First Battalion, Third Infantry, N. G., S. C. Lieutenant Colonel Julius E. Cogswell, Commanding.

VIRGINIA.

Battalion Richmond Light Infantry Blues, Va. Vols. Major E. W. Bowles, Commanding.

- 1st Battalion, 1st Infantry, Virginia Volunteers.
 Major Hunsdon Cary, Commanding.
- 3d Battalion, 1st Infantry, Virginia Volunteers. Lieut. Colonel R. E. CRAIGHILL, Commanding.
- Battery C, 1st Battalion, F. A. Virginia Vols. (dismounted). Captain H. A. Brinkley, Commanding.

THIRD DIVISION.

GOVERNOR CHARLES E. HUGHES, OF NEW YORK, Marshal.
Brigadier General Nelson H. Henry, Chief of Staff.

STAFF.

Major G. C. Treadwell Major O. B. Bridgeman Major Elliot Bigelow Captain C. A. Simmons Captain W. R. Fearn Captain E. H. Tracy Captain H. K. Brown 1st Lieut. G. B. Rich, Jr. Major C. J. Wolf Major A. H. Dyett Major R. L. Foster Captain Charles Healy Captain J. H. Ingraham Captain L. W. Stotesbury Captain D. J. Hogan 1st Lieut. F. M. Crossett

Commander R. P. Forshew.

MOUNTED ESCORT.

First Company, Signal Corps, N. G., N. Y. 1st Lieutenant T. W. Baldwin, Commanding.

First Brigade—Third Division.
Colonel Daniel Appleton, 7th Regiment, N. G., N. Y., Marshal.

NEW YORK.

Band.

Seventh Regiment Infantry, National Guard, N. Y. Colonel Daniel Appleton, Commanding.

Band.

Provisional Regiment Infantry, National Guard, N. Y. Colonel C. H. Hitchcock, Commanding.

RHODE ISLAND.

Rhode Island Naval Battalion.

—— Commanding.

VERMONT.

GOVERNOR H. PROUTY, OF VERMONT. Brigadier General H. GILMOE, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

Surgeon General D. C. Noble

Judge Advocate Gen. D. L. Morgan

Aids.

Colonels C. E. Nelson, J. E. Piddock, W. M. Hatch, W. D. Nutting, E. P. Woodbury, Major A. H. Grout.

SECOND BRIGADE.

GOVERNOR JUDSON HARMON, OF OHIO, Marshal. Brigadier General C. C. WEYBRECHT, Chief of Staff.

STAFF.

Colonel J. M. Reiger Major Joseph Hall Major R. D. Palmer Captain G. H. Wood Major J. W. Smith Major Hugh Runkle Captain W. W. Schwaab Captain P. B. Moneypeny

Captain F. M. Fanning and Escort:

Troop B, Ohio National Guard. Captain R. W. Knauss, Commanding.

OHIO.

Band.

8th Infantry, Ohio National Guard. Colonel Edward Vollrath, Commanding.

Band.

7th Infantry, Ohio National Guard. Colonel Harry D. Knox, Commanding.

Band.

1st Infantry, Ohio National Guard. Colonel Charles F. Hake, Commanding.

LOUISIANA.

GENERAL JARED Y. SANDERS, OF LOUISIANA.

STAFF.

General David Stafford General J. J. Thompson Colonel C. H. Ellis Colonel J. K. Ridgely General F. F. Myles Colonel J. D. Corgnois Colonel John Saxon Colonel S. L. Powlett Colonel J. F. Watson Colonel R. E. Demontluzin Colonel S. T. Woodring Major Lynn Dinkins Major J. Marks Major C. Roussel Major C. G. Lebarre

Colonel P. Powenthal Colonel T. W. Dantziger Major John Summerlin Major A. W. Berdon Major Lanier Leneve Major Clarence Murphy Major C. S. Tift

Major Peter Fabacher

INDIANA.

Company B, 1st Infantry, Indiana National Guard. Captain B. E. Wimer, Commanding.

MISSISSIPPI.

GOVERNOR E. F. NOEL, OF MISSISSIPPI.

STAFF.

Maj. Gen. S. R. Keesler Colonel E. H. Woods Colonel G. L. Donald Major C. J. vSeutter Major J. D. Sharbrough Brig. Gen. Arthur Fridge Colonel E. N. Scudder Major W. M. Wood Major Carl Williams Major C. G. Nichols

ILLINOIS.

GOVERNOR CHARLES S. DENEEN, OF ILLINOIS. Major General T. W. Scott, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

Col. Chauncey Dewey, Inspector Gen. Col. E. R. Bliss, Judge Advo. Gen.

AIDS.

Colonel Randolph Smith Colonel J. R. Thompson Captain J. H. Lewman Lieut. O. T. McClurg Colonel B. A. Eckart Colonel R. C. Copley Captain Abel Davis Lieut, A. O. Booth

MAINE.

Co. A, 1st Infantry, N. G. S. M. (Portland Light Infantry). Captain Frank E. Cummins, Commanding.

Co. M, 1st Infantry, N. G. S. M. (Cleaves Rifles). Captain HARRY L. LOWELL, Commanding.

MISSOURI.

GOVERNOR HERBERT S. HADLEY, of MISSOURI. Brigadier General F. M. RUMBOLD, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

Colonels M. Shoenberg, E. L. Preetorius, M. J. Collins, L. T. Hay, J. A. Laird, W. I. Diffenderfer, C. D. Mathews, C. W. Thomas, G. H. Robinson, F. P. Clements, P. E. Mullen, F. W. Karling, C. H. Haskell, C. C. Wolff, C. G. Buffum, L. W. Kelley, L. C. Dyer.

MINNESOTA.

Company B, 1st Infantry, M. N. G. Captain E. D. Luce, Commanding.

IDAHO.

GOVERNOR J. H. BRADY, OF IDAHO. STAFF.

NEW MEXICO.

MILITARY STAFF OF GOVERNOR.

Brig. Gen. R. A. FORD, Adjutant General.

Colonel E. C. Offut Captain W. C. Porterfield

Captain L. W. Ilfeld

INDEPENDENT MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS. Band.

Worcester Continentals, of Worcester, Mass. Lieut. Colonel W. A. Lytle, Commanding.

Washington Light Infantry, of Pittsburg, Pa. Captain WILLIAM KLEIN, Commanding.

Military Cadet Brigade.
Drum Corps.

Grove City College Battalion of Cadets. First Lieut. W. A. CASTLE, U. S. Army, Commanding.

Band.

Georgia Military Academy. Colonel J. Q. Nash, Commanding.

Donald Fraser Military Academy, Georgia.

Major J. M. Fray, Commanding.

Band.

St. John's College Cadet Corps, Maryland. Cadet Major EDWIN WARFIELD, JR., Commanding.

Maryland Agricultural College Corps of Cadets.

Captain Edgar T. Couley, U. S. Army, Commanding.

Band.

Virginia Military Institute Corps of Cadets. Captain M. M. Mills, U. S. Army, Commanding.

Band.

St. John's School Military Cadets, New York. Colonel Wm. Verbeck, Commanding.

Miami Military Institute Company of Cadets, Ohio. Cadet Major L. F. Hobart, Jr., Commanding.

Shepherd College Cadet Corps, W. Va. Captain J. G. Knutti, W. Va. N. G., Commanding.

Philippine Constabulary Band.

Washington High School Cadets, D. C. Colonel Burton R. Ross, Commanding,

Washington High School Cadets (Separate Battalion).

Major CLYDE McDuffie, Commanding.

Band.

Gray Invincibles, of Philadelphia, Pa. Captain S. B. Hart, Commanding.

CIVIC GRAND DIVISION.

Marshal's Escort, Americus Club of Pittsburg, Pa. Major H. W. McIntosн, Commanding.

THOMAS P. MORGAN, Chief Marshal.

W. T. GALLIHER, Chief of Staff.

L. S. Brown, Adjutant General.

WALTER H. KLOPFER, Assistant Adjutant General.

ALAN O. CLEPHANE, Judge Advocate General.

CHAS. H. L. JOHNSTON, Inspector General.

JAMES L. MARSHALL, Quartermaster General.

WILLIAM F. GUDE, Commissary General.

CHAS. F. CUMMINS, Chief Aid.

AIDS.

(Escort of Civic Grand Division.)

Citizens' Taft Club, of Cincinnati, Ohio.
ROBT. B. REYNOLDS, Commanding.

Conkling Unconditionals, of Utica, N. Y. Major Arthur W. Pickard, Commanding.

Sherman Scouts, of Utica, N. Y. Capt. Frank S. Judson, Commanding.

FIRST DIVISION.

JOHN F. O'NEIL, Marshal.

FRANK C. ROACH, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

AIDS.

First Brigade—First Division.

Colonel JOSEPH C. BONNER, Marshal.

Colonel Myron C. Cox, Adjutant General.

STAFF. Aids.

Young Men's Blaine Republican Club, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

John Proctor, Commanding.

Republican Glee Club, of Columbus, Ohio. Colonel George D. Freeman, Commanding.

Uniform Rank, Knights of the Maccabees, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Major General Wm. H. Sletzer, Commanding.

Buckeye Republican Club, of Columbus, Ohio.

Major Wm. H. Duffy, Commanding.

Second Brigade—First Division.

Hon. W. C. WITHERBEE, Marshal.

E. W. Bradford, Adjutant General.

STAFF. AIDS.

Republican County Committee, of New York City.
Hon. Herbert Parsons, Commanding.

Delegation from New Brighton, N. Y. Hon. George Cromwell, Commanding.

Syracuse Republican Escort.

Major James Arthur Warner, Commanding.

Theatrical Republican Club, of New York City.
——, Commanding.

Taft and Sherman Gun Squad, Batavia, N. Y. WM. H. McBride, Commanding.

THIRD BRIGADE—FIRST DIVISION.

MAJOR FR:ANK McCOMB, Marshal. HERMAN W. KLEIN, Adjutant General. STAFF. AIDS.

The Young Men's Republican Tariff Club, of Pittsburg, Pa.

Major Frank McComb, Commanding.

Captain E. D. Frebertshauser.

John E. Reyburn Republican Club, of Philadelphia, Pa. Wm. S. Vare, Commanding.

The John Macleary Marching Club, of Philadelphia, Pa. Hon. John Macleary, Commanding.

18th Ward Marching Club, of Philadelphia, Pa. ISAAC D. HETZELL, Commanding.

Twentieth Century Republican Club, of Philadelphia, Pa. Louis Hutt, Commanding.

The Lincoln Republican Club, of New Brighton, Pa. Harry W. Blount, Commanding.

Uniform Rank, Knights of the Maccabees, of Allegheny, Pa. Harry A. Matters, Commanding.

Temperance Pioneer Corps, of South Bethlehem, Pa. Capt. Owen R. Doyle, Commanding.

SECOND DIVISION.

WM. H. YERKES, Marshal.
Bernard T. Janney, Adjutant General.
Staff.
Aids.

First Brigade—Second Division.
W. HART DEXTER, Marshal.
E. P. Hazleton, Adjutant General.
Staff.
Aids.

Union County Republican Club, of Elizabeth, N. J. Hamilton F. Kean, Commanding.

Veteran Zouaves, of Elizabeth, N. J. Brig. Gen. J. Madison Drake, Commanding, as Escort to the foregoing club.

Frelinghuysen Lancers Association, of Newark, N. J. Major Wm. L. Blanchard, Commanding.

Garrett Hobart Association, of Newark, N. J. Captain Wm. Weigel, Commanding.

National Volunteer Emergency Service, of Hoboken, N. J. Wolfgang Goetz, M. D., Commanding.

Residents of Boonton, N. J. Chas. F. Hopkins, Commanding.

SECOND BRIGADE—SECOND DIVISION.

CHAS. T. LINDSEY, Marshal.

THEODORE SCHONDAU, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

AIDS.

Original Roosevelt Club, of St. Paul, Minn. George K. Sheppard, Commanding.

Minneapolis Republican Flambeau Club, Minneapolis, Minn. J. G. Malmstedt, Commanding.

Uncle Sam's Club, of Buffalo, N. Y. Colonel Wm. J. Henk, Commanding.

Roosevelt Neighbors, of Nassau County. Chas. F. Lewis, Commanding.

Hose Company of Nassau, Freeport, N. Y. Foreman Archer B. Wallace, Commanding.

Active Hook and Ladder Company, of Cobleskill, N. Y. Howard Moore, Commanding.

Phelps Guards, of Paterson, N. J. Major Philip C. Crew, Commanding.

Taft Phalanx, of Chicago. Lewis J. Behan, Commanding. United German Societies of the District of Columbia.

MARTIN WIEGAND, Commanding.

THIRD BRIGADE—SECOND DIVISION.

CHAS. P. SWETT, Marshal.

THAD B. SARGENT, Adjutant General.

STAFF.

AIDS.

Taft Club, of Georgia. WARREN EDWARDS, Commanding.

Taft and Sherman Club, of Phoebus, Va. Col. G. P. Austin, Commanding.

National Junior Republic, of Annapolis Junction, Md. Geo. G. Gill, Commanding.

Uniform Ranks, Knights of Pythias, of Baltimore, Md. Capt. W. A. McCleary, Commanding.

Boys of Woodcraft, of Washington, D. C. Major Geo. Sunday, Commanding.

United Boys' Brigade of America. Colonel J. Jarvis Butler, Commanding.

Charleroi Cadets, Boys' Brigade, Charleroi, Pa.

———, Commanding.

Bradley Marching Club, of Louisville, Ky. M. H. Thatcher, Commanding.

Full Blood Creek Indians. Chief Eufaula Harjo, Commanding.

THIRD DIVISION.

E. D. WILLISTON, Marshal. Hon. W. T. Vernon, Chief of Staff. Staff.

AIDS.

FIRST BRIGADE.

COLONEL P. H. CARSON, Marshal. GEO. W. ROBINSON, Chief of Staff. STAFF. Blaine Invincible Club. Knights of St. John.

SECOND BRIGADE.

Hon. J. MILTON TURNER, Marshal. A. W. G. Sango, Chief of Staff. Staff.

Jenkins Orphanage Band.
Robt. H. Keys Marching Club.
Republican Club, Richmond.

THIRD BRIGADE.

Wibecan Republican Club, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Israel W. Durham Club, of Philadelphia, Pa. Drew's B. B. B. Regiment.



Report of Committee on Finance

MILTON E. AILES, Chairman
CHARLES H. BOYNTON, Vice-Chairman
J. EDWARD BATES, Vice-Chairman
GEORGE O. VASS, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman of the Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

I have the honor to submit herewith the report of the Committee on Finance. It was the first duty of this Committee to raise the Inaugural Guarantee Fund. Subscription books for this purpose were opened December 11, 1908. Subscriptions were made payable one half on December 15, 1908, and the remainder January 15, 1909. The fund raised was the largest in the history of inaugural functions and aggregated \$86,720. All subscriptions were paid in full. The number of subscribers was 288, as shown by accompanying list.

Under the rules governing the work of the Committee on Finance, it was its duty to supervise the sale of ball, supper and concert tickets. Ball tickets were placed on sale at various central points throughout the city as early as February 10, 1909. The following banks, hotels, and business houses rendered valuable service in the distribution and sale of these tickets:

American National Bank Columbia National Bank Commercial National Bank Crane, Parris & Co. Lincoln National Bank Merchants and Mechanics Savings Bank National Metropolitan Bank National Capital Bank National Bank of Washington Riggs National Bank Second National Bank American Security & Trust Co. Union Trust Co. United States Trust Co. Washington Loan & Trust Co. S. Kann, Sons & Co. Woodward & Lothrop Berry & Whitmore Galt & Bro. Harris & Shafer Co. R. Harris & Co. Shaw & Brown Co.

Arlington Hotel Cairo Hotel Cochran Hotel Ebbitt House Hamilton Hotel Metropolitan Hotel New Willard Hotel National Hotel The Portland Raleigh Hotel Riggs House The Shoreham St. James Hotel Cosmos Club Metropolitan Club E. F. Droop & Sons Sanders & Stayman T. Arthur Smith F. G. Smith Piano Co. Thompson's Pharmacy D. J. Kaufman Henry J. Goodman

Concert tickets were placed on sale at the offices of Sanders & Stayman, T. Arthur Smith, E. F. Droop & Sons and the F. G. Smith Piano Company.

The receipts under the jurisdiction of the Finance Committee were as follows:

Inaugural Guarantee Fund	\$86,720.00
Ball Tickets	44.840.00
Supper Tickets	1.603.50
Concert Tickets	14,243.50
Souvenirs	282.40
Cash admission to ball	5.00
Cash admissions to supper	18.00
Total	\$147,712.40

In addition to the above receipts there have been turned over to the Treasurer the following sums from the

Committee	on	Reviewing	Stands	 \$32,237.95
Committee	on	Programs		 1,251.17
Total				 \$33,489.12

The subject of expenditures does not fall under the supervision of the Finance Committee, appropriations being governed by the Inaugural Committee itself. It is presumed, therefore, that the Treasurer of the Committee will make a report covering disbursements. It having been apparent, however, that receipts exceeded expenditures by about \$6,000, the Inaugural Committee, on March 18, 1909, authorized the return of the Inaugural Guarantee Fund. Checks covering this amount were mailed to subscribers on March 19, 1909.

The thanks of the Finance Committee are due to its Vice-Chairman, Mr. Chas. H. Boynton, for valuable services rendered in connection with the Inaugural Guarantee Fund; to its Vice-Chairman, Mr. J. E. Bates, Public Accountant, for skillful and invaluable work in the distribution and sale of ball, supper and concert tickets and in the handling of accounts, this being Mr. Bates' fourth engagement in Inaugural work of this kind; to the Secretary of the Committee. Mr. George O. Vass; to the competent force of ticket sellers and ticket takers organized by Mr. Avon Nevius and Mr. Boyd Taylor; and to Mr. William P. Van Wickle, Vice-President of the F. G. Smith Piano Company, who courteously loaned the Committee the use of a large automobile during the entire day and evening of March 4, 1909. The Committee takes pleasure in acknowledging the valuable services of the above, to whom is due much of the credit for accomplishing satisfactory results more or less difficult to attain in the face of bad weather conditions.

Very respectfully yours,

MILTON E. AILES, Chairman Committee on Finance.

Subscribers to the Inaugural Guarantee Fund

Dr. George N. Acker, 913 16th St.	\$50
Byron S. Adams, 512 11th St	100
C. F. Adams, Treasury Department	25
Milton E. Ailes, Riggs' National Bank	1,000
American Ice Company, 1437 Penna. Ave	250
Larz Anderson, 2118 Mass. Ave	500
R. P. Andrews Paper Co., 627-29 Louisiana Ave	200
Thos. H. Anderson, 1531 New Hampshire Ave	50
Arlington Bottling Co., 27th and K Sts., N. W	300
Arms and Drury, 1311 G St., N. W	1,000
James Baird, care of Fuller Construction Co., Munsey Building	200
George F. Baker, First National Bank, New York,	
through Mr. Boynton	1,000
Becker's Leather Goods Co., 1324-26 F St., N. W	200
Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, care of Chas. J. Bell	500
Browning and Baines, Inc., 316 Penna. Ave., N. W.	100
N. L. Burchell, 1325 F St., N. W.	100
James A. Cahill, 1308 F St., N. W.	100
Jno. Callahan, care of Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Co.	100
Steamboat Co. Andrew Carnegie, Home Tr. Co., Hoboken, N. J.,	
through Mr. Boynton	1,000
David S. Carll, 1639 Park Road	50
Capital Traction Co., 36th & M Sts., N. W	1,000
S. B. Chapin, New York, care of Hibbs and Co.,	1,000
Chesapeake & Potomac Tel. Co., 722 12th St	500
Columbia Typographical Union, No. 101, 423 G	300
St., N. W	100
Consolidated Coal Co., Foot 30th St	250
Hon. L. A. Coolidge, Treasury Dept.	25
James W. Corcoran, 1415 G St., N. W.	100
G. G. Cornwell and Son, 1412 Penna Ave	500
W. V. Cox, 2d National Bank	100
Charles H. Cragin, 321 41/2 St., N. W	25
H. D. Crampton, care of Capital Traction Co., 36th and M Sts.	50
Sidney Bieber, 630 G St., S. E.	100
Gist Blair, Cocoran Building	250
Blair and Thom, Colorado Building	250
George Blumental, of New York, through Chas. H.	
Boynton	1,000

FINAL REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN

W. J. Boardman, 1801 P St., N. W	500
Scott C. Bone, care of Washington Herald	500
A. Brand, 412 Munsey Building	20
Frank S. Bright, Colorado Building	100
Alexander Britton, 1419 F St., N. W.	200
Aldis B. Brown, 1419 F St., N. W.	200
Chapin Brown, 323 John Marshall Place	100
S. Thomas Brown, 3072 M St., N. W.	100
Charles J. Bell, Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co	1,000
Maj. James E. Bell, P. O. Station A	25
J. E. Berry, 1354 C St., N. W	25
Berry and Whitmore Co., 11th & F Sts.	100
C. K. Berryman, care of Evening Star	50
Nathan Bickford, 1425 New York Ave	IC
Cranford Paving Co., 2620 E St., N. W.	100
Judge Wm. H. DeLacy, Juvenile Court	20
John T. Devine, The Shoreham	500
R. A. Dore, 1617 L St., N. W	50
Wm. F. Downey, 1622 L St., N. W	100
E. F. Droop and Sons Co., 925 Penna. Ave	250
Abner Drury Brewing Co., 25th & F Sts., N. W	500
H. Rozier Dulany, 1320 F St., N. W	500
Dulin and Martin Co., 1215 F St., N. W	100
G. Thomas Dunlop, Fendall Building	200
Duparquet, Huot & Moneuse Co., 1420 Penna. Ave.	100
Earnshaw and Leary, 119-23 1st St., S. W	50
The Ebbitt House, 14th & F Sts., N. W	500
John Joy Edson, Wash. Loan & Tr. Co	1,000
Eiseman Bros., 7th and E Sts., N. W	200
Wm. Corcoran Eustis, Lafayette Square	250
B. Baker Evans, 631 Penna. Ave	25
George W. Evans, Interior Dept.	25
John O. Evans, 1424 New York Ave	100
The Evening Star Newspaper Co., 11th St. and	
Penna. Äve.	1,000
W. W. Finley, 2019 Mass. Ave., N. W	100
Victor G. Fischer, 527 15th St., N. W.	50
Fitch, Fox and Brown, 1406 G St., N. W	100
Henry H. Flather, Riggs' National Bank	100
William J. Flather, Riggs' National Bank	500
George E. Fleming, care of Union Trust Co	100
Franklin and Co., 1203 F St., N. W.	20
Daniel Fraser, 1626 P St., N. W	1,000
Ford and Graham, 609 15th St., N. W	.50
Percy C. Foster, 1327 F St., N. W	O' 1
A. F. Fox, Columbia National Bank	100
George A Fuller Co. Munsey Building	500

H. W. Fuller, C. & O. Ry., 1339 F St	25
Maj. Thos. M. Gale, 738 15th St., N. W	500
Galt and Bro., 1107 Penna. Ave	100
E. H. Gary, of New York, through Chas. H.	
Boynton	1,000
Georgetown Gas Light Co., 1118 29th St	500
Geo. Gibson, 1238 Penna. Ave., N. W.	50
G. L. Gillespie, 1533 New Hampshire Ave	50
Charles C. Glover, Riggs' National Bank	1,000
M. Goldenberg, 7th and K Sts	500
Jas. E. Goodkey, 2402 G St., N. W	5
Green Clay Goodloo, 1103 16th St., N. W	50
Thomas F. Graham, 2410 18th St., N. W	100
Bernard R. Green, care of Library of Congress	100
James M. Green, 1336 New York Ave., N. W	500
Gilbert H. Grosvenor, care of Nat. Geographic Soc.,	
16th and M Sts.	100
Wm. Hahn and Co., 7th and K Sts.	. 100
W. F. Ham, 14th and East Capitol Sts.	50
John Hays Hammond, 71 Broadway, New York, through Mr. Boynton	T 000
Geo. E. Hamilton, 1751 New Hampshire Ave	1,000 500
Walter S. Harban, 1212 Mass. Ave., N. W	500
Gen. Geo. H. Harries, care of W. Ry. & E. Co.,	300
14th and East Capitol Streets	100
R. Harris & Co., 400 7th St	25
Harris and Shafer Co., 1113 Penna. Ave	200
Harris, Winthrop & Co., through W. B. Hibbs	
and Co.	1,000
The Harvey Co., Inc., 11th St. and Penna. Ave	100
Hecht and Co., 515 7th St	250
Hon. John J. Hemphill, 319-22 Wash. Loan and	
Tr. Bldg.	100
Hon. J. B. Henderson, 16th and Fla. Ave.	500
R. W. & J. B. Henderson, Inc., 1109 F St.	100
J. T. Hendrick, 715 14th St., N. W.	1,000
E. R. Hendley, Treasury Dept.	10
Frank C. Henry, 703 15th St., N. W.	100
A. Barton Hepburn, of New York, through Chas. H. Boynton	500
John E. Herrell, 316 Penna. Ave., S. E	500
Christian Heurich, 1307 New Hampshire Ave., N.W.	100
W. B. Hibbs, 723 15th St., N. W	1,000
Wm. Corcoran Hill, 1502 H St., N. W	1,000
James J. Hill, New York, through Chas. H. Boyn-	100
ton	1,000
W. H. Hoeke, 801 Penna. Ave.	50
James F. Hood, Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co	250

FINAL REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN

II. ID 1 C . M. 1.	
Hoover and Denham, Center Market	100
Wm. D. Hoover, Nat. Savings and Trust Co	100
Lewis Hopfenmaier, 10th and C Sts., N. W	100
Thomas S. Hopkins, Hibbs Building	100
Richard R. Hornor, 6th and D Sts., N. W.	25
House and Hermann, 901 7th St	100
George Howard, 1008 16th St., N. W	100
Hon. Geo. F. Huff, 1600 New Hampshire Ave	1,000
Thos. Hyde, 1537 28th St., N. W	500
Hydraulic Press Brick Co., Colorado Bldg	25
International Banking Corporation, 1414 F St	1,000
Hennen Jennings, 2221 Mass. Ave	500
James M. Johnston, 1628 S St.	200
Lewis Johnson and Co., 1319 F St., N. W	1,000
O. H. P. Johnson, 1312 F St.	100
Gen. John A. Johnston, 2111 Mass. Ave	200
Eldridge E. Jordan, Merchants and Mechanics	
Savings Bank	200
A. F. Jorss, 315 13th St., N. W	100
S. Kann, Sons and Co., 8th St. and Penna. Ave	1,000
D. J. Kaufman, The Man's Store	200
Hon. Wm. P. Kellogg, The Shoreham	100
J. Miller Kenyon, Colorado Bldg	1,000
Tucker and Kenyon, Colorado Bldg	250
Dr. Richard Kingsman, 711 East Capitol St	100
Wm. G. Kinsman, 708 14th St., N. W	20
Geo. W. Knox Express Co., 1417 Penna. Ave	100
James B. Lambie, 1415 New York Ave., N. W	100
Lansburgh Bros., 420-6 7th St., N. W	1,000
Julius Lansburgh, 512 9th St.	50
John S. Larcombe, 808 17th St., N. W	100
John B. Larner, 501-3 Wash. Loan & Tr. Bldg	100
Ralph W. Lee, 1406 G St., N. W.	100
Wm. P. Lipscomb & Co., 1405 F St., N. W	300
A. Lisner 11th and G Sts. N. W	500
Adolph Loehl, 15th and G Sts., N. W.	250
A. M. Lothrop, 11th and F Sts., N. W	1,000
Daniel Loughran, 1347 E St., N. W	50
H. B. F. Macfarland, District Bldg	50
J. Nota McGill, Woodley Lane	100
F. B. McGuire, 1333 Conn. Ave.	100
James H. McKenney, 1523 Rhode Island Ave	100
Wm. A. McKenney, Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co	50
William H. McKnew Co., 933 Penna. Ave	100
A. M. McLachlen, 10th and G Sts	100
Geo. X. McLanahan, Union Tr. Bldg	100
John R McLean 1500 H St	1.000

John H. Magruder, 1000 Conn. Ave.	100
Wm. F. Mattingly, 435 7th St	50
F. P. May and Co., 634 Penna. Ave.	100
W. K. Mendenhall, The Portner	25
Eugene Meyer, Jr., New York, through Mr. Boyn-	
ton	1,000
Gen. Anson Mills, 2 Dupont Circle	200
W. E. Montgomery, 1743 Rhode Island Ave	25
Moore and Hill, 1333 G St	100
Moore and Schley, 80 Broadway, New York	
through Lewis Johnson & Co	1,000
Thos. P. Morgan, 1333 F St., N. W.	100
Wm. Gerry Morgan, The Rochambeau	50
Edward A. Moseley, Interstate Com. Com	25
George W. Moss, 1411 G St., N. W.	25
W. B. Moses and Sons, 11th and F Sts., N. W	1,000
Hon. Lawrence O. Murray, Comp. of Currency	25
Nat'l Electrical Supply Co., 1330 New York Ave	500
Nat'l Capital Brewing Co., 1337 D St., S. E	500
Nat'l Hotel, City	500
P. J. Nee Co., 743-5 7th St	50
Norfolk & Wash. Steamboat Co., 7th St. and	
Wharves	250
Clarence F. Norment, Nat'l Bank of Wash	1,000
Harry Norment, McGill Building	500
James L. Norris, 5th and F Sts., N. W.	100
Howard S. Nyman, 1406 21st St., N. W.	100
G. W. Offutt, 3209-11 M St.	100
Robert C. Ogden, care of Chas. H. Boynton	500
Wm. J. Oliver, Knoxville, Tenn.	50
Wm. B. Orme, 1623 26th St., N. W.	25
Jas. F. Oyster, 900 Penna. Ave.	100
Audrew Parker, Work Loan and Tr. Co.	100
Andrew Parker, Wash. Loan and Tr. Co	100
Myron M. Parker, 1418 F St.	500
A. K. Parris, 604 14th St.	100
James L. Parsons, 616 Union Tr. Bldg.	100
George W. Perkins, New York, through Mr. Boynton	1,000
H. C. Perkins, 1701 Conn. Ave.	500
R. Ross Perry, Fendall Building	100
Duncan C. Phillips, 1600 21st St., N. W	100
M. Phillipsborn and Co., 608-14 11th St., N. W	
Gifford Pinchot, 1615 Rhode Island Ave.	250 200
Arthur G. Plant, 714 14th St., N. W.	500
D. S. Porter, 722 12th St., N. W	100
Postal Telegraph Cable Co., 1345 Penna. Ave	500
	.700

FINAL REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN

Post and Flagg, 15 Broad St., New York, through Lewis Johnson and Co.	1.000
Samuel J. Prescott, 814 13th St	1,000
The Raleigh, 12th St. and Penna. Ave.	50
E. & C. Randolph, New York, through W. B.	1,000
Hibbs & Co.	1,000
W. H. Rapley, New National Theatre	100
Charles Rauscher, 1036 Conn. Ave	50
Norman B. Roam, of New York, through Chas. H. Boynton	500
Frank P. Reeside, 1003 F St., N. W	100
Hugh Reilly, 1334 New York Ave.	100
B. Rich's Sons, 1001 F St., N. W.	50
W. F. Roberts Co., 1413 New York Ave	100
Cuno H. Rudolph, 1332 New York Ave	250
Albert B. Ruff, Nat. Bank of Wash.	25
George P. Sacks, 2301 1st St. N. W	100
Saks and Co., 7th and Penna. Ave	500
James A. Sample, Treasury Dept.	20
Franklin T. Sanner, 18th St. and Columbia Road	100
B. F. Saul, 7th and L Sts., N. W	200
James H. Saville, 1420 17th St., N. W	25
Emil G. Schafer, 424 11th St., N. W.	100
A. R. Serven, 1419 F St., N. W	25
J. Albert Shaffer, Star Building	25
James F. Shea, 643 Louisiana Ave.	100
N. H. Shea, 632 Penna. Ave., N. W	100
The Shoomaker Co., 1331 E St., N. W	100
R. D. Simms, care of Capital Traction Co	100
J. H. Small and Sons, 14th and G Sts., N. W	500
B. F. Smith, Fire Proof Construction Co., Pope	
Building	10
F. G. Smith Piano Co., 1225 Penna. Ave.	250
Odell S. Smith, 631 Penna. Ave.	100
Thos. W. Smith, 1st St. & Indiana Ave., N. W	100
A. S. Solomons, 1203 K St., N. W.	50
Gen. Ellis Spear, 1003 F St.	100
O. G. Staples, Riggs House	500
E. T. Stotesbury, 5th and Chestnut Sts., Phila., through Mr. Boynton	1,000
Edward J. Stellwagen, Union Trust Co	1,000
Louis Stern, of New York, through Chas. H.	500
Boynton f Commercial National	500
Frederick C. Stevens, care of Commercial National	# 00
Bank	500
Joseph Strasburger, 310-2 7th St., N. W.	200
Swartzell, Rheem & Hensey, 727 15th St., N. W	500
Swayze, Bailey & Co., 814 F St., N. W	100

Inaugural Committee, March, 1909

Robert H. Terrell, 911 G St., N. W	25
Hugh A. Thrift, 1405 New York Ave	25
To-Kalon Wine Co., 614 14th St	50
Charles E. Tribby, 703 15th St.	100
Geo. Truesdell, 1627 Lincoln Ave., N. E	500
Underwood Typewriter Co., 1206 F St., N. W	200
Frank A. Vanderlip, of New York, through Mr. Boynton	1,000
Hon. W. T. Vernon, Reg. of the Treasury	25
Thomas F. Walsh, Colorado Bldg	1,000
Harry Wardman, 1333 G St., N. W	500
B. H. Warner, 916 F St	100
Washington Gas Light Co., 413 10th St., N. W	1,000
The Washington Herald	1,000
The Washington Post	1,000
Wash. Ry. and Elec. Co., 14th and E. Cap. Sts., N. E.	1,000
The Washington Times	1,000
F. P. Weller, 755 8th St., S. E	50
Joseph I. Weller, 602 F St., N. W	50
Western Union Telegraph Co., 1401 F St., N. W	500
Charles E. White, Nat. Bank of Wash.	25
Geo. W. White, National Metropolitan Bank	100
Oscar W. White, 1116 F St., N. W	100
F. J. Whitehead, 14th & East Capitol Sts	10
Jerome J. Wilber, 416 Bond Bldg.	25
Henry A. Willard, 1416 F St	100
H. K. Willard, 1416 F St	100
The New Willard, 14th St. and Pa. Ave	1,000
Willard and Reed, 1416 F St	100
Dr. W. H. Wilmor, 1610 I St., N. W	100
Jesse B. Wilson, care of Lincoln Nat. Bank	50
Levi Woodbury, 11 Iowa Circle	250
Gen. Maxwell V. Z. Woodhull, 2033 G St., N. W	300
S. W. Woodward, 11th and F Sts., N. W	1,000
F. W. Woolworth & Co., 406 7th St., N. W	25
Hugo Worch, 1110 G St., N. W	50
A. S. Worthington, 416 5th St.	100
John W. Yerkes, 412 5th St., N. W	100



Report of Reception Committee

THEODORE W. Noyes, Chairman JOHN JOY EDSON, Vice-Chairman BEALE R. HOWARD, Secretary

MR. E. J. STELLWAGEN,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,
The New Willard, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

The Reception Committee was organized on the same general basis as in the past, its membership being divided into an official section and a general or non-official section. In the official section were the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Appeals of the District, the Supreme Court of the District and the Court of Claims; the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, representatives of the two houses of Congress; representatives of the Army and the Navy, and the officers and members of the Republican National Committee. The general section of the committee included men of affairs in the District and distinguished citizens of the States. Service on the committee was accepted in a gratifying spirit of co-operation. who were requested to perform special duties responded promptly and acted with praiseworthy zeal to the end of ensuring the success of the plans of extending courtesies to distinguished guests, entrusted by the Inaugural Committee

to the Reception Committee. Those members who were not particularly assigned attended the ball in large number and rendered useful services in contributing to the pleasure and comfort of the visitors and guests.

GOVERNORS.

Twenty governors announced their intention of attending the inauguration and provisions were made for their reception upon arrival and the extension of courtesies to them in the name of the Inaugural Committee. Escorts were assigned to each of these governors, and acting under instructions from the Chairman of the Reception Committee they placed themselves in communication with the prospective visitors. The escorts thus named were as follows:

Mr. Henry P. Blair, for Governor H. B. Quinby, of N. H. Mr. M. M. Parker, for Governor G. H. Prouty, of Vt. Mr. S. W. Woodward, for Governor E. S. Draper, of Mass. . Mr. B. H. Warner, for Governor A. J. Pothier, of R. I. Comdr. L. L. Reamey, for Governor G. L. Lilley, of Conn. Dr. C. W. Needham, for Governor Chas. E. Hughes, of N.Y. Dr. A. P. Fardon, for Governor J. Franklin Fort, of N. J. Mr. J. Howard Gore, for Governor S. S. Pennewill, of Del. Mr. John B. Larner and Jas. T. Du Bois, for Governor E. S. Stuart, of Penna. Mr. Beale R. Howard and Mr. Fleming Newbold, for Governor A. L. Crothers, of Md. Mr. W. V. Cox and Mr. T. F. Spangler, for Governor Judson Harmon, of Ohio Mr. Willis L. Moore, for Governor Charles Deneen, of Ill. Gen. R. L. Hoxie and Dr. John C. Simpson, for Governor B. F. Carroll, of Iowa Maj. J. J. Peshine, for Governor A. E. Willson, of Ky. Mr. Archibald Hopkins, for Governor H. S. Hadley, of Mo. Mr. Thos. W. Smith, for Governor E. F. Noel, of Miss. Mr. W. H. Moses, for Governor Jared Sanders, of La. Mr. W. F. Gude and Mr. A. B. Browne, for Governor B. B. Comer, of Ala. Mr. Victor Kauffmann, for Governor J. H. Brady, of Idaho Mr. Thomas Grant, for Governor Geo. Curry, of N. Mex.

Each escort was instructed to meet the governor, if possible, at the station and escort him to his hotel. He was to place in the hands of the governor the ticket of admission

to the Senate chamber and the tickets to the inaugural stand, granted by the Houses of Congress, together with the accompanying souvenirs; also the tickets to the White House reviewing stand and the invitations and tickets to the ball issued by the Inaugural Committee. He was also to escort the governor to the ball, if it was agreeable and desirable, and at the ball to ensure his proper presentation to the President at the reception held in the balcony, and to extend such other courtesies to the governors and members of their families and staffs as were possible in the circumstances.

Not all of the governors who planned to come were able to do so. Regrets at their inability to be present were received from Governors Lilly, of Connecticut, Brady, of Idaho, and Curry, of New Mexico. Governor Crothers and his staff started for Washington but were unable to reach this city owing to the blockade of trains due to the storm. Otherwise the program of extending courtesies to the visiting State executives was carried out in full. The escorts performed the duties assigned to them with tact and diligence, extending social and personal courtesies to the governors in a manner highly creditable to the city as host.

The governors of the States received more courtesies at this inauguration than ever before, the Inaugural Committee placing them on the list of invited guests at the ball, and the Reception Committee providing for their use in the reserved gallery a room adjacent and similar to those furnished the diplomatic corps and the Supreme Court.

DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

The senior ambassadors and ministers, with their ladies, were guests of the Inaugural Committee at the ball. In order to insure their proper reception and presentation to the President a sub-committee was organized, after consultation with the Department of State, consisting of Mr. William Phillips, Third Assistant Secretary of State, and Mr. John Barrett, to ensure the extension to the diplomatic corps at the

ball the usual and essential courtesies and to present them to the members of the Presidential party. This committee discharged this obligation most satisfactorily.

SUPREME COURT.

Messrs. A. S. Worthington, J. J. Darlington, Wm. F. Mattingly, George E. Hamilton and Chapin Brown were assigned to duty in the balcony at the ball to receive the members of the Supreme Court of the United States, and responded promptly and heartily to this assignment.

CONGRESS.

A sub-committee was organized to extend courtesies at the ball to Senators and Representatives, consisting of Gen. George H. Harries, David S. Barry, Scott C. Bone, L. A. Coolidge, John P. Miller, Ernest G. Walker, P. V. DeGraw, James R. Young, William E. Curtis, H. H. Darneille, John E. Jones, D. N. Ransdell and Wm. E. Chandler. The activity of these sub-committeemen ensured access to the reserved balcony to all members of Congress.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Messrs. M. M. Parker, Sidney Bieber and Henry M. Camp were named as a sub-committee to receive and escort to the reserved gallery the members of the Republican National Committee. This duty was faithfully performed.

Admissions.

In order to prevent the overcrowding of the reserved balcony at the ball and also to enable those designated for admission to that point to obtain access, a sub-committee on admissions was formed, consisting of Messrs. John B. Sleman, Jr., E. C. Brandenburg, W. C. Clephane, E. H. Droop, Fred D. McKenney, C. B. Rheem, Ralph W. Lee, Frank H. Bethell and Fleming Newbold. These gentlemen remained

on duty throughout the evening and rendered especially valuable services, exercising tact and discriminating judgment in passing upon those seeking entrance to the restricted space where the President was holding his informal reception.

Those who were admitted to the reserved gallery included:

- 1. The guests of the Inaugural Committee, including the Presidential and Vice-Presidential parties, the Supreme Court, the Diplomatic Corps, the Speaker of the House and his daughter, the Governors of States, and a few others, with their escorting or receiving sub-committees of the Reception Committee. All guests were admitted by cards signed by Chairman Stellwagen, the sub-committeemen by balcony badges.
- 2. Members of the Inaugural Committee, admitted by their Inaugural Committee badges.
- 3. The official section of the Reception Committee, including the Judges, District Commissioners, Representatives of the Army and Navy, Representatives of the Senate and House, and members of the Republican National Committee, admitted either on balcony badges or on identification by the sub-committees on the Senate and House and on the Republican National Committee.
- 4. Others of the Reception Committee having special balcony duties assigned to them indicated by balcony badges.
- 5. The Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner of Pensions, and other distinguished persons, admitted through the Chairman or Secretary of the Inaugural Committee or the Chairman of the Reception Committee.

PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

The President and Vice-President and members of their parties were received upon their arrival at the Pension building by a special committee consisting of the Chairman, Mr. Noyes; the Vice-Chairman, Mr. Edson, and Messrs. C. J.

Bell, C. C. Glover, Hennen Jennings, H. B. F. Macfarland, Corcoran Thom, Henry L. West, Gen. Clarence Edwards, Gen. John A. Johnston, Gen. John M. Wilson and Major Spencer Cosby. This committee met the Presidential and Vice-Presidential parties at the 5th Street entrance and escorted them to the rooms assigned them in the reserved gallery; thence from the balcony to the ball room floor for the promenade. After the promenade it escorted the President and Mrs. Taft and the Vice-President and Mrs. Sherman to the Presidential room in the reserved gallery, where an informal reception was held, in which the President and Vice-President received the distinguished guests and others admitted to the gallery. Thence the committee escorted the President and Mrs. Taft and the Vice-President and Mrs. Sherman to the President's stand overlooking the ball room; later to the supper room; and after a second visit to the President's stand, to the 5th Street exit, by which they departed.

Those participating in the Presidential promenade through the ball room were Mr. Gist Blair and Mr. Thomas F. Walsh, Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Floor Committee, in the advance; the President and Mrs. Taft, with Mr. E. J. Stellwagen, Chairman of the Inaugural Committee, on the President's right, and Mr. Theodore W. Noyes, Chairman of the Reception Committee, on Mrs. Taft's left; the Vice-President and Mrs. Sherman with Mr. George E. Hamilton, Vice-Chairman of the Inaugural Committee, on the Vice-President's right, and Mr. John Joy Edson, Vice-Chairman of the Reception Committee, on Mrs. Sherman's left; followed by Col. Charles F. Bromwell, Capt. A. W. Butt, Capt. S. A. Cheney and Lieut. Commander L. C. Palmer.

This year the Vice-President and his wife did not go to the White House and accompany the President and his wife to the ball, but went directly to the Pension Building from their hotel, and preceded the Presidential party by fifteen or twenty minutes. This arrangement involved two distinct handlings by the Reception Committee of the Presidential and Vice-Presidential parties. If the interval between the two arrivals had been only a little less, inconvenience to the Presidential party and embarrassment for the Reception Committee in the discharge of its duties might easily have resulted. In future inaugurations, if conducted by the citizens of Washington on the usual lines, it is desirable that if practicable, the custom should be restored by which the Presidential and Vice-Presidential parties arrive together at the inaugural ball.

The expenses incurred by this committee were nominal and were paid by the Inaugural Committee.

Yours very truly,

Theodore W. Noyes,

Chairman Reception Committee.





Report of Committee on Legislation

Mr. Edward J Stellwagen,

Chairman, Inaugural Committee.

DEAR SIR:

At the initial meeting of the Inaugural Committee the Joint Resolution passed by the Congress for the Inaugural Ceremonies of March 4, 1905, was approved with a few minor changes, and in this form was promptly introduced in the Senate and House by the Chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia. The Resolution covered all necessary matters, such as the use of parks and reservations for reviewing stands; the right to erect poles and string wires for electric light, telephone, and telegraph service; the use of flags and bunting, and necessary hospital and other equipment in connection with the parade and the proper care of the large crowd of visitors. It also included an appropriation of the necessary funds for additional police protection and the establishment of comfort stations. The Resolution as thus introduced was favorably reported from each Committee. It passed the Senate without opposition. In the House some delay and opposition was encountered, but it was finally adopted there and promptly approved by

the President. The delay was caused by opposition to the use of the Pension Building for the inaugural reception to the President and Vice-President. The active work of this Committee, strongly aided by the Chairman of the Inaugural Committee, prevailed, it being made apparent, as on former occasions, that this great social function of the inauguration could not be held elsewhere because no other building was available to accommodate the great throng always present thereat to greet the new Chief Executive.

Congress, by a separate Resolution, also authorized the use of the District Court House by the Maryland National Guard.

No expenses were incurred by the Committee properly chargeable to the inaugural fund.

Respectfully submitted,

Aldis B. Browne,
Chairman Committee on Legislation.



Report of Committee on Press

James S. Henry, Chairman
Ernest G. Walker, Vice-Chairman
O. O. Stealey, Second Vice-Chairman

To the Inaugural Committee,

EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN, Chairman.

DEAR MR. STELLWAGEN:

I beg leave to submit on behalf of the Committee on Press the report of the publicity work which preceded the inauguration.

The publicity work was begun January 24th and continued for five weeks. During that period stories were sent out covering every feature of the inauguration ceremonies, some of which were for immediate release and use by wire while others were mailed under an advance date. There were stories, among others, of the day in general, the parade, general and specific, the military division, the civic division, the decorative feature, the ball, the fireworks, public comfort, mounted aides, inaugural ball aides, historic, description of past inaugurals, historic sites, court of honor, etc.

In addition, about three dozen photographs of the Court of Honor were distributed free of charge.

Four hundred copies of each story were made, the Wash-

ington correspondents supplied and about 150 copies of each story sent to outside papers east of the Mississippi not represented in the National Capital. The demand for additional copies of all stories was very heavy and when the press work ended the entire print of all of the various articles had been exhausted.

In addition, wire service was furnished the Associated Press, the Laffan Bureau (New York Sun service), the United Press, the Hearst News Service and special articles were written for the Associated Press (for advance) and for other publications.

I wish to state that, viewing press work prior to an inaugural from the regular advertising viewpoint, which, all things being equal, anticipates returns directly in ratio with the amount of such advertising, it would be better to make the appropriation large enough to permit of service being extended to those papers in all sections of the country, clear out beyond the Mississippi and through the South, which have no representatives in Washington. I am satisfied that such an expenditure would furnish its own argument based upon the increased returns.

James S. Henry, Chairman, Committee on Press.



Report of Committee on Printing

Scott C. Bone, Chairman Frederick E. Chapin, Vice-Chairman

To the Inaugural Committee,

Mr. E. J. Stellwagen, Chairman.

Your Committee on Printing has completed its work and submits herewith detailed statements showing the results. The official programme netted \$1,251.17 profit.

In former years the Committee on Printing sold the privilege of printing and handling the official programme, and this plan seldom, if ever, proved satisfactory either to the committee or the purchaser of the privilege. This year your Committee, in conforming with the by-law prescribing its duties, advertised for bids for the printing and sale of the programme, and received no bid for the combined privilege that could be accepted. It was the concensus of opinion at the preliminary meeting of the Committee on Printing that the official programme should be in keeping with the occasion and essentially a programme; that it should be comparatively free from advertising features; that no solicitors should be put in the local field, and that this committee should keep the entire work in its hands. Doubt was expressed, owing to experiences in the past, of the ability to print such a programme at a profit on the plan thus outlined and agreed upon, but an executive committee consisting of

Frederick E. Chapin, D. S. Porter, W. S. Rossiter and Joseph E. Ralph, with the Chairman, was authorized to proceed with the work. This executive committee contracted with the Geo. E. Howard Printing Co., to print the programme, and with the Washington News Co., a branch of the American News Co., to distribute and sell the same.

As no solicitors were employed, the expenses of the committee, including the bills for printing, paper, postage, etc., aggregated but \$557.19. Advertising of a general nature was readily secured by correspondence to the amout of $8\frac{1}{4}$ pages at \$100 per page, yielding \$825. The net profit on the sale of 12,292 copies of the official programme was \$426.17. Thus the total profit was \$1,251.17.

The Committee on Printing desires to acknowledge the cordial co-operation it received in getting material for the programme from the Grand Marshal, his Chief of Staff, and the chairmen of the several committees in charge of the fireworks, the ball, the menu and the inaugural concerts; also from the chairman of the Committee on Historic Spots for material used in the programme, and from Commissioner Macfarland for a condensed history of Washington used in the publication.

As the Chairman of the Committee I desire personally to recognize in this report the splendid service rendered by the members of the Executive Committee directly associated with me in the work—a work involving much detail, and consequently involving no little time of busy men.

The Committee unqualifiedly recommends that the plan it followed in the handling of the official programme be adhered to hereafter, and it believes that a reasonable profit might easily accrue from the publication if advertising should be excluded altogether. The increased demand for the official programme this year, even under adverse conditions, is undoubtedly due to the fact that the publication was not so largely commercialized as in the past and that it was not merely in name an official programme. An

equal, or perhaps a larger, revenue might have been obtained if the price had been fixed at 25 cents instead of 15 cents, but the number reaching the hands of visitors would have been materially reduced; and the Committee believes that the nominal figure is desirable.

Scott C. Bone, Chairman Committee on Printing.

STATEMENT.

The Washington News Company, 12,292 copies of	
Official Programme at 8 cents per copy	\$983.36
Expenses incurred as per schedule	557.19
Profit on Program	\$426.17
Advertising	825.00
Total Profit	\$1,251.17
Advertising—	
The Washington Herald \$6.00	
The Washington Post 6.90	
The Washington Times 6.25	
The Evening Star 6.30	
	\$25.45
Printing—	
George E. Howard Printing Co.	230.00
Paper—	
R. P. Andrews Paper Co	238.05
Clerk Hire—	
Henry A. Linn \$25.00	
Orrin Hallam 10.00	
	35.00
Artists' Designs—	25.00
J. Harry Cunningham	25.00
Incidental Expenses, Postage, Stationery, etc.—	
Washington Herald \$1.69	
F. E. Chapin 2.00	
	3.69
	\$557.19





Report of Committee on Souvenirs and Tickets

THOMAS J. D. FULLER, Chairman Fleming Newbold, Vice-Chairman F. B. Poe, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman, The Inaugural Committee,

The New Willard, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

As Chairman of the Committee on Souvenirs and Tickets I have to submit the following report covering the work of this Committee.

The Committee was organized with the following members: Fleming Newbold, Vice-Chairman; F. B. Poe, Secretary; LeRoy Tuttle, V. G. Fischer, J. R. Ralph, Oscar Luckett, and T. A. Mullett.

The work of this Committee consisted in providing the ball and supper tickets, the official souvenirs to accompany the ball tickets and the covers of the dance programs for the ball.

Owing to the short time remaining after the organization of the Inaugural Committee to the date of the Inaugural Ceremonies, it was essential to push the work of engraving and printing to the exclusion of every other consideration.

consequently the Committee could not take the risk of spending time in the preparation of elaborate designs for the souvenir which might have delayed the work to such an extent as to prevent the delivery of the material at the proper time. we therefore abandoned any ambitions we might have had to produce something particularly original or artistic in favor of a simple but dignified souvenir which would enable us to run no risk of delay. The souvenir as determined upon contained the engraved portraits of the President and Vice-President accompanied by biographical sketches, engravings of the White House and Capitol and an insertion with the names of the Inaugural Committee.

The ball and supper tickets as well as the dance program covers were also engraved. The entire work of engraving was done by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and it is superfluous to say was of the highest quality.

The printing and binding was let to the W. F. Roberts Company, the lowest bidders and was entirely satisfactory.

The Gorman Co., of New York, were employed to bind in white Morocco a sufficient number of the souvenirs for presentation to the individual members of the Inaugural Committee and to prepare and mount three copies to be presented to the President, the Vice-President and the Chairman of the Inaugural Committee. These latter were exceptionally beautiful, the binding being of the finest quality white Levant leather, embellished with mountings of gold and silver. The designs for the President and Vice-President were identical except that the former was in gold and the latter in silver cleverly combining the initials on a shield as the center which was framed by oak and laurel leaves and surmounted by an eagle, all most beautifully wrought in strong relief.

The Chairman of this Committee asked for an appropriation of \$5,500, the same amount as appropriated at the previous inaugural, which was allowed. This amount was based on providing the following:

Twelve thousand ball tickets, 12,000 souvenirs, 12,000 dance program covers, 6,000 supper tickets.

In addition to the above there were actually furnished and turned over to the Finance Committee 1,500 ball tickets.

The expenses of this Committee were as follows:

To the Bureau of Engraving and Printing	\$3,394.30
To W. F. Roberts Co. for printing and binding	766.00
To The Gorham Co., of New York, for special	
work mounting and binding one hundred and	
nine Souvenirs	1,015.00
To incidentals, postage, express, etc.	8.36
_	\$5,183.66

Leaving an unexpended balance of \$316.34.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS J. D. FULLER,

Chairman.





Report of Committee on Kailroad Terminal Facilities

A. M. KEPPEL, Chairman
C. W. Culp, Vice-Chairman
B. R. Tolson, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

The Committee on Railroad Terminal Facilities, in making provisions for the safe and expeditious handling of the large number of people expected to visit the Nation's Capital in connection with the inauguration of President Taft, did not anticipate such chaotic conditions as existed on March 3d and 4th, and it is not difficult to understand how adversely they affected the execution of arrangements that were made.

The train service of the various railroads entering Washington was seriously interrupted by reason or in consequence of the rain, snow, ice and high winds, and the loss of telegraph and telephone wires and track obstructions that resulted from the blizzard, and the absence of telegraph and telephone facilities, which made communication between

Washington and points distant therefrom a matter of impossibility, was the source of great inconvenience.

It was a matter of much desirability that those who might attend the inaugural ceremonies should be able to promptly assure themselves that their welfare had been fully considered prior to the occasion, and while the situation may not have thus appealed to them, generally, when it is known that during the inaugural period, even with the many difficulties that confronted the railroads in handling the operation of trains, there was not any accident or loss of life, it is self evident that all concerned were truly solicitious of the comfort and safety of the traveling public. This fact is especially gratifying to me, and I am sure it will be to you and all others interested.

The inaugural movement was heavy and as a matter of information the following statistical information may be desirable, viz:

Number of passengers arriving and departing	224,374
Number of trains arriving and departing	2,303
Number of engines and cars arriving and departing	16,084
Number of pieces of baggage handled	54,999
Number of parcels handled	14,842

The Washington Terminal Company did not park on its property, for occupancy, any chartered cars, but we are informed that a number of such cars were parked in the local freight yards. A few trains carrying troops were handled at the Union Station, but the majority of the troops who participated in the inaugural procession were handled at points off the property of the Terminal Company.

The dining room and lunch room at the Union Station were operated day and night (24 hours) during the inaugural period and meals were served at either at the rates regularly in force, no extra charge being made on account of the occasion.

For the convenience of the public, space was assigned at the Union Station for the use of representatives of the Public Comfort Committee and the Post Office Department, that assigned to the latter having been used in connection with the Branch Post Office that was operated during the inaugural period. Quarters was also provided for representatives of the Red Cross Society.

It was arranged to make train announcements at the Union Station by means of a stereopticon telautograph. The scheme was somewhat of an innovation and while the operation was very much restricted by reason of wire troubles, the results obtained were quite satisfactory. The visual feature of the arrangement was a decided advantage over that of audible announcement and made it possible for information to be obtained without so many questions having to be asked, yet, as stated, the full benefit contemplated was not realized because of wire troubles.

The unprecedented bad weather conditions that existed on March 3d and 4th caused many difficulties and were no doubt responsible for the number of visitors in attendance not being larger.

It is to be hoped that before the approach of another similar occasion that appropriate action will be taken to have the celebration thereof on a day that will be likely to insure against inclement weather.

Yours very truly,

A. M. Keppel,

Chairman Committee on Railroad Terminal Facilities.





Report of Committee on Public Comfort

Michael I. Weller, Chairman James F. Oyster, First Vice-Chairman James F. Hood, Second Vice-Chairman Henry K. Simpson, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

New Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C.

DEAR MR. STELLWAGEN:

I beg to tender herewith my final report of the Committee on Public Comfort, requesting that you will accord it your favorable approval. I accepted the position as Chairman with considerable reluctance as you know, having placed myself unqualifiedly upon record, four years ago, that I would under no circumstances serve as Chairman of this Committee again, as I was fully aware that its duties required the surrender of my whole time to its service, that its details involved a great many unpleasant experiences and that, with the greatest success attending my efforts, I was nevertheless convinced that it would be impossible to give satisfaction to all of our visitors, as well as to the parties renting premises to them, and that I was conscious that a fifth term as Chairman of this most important Committee could furnish no additional laurels, nor add more glory, but that it meant

plenty of personal hard work. I finally yielded, but upon the expressed condition that I was not to be called again to act in a similar capacity. At the first meeting of the Inaugural Committee I requested an appropriation of two thousand dollars for the use of the Committee on Public Comfort. My detailed estimate of maximum expenditures being as follows:

For rent of offices	\$100.00
Office requisites, books, signs, inspectors' blanks,	
cards, printing, car tickets for inspectors, etc.,	200.00
(Exclusive of official stationery and badges to	
be furnished by the Inaugural Committee.)	
Postage stamps and telegrams	75.00
Newspapers, advertising for rooms, etc	100.00
Official Maps of Washington City	170.00
Expenses at Union Station	100.00
Clerks, Inspectors, Guides	1,038.00
Expenses for Sub-Committee for Colored	
Visitors	150.00
Sundries, including telephone	67.00
_	
Total	\$2,000.00

I stated to you at the time that I would not permit the expenses of the Committee to exceed this sum, but would strive to return a surplus. That I have redeemed this promise and have exercised the greatest possible economy in the management of the Committee is evidenced by the fact that the detailed disbursements of the Committee are less than seventeen hundred dollars, taking into consideration the fact that official stationery has been charged against the Committee. This amount covers all expenditures from December 15, 1908, until March 13, 1909, inclusive.

The officers of the Committee were Michael I Weller, Chairman, James F. Oyster, 1st Vice-Chairman, James F. Hood, 2d Vice-Chairman, Henry K. Simpson, Secretary, E. Elmo Clark, Clerk, and Leon Manghum, Assistant Clerk and Stenographer.

Offices were opened at 945 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., in rooms 30 and 31, under the rental agreement of one hundred dollars for the entire period, ending March 10, 1909. The rules adopted by the Inaugural Committee to govern the Committee on Public Comfort were as follows:

"The Committee on Public Comfort shall render all possible assistance to visitors desiring accommodations in Washington at the time of the Inauguration. It shall aid them in securing suitable quarters in hotels, public halls and private residences. It shall establish an office and obtain and keep on file there accurate information regarding accommodations and rates of charges at hotels and other lodging places, including private residences, where guests can procure rooms. It shall ascertain as far as practicable the amount, character and prices of rations that can be supplied by responsible caterers for the subsistence of military and civic organizations in attendance at the Inauguration. It shall promptly furnish the Committee on Military Organizations and the Committee on Civic Organizations such information as may be desired regarding quarters for visiting organizations, and shall co-operate to the fullest possible extent with these committees in looking after the comfort of such organizations during their stay in Washington."

The following standing advertisement was inserted in the local newspapers, Washington Post, Washington Herald, Evening Star, and Washington Times, for a period of one month:

Inaugural Committee. Committee of Public Comfort.

Rooms 30 and 31, Merchants & Mechanics Savings Bank Building, Pa. Ave. and 10th Sts., N. W.

All parties desiring to furnish quarters to visitors during the Inaugural period are requested to call at this office or send description of rooms, stating the number of persons that can be supplied with beds or cots, with or without meals, terms, etc.

M. I. Weller, Chairman, Committee on Public Comfort. Responses to this advertisement came in great numbers, so that it became necessary to appoint Mr. Edward N. Bowman as inspector on December 22d, and he was given the following credentials:

To Whom It May Concern:

The bearer, Mr. Edward N. Bowman, is a duly appointed inspector of this Committee, authorized and instructed to inspect carefully all quarters for the incoming visitors; these quarters will be registered on our books, free of expense to you, or to your guests, and any employee of this Committee accepting any gratuity will be promptly discharged. Our object is to secure proper accommodations at reasonable rates, but at the same time this Committee will incur no financial responsibility.

You are requested to permit Mr. Bowman to make the necessary investigation and kindly furnish him with all needed information.

Subsequently, two other inspectors, viz.: Mr. F. Repetti, Jr. and Mr. Charles S. Wilson, were appointed, all three inspectors remaining with the Committee until the conclusion of its labors, performing their arduous tasks in a most commendable manner, creditable to themselves and gratifying to this Committee. All quarters were duly inspected and classified and when approved were registered upon our books; in addition, letters were mailed to all proprietors of hotels, boarding houses, and public halls which were followed up by personal canvassing by the three inspectors of all available buildings that were deemed suitable for sleeping accommodations for organized bodies, military and civic, as well as for the individual visitors.

Application for free quarters for the accommodation of the National Guards were received from a number of the Adjutant Generals of the different States to whom, in reply, we invariably sent a copy of the resolutions adopted by the Inaugural Committee, December 24, 1908. The following resolutions, adopted by the Inaugural Committee, at a meeting held December 24, 1908, are published for the information of those interested:

Resolved, That it is deemed advisable to announce that while the Inaugural Committee will spare no pains to extend to all visitors a hearty welcome and make every possible provision for their comfort, whether coming as individuals, associations or military organizations, a free entertainment to anyone is impossible and no application for such entertainment can be considered, nor can the Committee provide for the payment of any portion of the expenses of visiting organizations. The Committee hopes, however, to keep prices down to the usual rates, and to prevent exhorbitant charges; Be it further

Resolved, That notice of this action be printed and sent out to all applicants for aid in connection with the Inaugural Ceremonies.

Respectfully,

Attest:

EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN,

Corcoran Thom,
Secretary.

Chairman.

It became apparent at once that if the National Guards came in numbers indicated by the applications, that there would be a great scarcity in quarters of well lighted and well heated halls. This condition forced me to the opinion that it might be advisable to procure a number of our public school buildings for such quarters, under proper restrictions, the visiting commands to execute a bond for the restoration of the buildings to the state in which they were found, when placed at their disposal, combined with a cash deposit for the payment of needful repairs and cleaning of the building after use, and the adoption of other precautionary measures, that might be required by the Board of Education. I was aware that the clause in Public Act, No. 115, approved March 3, 1893, contained the following: "That hereafter the public school buildings of the District of Columbia shall be used for no purpose whatever other than those directly connected with the public school system of the District," and that it would require an act of Congress to suspend the operation of this law for the Inaugural Week. I was accorded a hearing by the Board of Education and made an argument in favor of this proposition, but after due consideration, the Board of Education declined to favor a suspension of the law, for the main reason, that the use of public school buildings by the National Guards might involve too long an interruption to the studies of the children, requiring perhaps a period of two weeks before the buildings would again be fit for occupation.

Upon receipt of the resolutions passed by the Board of Education, I placed the whole question before my Executive Committee, composed of the following members:

Michael I. Weller, Chairman J. F. Oyster, First Vice-Chairman James F. Hood, Second Vice-Chairman Henry K. Simpson, Secretary

O. T. Beaumont C. F. Benjamin W. J. Browning W. B. Bryan A. B. Coppes T. I. DeLand D. E. Garges A. Girouard P. J. Haltigan E. J. Hannan A. G. Herrman W. C. Hibbs W. H. Hoeke F. O. Horstman C. E. Howe P. M. Hughes W. J. Hughes O. Luckett C. B. Hunt M. A. Lynch J. D. Maher C. A. McCarthy H. H. McKee

L. M. Miller

E. A. Moseley G. W. Moss J. L. Parsons L. E. Payson Dr. R. A. Pyles Dr. E. F. Repetti W. P. Richards A. Schulteis A. R. Serven N. H. Shea A. L. Sinclair H. W. Sohon A. F. Sperry G. Spransy W. Tindall E. H. Tucker E. Voigt J. H. Walker S. H. Walker R. White A. D. Wilkinson J. C. Yost Daniel Murray

After an exhaustive discussion of the entire subject, it was decided that it was deemed inadvisable for the Committee on Public Comfort to take any further action looking towards the suspension of the law prohibiting the use of the public school buildings, in view of the action of the Board of Edu-Meanwhile a thorough personal canvass of the city by our inspectors had influenced a number of owners, who had previously disliked the idea of quartering troops in their respective buildings, to change their minds, so with an increased registration of buildings, our list of available quarters for military bodies was increased to a gratifying extent, giving assurance that we had ample quarters listed for all possible contingencies and at moderate charges, not exceeding one dollar per man for the entire stay, based upon a three or four days' visit, in heated and well lighted buildings, the visitors to use their own blankets, sleeping upon the floors. Where cots were required, the cost of the rental of the cots averaging about one dollar per man was added.

The Committee was making progress with the different bodies of the National Guards, locating numerous regiments, until the beginning of February, when there was noted a marked change and a rapid falling off of applications for quarters by the military bodies. Upon investigation it developed that the railroad companies had adopted a new policy, offering inducements to the military commands, agreeing to park their trains, at a nominal charge. The large commands were to be supplied with day coaches, allowing their use during their entire stay for soldiers entirely free of cost, with the promise that necessary toilet conveniences would be supplied. This action on the part of the railroad companies naturally interfered with the renting of halls and notwithstanding the low price, averaging less than thirty cents per day per man, for their stay, a number of the companies succumbed to the inducements of the railroads and used ordinary railroad cars for sleeping purposes to the sad discomfort of the soldiers and to financial injury to our

city. Notwithstanding my warning that this action would be detrimental to all parties concerned, it was adhered to with the results as predicted, lack of comfort and danger to health during the blizzard weather, owing to the absence of adequate heating, lighting and ventilation, combined with the other disagreeable feature of being parked in remote and undesirable localities. It was a nuisance to our citizens and a menace to the visiting strangers and certainly should never occur again. With the change of the inaugural date to a more balmy season of the year, it may be unnecessary in the future to furnish indoor quarters; then probably tents will be placed in camps for the shelter of visiting troops at the expense of the United States Government, which ought to adopt the policy of calling for a representation from every State, in proportion to its population, to report at Washington for the inaugural period, and all expenses, both of transportation, quarters and maintenance, should then be defraved by the Government, as the National Guards are now considered an auxiliary army under the control of the War Department.

Series of bulletins, numbering from one to thirty-five, were issued at intervals in editions from one to five hundred, and distributed throughout the various States. These bulletins contained detailed information of location of hotels, boarding houses, halls, private houses, etc., with terms, required length of stay, etc., for the use of intending visitors. Bulletins of private houses bearing this foot note:

These premises have been duly inspected by this committee and found in proper condition. Owners have agreed in writing to abide by rates quoted. We cannot undertake to make contracts for visitors, and therefore recommend that parties correspond direct with owners furnishing accommodations. Rates are generally based on a visit of four days or longer; deposit required; names checked are in accordance with your expressed wishes. Meals can be obtained in the neighborhood and at some of the places that have not stated their rates with meals.

Our correspondence assumed large proportions, many letters inquiring for accommodations were recevied from organizations as well as from private parties; all were accorded prompt attention, enclosing in all of our letters copies of the special interesting inaugural map, which I had prepared with great care and which was copyrighted. It is an up-to-date map with the numerous physical changes noted and, judged by the generous praises bestowed upon it, was a success. Copies of the same, printed on linen and handsomely framed, were delivered to President Taft, Vice-President Sherman and Speaker Cannon.

Valuable assistance was rendered by my Executive Committee, comprising among its membership some of the leading professional and business men of our city. Meetings were held every Friday at the office of the Committee. On February 25th, in addition to the above, I selected the General Committee, with a white membership of three hundred and ninety-two, addressing the following card to every member:

DEAR SIR:

I have the honor to inform you herewith of your appointment to membership upon the Committee on Public Comfort and to request that you will kindly fill out and forward by return mail the attached card stating thereon the days and hours you will be willing to serve at our sub-office at the Union Station, A. B. Coopes, Chairman.

This sub-office will be opened on March 1st, at 4 P. M. and will remain in continual operation until March 4th, 11 A. M.

Please attend the meeting of this Committee on Friday, February 26th, 8 P. M., at Knights of Columbus Hall, 606 E Street, N. W., for further instructions and where your badge will be delivered to you.

Hoping every member will respond faithfully to the patriotic duty of receiving our visitors in a commensurate manner, I remain.

Very truly yours,

M. I. Weller, Chairman Committee on Public Comfort.

The return	card	contained	the	following:
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DEAR SIR:

I will serve at the Union Station
on March 1st, fromtoto
on March 2d, fromtoto
on March 3d, fromtoto
on March 4th, fromtoto
as a member of the Committee on Public Comfort.
Yours truly,
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For the convenience of the public, I appointed a sub-committee numbering 363 with Mr. William J. Browning, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, as Chairman, at the United States Capitol, to assist the members of Congress in procuring accommodations for their constituents.

In line with the policy introduced by me at the inaugurations of 1893, 1901, and 1905, as well as during the Grand Army celebration of 1902, I appointed a special sub-committee for colored visitors, with Mr. Daniel Murray as Chairman, assisted by fifty-one members chosen by him from the leading colored residents of the District, past experience having clearly demonstrated the necessity of procuring adequate accommodations for colored visitors and hospitable treatment in the homes of the more refined members of their own race in our city.

Mr. Murray opened an office at 609 F Street with William E. Hope and Samuel Lacey as clerk and inspector under a similar method as used at the main office, 945 Pennsylvania Avenue, keeping registration books with lists of inspected quarters, etc., for colored visitors. The expenses of this sub-committee, to the amount of \$150.00, were paid by the Inaugural Committee upon vouchers approved by me, besides which sum he was supplied with postage stamps and office stationery, books, etc.; the balance of the money needed to defray all the expenses of the sub-committee Mr. Murray obtained from the proceeds of a collection amongst friends of the enterprise. I headed the list with a personal

subscription of ten dollars. From all information I can state that the office was well conducted, giving excellent satisfaction and supplied respectable quarters at a moderate cost to the colored visitors.

The appropriation of \$2,000.00 for public convenience stations was expended under the supervision of H. B. Davis, Inspector of Plumbing, locations having been selected by the sub-committee composed of Mr. Jas. L. Parsons, Dr. Wm. Tindall, David C. Garges, and H. B. Davis.

Through the courtesy of Mr. A. M. Keppel, the parcel room at the Union Station was assigned for the use of this Committee. On March 1st this sub-office was opened by Mr. A. B. Coppes as chairman. Conspicuous signs placed at each entrance on the concourse as well as in the waiting room drew the attention of the visiting public. office had carefully compiled lists of inspected rooms in private houses in every section of the city, and the three inspectors, Mr. Bowman, Mr. Wilson and Mr. Repetti, together with Mr. Manghum, were detailed as clerks to the sub-office to facilitate the transaction of business, as they were thoroughly familiar with all quarters, etc. It remained open continuously until noon of March 4th. At the request of Mr. B. F. Barnes, Postmaster, a section of this office was granted to the Post Office Department, which opened a sub-postal station for the convenience of visitors. I understand that this postal station transacted such a large business during the inaugural week that it has been made permanent. I visited the Union Station frequently during these four days and was much pleased to find that so large a number of the members of my committee were always present, in spite of the terrible condition of the weather, at every hour, day and night, wearing their conspicuous red badges bearing the inscription "Public Comfort," meeting the arrivals from every train, and affording them every information desired. Those in need of quarters were conducted to the sub-office and then sent to the place of destination selected by them under the

escort of one of the uniformed public comfort guides. These public comfort guides were all High School Cadets, bright, intelligent young gentlemen, thoroughly acquainted with our city, and who had previously received special instructions, so that they were capable of leading visitors to any point in the District; there were 96 white guides and 10 colored. I feel that I am under obligations to Prof. Percy M. Hughes, who had sole charge of the Cadets, for his admirable management and the full success that attended their efforts; they performed the arduous duties assigned to them with great credit to the community. I am proud of our boys. These guides were paid by the Inaugural Committee, each receiving \$1.00 per day, and furnished on every trip with car fare, so that they would not be of the slightest expense to the visitors, who, in turn, expressed their agreeable surprise at the careful attention bestowed upon them, and who frequently voiced their approval of our methods which protected strangers against extortioners and enabled them to secure excellent conveniences at moderate prices.

In some instances hotels charged perhaps excessive rates, but the fact remains clearly evident, as shown by the books of this Committee, that the prevailing prices for lodging averaged about \$1.00 per day and room and board inclusive the average rate was about \$2.00 per day. Moreover, good accommodations could be obtained at still lower prices.

The Committee made no distinction, showed no preference; visitors were sent impartially to private or boarding houses, hotels or halls as desired, but this was only done when assurances were given of fair rates and such agreement filed in our office.

Severe and unwarranted criticism has been indulged in by outside newspapers, supplemented by ridiculous assertions that thousands of visitors were unable to find shelter and were compelled to seek refuge in doorways; correspondents with lively imaginations and mendacious talents have forwarded lurid tales of inflated charges for accommodations

that positively lacked all basis of truth. Some of these vivid lies I was able to contradict, but I fear that there still remained a credulous public that believed it required a millionaire's wealth in order to spend a few days here during the inaugural period. In order to effectually counteract these perverted geniuses who distribute such prejudiced statements, I beg to recommend that four years hence the Press Committee be authorized to advertise in a liberal manner throughout the land the actual average prices charged.

I received a number of complaints from visitors regarding extortionate rates charged by restaurants and lunch rooms, especially that some of the five-cent lunch rooms had unduly increased their prices to more than double the customary Upon investigation I ascertained that there was some foundation to this complaint, but I am glad to be able to state that such cases were only sporadic and the overwhelming majority of proprietors adhered to the old rule that "Honesty is the best policy," finding their reward in the increased business brought by the influx of visitors. glaring example of overcharge on the part of the managers which resulted in damages to the establishment by the incensed patrons attracted general attention. I personally investigated this case where the owners admitted to me that they raised their rates, justifying their action with the plea "that they could charge what they pleased." replied that they had no legal right to increase their rates two, three or four fold without giving previous notice to the customers, posting the prices in a conspicuous place. and that their behavior disgraced the fair fame of the city of Washington, etc. That excessive charges for food supplies naturally provoked resentment especially among the ranks of the visiting soldiers and while physical violence is not justifiable, nevertheless, in this instance, it was a display of that excusable trait in human nature to resent the inflic-I am of the opinion that the intion of a palpable wrong. crease of prices was a violation of the Act of the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, Chapter 51, approved June 20, 1872, which prescribes in Section 1 "that keepers or owners of eating houses must put in a conspicuous place in their eating houses a scale of the prices for which the different articles they have for sale will be furnished." Section 2, "That persons violating the provisions of the above section are to be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction in a court having jurisdiction, are to be fined by the court not less than twenty dollars and not more than fifty dollars."

The strict enforcement of this Act in a few cases would certainly prevent the painful recurrence of such an incident and would correct the existing evil of imposing upon our guests, but in the event of this Act being considered obsolete or inoperative, then it will become the duty of the local authorities to provide some police regulation for the protection of consumers under a guarded license system, with a forfeiture of the same as a penalty.

The attendance from a distance this year did not come up to the expectations entertained during the month of January when all appearances indicated that our city would be honored by a greater advent of visitors than on any other similar occasion. Governed by this impression, I made all necessary preparations, finally formulating a larger list of inspected quarters for organized bodies but more especially for small or individual parties; householders too prepared for visitors on an extensive scale, resulting in a bitter disappointment to them when they failed to be favored with the anticipated patronage. Finding their outlay useless, they perhaps attached some blame to this Committee for their individual financial loss, but the Committee on Public Comfort should not be held responsible for the non-arrival of desired guests. This ought to be attributed to other causes, whether owing to the prevailing financial depression or to lack of enthusiasm or to the shocking bad weather, I am unable to determine. All I know is that we had on hand, unused inspected quarters, sufficient accommodations to shelter over 40,000

persons without counting the large number of rooms reported to us after February 25th too late for inspection.

The labor of Mr. A. B. Coppes, Chairman of the Committee at the Union Station, entitles him to a resolution of thanks from the Inaugural Committee, as this gentleman devoted himself exclusively to the duties of this position day and night with a self-sacrificing zeal that merits full recognization of his invaluable services. He infused his assistants with equal ardor so that their joint efforts were crowned with brilliant success, which redounded to the credit of our city.

We are also under obligations to our faithful employees for efficient work under trying circumstances and at meager compensation. We received appreciative courtesies from Mr. W. H. Hoeke, the Oliver Typewriter Co., Swayze, Baily & Co., Marcus Notes, etc. The offices at 945 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., were closed promptly on March 10th, as the Committee on Public Comfort had completed its task for which it had been called into existence, therefore, as its final act and in its behalf, I beg of you to accept for your esteemed self and cherished secretary, Mr. Corcoran Thom, our grateful appreciation of the many acts of consideration accorded to us.

Very respectfully,

M. I. Weller, Chairman, Committee on Public Comfort.





Report of Committee on Public Order

Major Richard Sylvester, Chairman Daniel M. Ransdell, Vice-Chairman E. B. Hesse, Secretary

To Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen, Chairman, Inaugural Committee.

DEAR SIR:

This Committee was charged with the making of arrangements for the maintenance of peace and order, for the security to life, limb and property preceding, during and following the day of inauguration, March 4, 1909, which included the prevention of crime, apprehension of criminals, precaution against fire, the care and treatment of the sick and injured, the promulgation of the regulations and orders of the Honorable the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, the clearing and maintaining undisturbed the ground for the inaugural parade, the prevention of disorder and congestion at the intersecting streets and avenues, the proper policing of

the inaugural ball and other detail looking to the welfare of the distinguished guests and our own citizens on the occasion of the inauguration.

Anticipating favorable action upon the Joint Resolution then pending in Congress, authorizing the granting of permits to the Committee on the arrangement of matters for the fourth of March, 1909, on January 9th, requisition was made upon the Chairman of the General Committee to procure from the Honorable the Secretary of War, twentyfive (25) Government ambulances, complete with drivers, horses, stretchers and bells and fifty (50) regulation United States Red Cross flags, two for each of the ambulances and twenty (20) Red Cross flags and poles for the use of the outriders who were to accompany the ambulances, and five (5) extra stretchers to be used at the hospital to be established in the Pension Building during the ball and concerts. A like requisition was made on the Chairman of the General Committee to procure from Major-General J. Franklin Bell, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, for the use of the Inaugural Committee on March fourth, twenty (20) mounted cavalrymen, one to be detailed at each ambulance station and with each ambulance in the inaugural service; to accompany these vehicles along the line of parade and to the various hospitals as outriders. These first requisitions were made and favorable action taken thereon with a view of establishing that important feature of the Committee's organization—the Medical and Hospital Corps—for the care of the sick and injured during the inaugural week, and more especially upon inauguration day.

In furthering this feature, D. Percy Hickling, M. D., was chosen as Chairman of the Hospital and Ambulance Service Division of the Committee on Public Order, and that gentleman was directed to arrange for the locating of ambulances on the evening of the fireworks, and to confer with Miss Mabel Boardman, of the Red Cross Society, relative to locating temporary relief tents on the grounds where the

extensive fireworks display was to be had for the occasion; regarding a hospital inside the gates of the Union Station, a room having been procured for such usage, in connection with the Red Cross; for the arranging of ambulances at the terminal depot, assigning surgeons therefor, and for conveying patients to and from the respective hospitals.

The Chairman of this service was also instructed to canvass the various large buildings where troops or other organizations might be quartered, looking to the proper sanitary conditions therein, in such manner as might be outlined and determined upon. The Chairman of the Medical and Hospital Service was also directed to designate the locations for ambulances along the line of parade, to be fully manned with drivers, and to be equipped with litters and flags and each to be accompanied by a cavalryman as an outrider, and in making these arrangements, disagreeable weather was taken into consideration and provision had for proper reliefs, as well as for the feeding of the employees and stock.

In connection with this service, information was conveyed to the Chairman that the Red Cross would provide litter-carriers, who would be located at the various telephone booths near the intersecting streets and avenues to the line of parade, where ambulances might be located.

He was further advised that the Red Cross Society would place tents in the Smithsonian Grounds, Lafayette Park and at other locations, and that large crowds would be in the vicinity of the United States Capitol Grounds, where ample provision should be made for urgent hospital service requirements.

In conclusion, the surgeon in charge of this auxiliary was authorized to arrange for a hospital within the building where the inaugural ball would be held, to be properly equipped and for which nurses would be provided.

Frank J. Wagner, Chief of the District of Columbia Fire Department, was named as Chairman of the Sub-Committee

on Fire Protection for the inaugural period, and with D. Percy Hickling, M. D., was named as Vice-Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Committee on Public Order, and these two gentlemen selected the membership of their respective sub-committees from among the citizens comprising the Committee on Public Order.

Chief Wagner was requested to report to the General Committee, first, on the inspection of buildings where troops or other large organizations might be quartered, as to the danger from fire and for the enforcement of the laws and regulations; to inspect and report on stands as to the danger from fire and for the enforcement of the laws and regulations; to inspect and report on theaters and public halls as to the danger from fire and for the enforcement of the regulations; to make designations for the fireworks; to arrange for a patrol of the business section of the District during the time of the parade with the view of guarding against fire and accident; to early arrange and designate for the Pension Building such force and equipment as might be necessary to guard against fire during the time the building was being used for inaugural purposes—decorated and arranged, and during and following the ball, including the concerts which would be given.

Co-operation between the police and fire service at the Pension Building was earnestly urged on the part of the Chairman of this sub-committee. He was also requested to report as to what streets should be left open during the time of parade as "fire-runs" for the Fire Department.

In addition to the sub-committees to which I have just referred, fifty members of the Committee on Public Order were directed to be in attendance at the inaugural ball to give attention to all matters looking to the safety of property and the exclusion of improper characters and to see that all lost property was turned in to Police Headquarters in the building, and to report any and all complaints requiring the attention of the police or regarding missing property, and

they were also to guard against fire and accident and freely circulate around the ball room on the first floor and exercise their police authority when the law was violated. Mr. M. E. Ailes was the Chairman of this sub-committee.

Another sub-committee was that on Street Obstructions. the first division being in charge of Captain I. D. Bartlett and the second division being in charge of Captain Isaac Gans. It was the duty of the twenty members of each of these divisions to make a thorough canvass of all business houses on Pennsylvania Avenue from First Street to Fifteenth Street, and Fifteenth Street, from Pennsylvania Avenue to New York Avenue northwest, and to urge the proprietors of the same not to allow boxes, barrels, tables and similar obstructions to be placed on the sidewalks on March fourth during the parade. They were to give warning that it was a violation of law to do so and to ask for co-operation on the part of owners and others with the authorities to prevent such conditions. They were directed to make a canvass on the second, third and fourth days of March, which could best be made by the dividing into couples, in order to cover their respective localities. They were informed as to where the patrol wagons could be found in the localities named in the accompanying cards of directions, how to convey violators of the law to the Station Houses, and that assistance could be had from any regular or special policeman upon call, and that the offense should be entered where complaint was made as "Obstructing the Street "

The Sub-Committee on the Terminal Station, with four divisions divided into six reliefs, was appointed, the members alternating in giving supervision and in protecting persons and property and in preserving order, giving directions to strangers coming and going on the third, fourth, and fifth days of March at the Union Station.

The orders did not preclude the members of the committee from moving about, but rather favored their going into the various waiting rooms, sitting rooms, smoking apartments, and toilets. They were to give particular attention to drivers of vehicles to see that no imposition was practiced and that they had the proper rate cards posted according to law, and they were informed that under the law they could settle disputed hack bills according to the rates prevailing in this jurisdiction.

They were to circulate about the ticket office and see that no suspicious characters were following women and intoxicated persons and were to familiarize themselves with streets and car lines in order to be able to direct strangers to hotels and other places.

These committeemen were to be particular in noticing that evil-disposed persons did not pick up satchels or baggage of others, which is a frequent offense in crowds, and were to give attention to those going out of the gates and to protect women, children, and invalids from crushes and impositions; they were informed where the ambulances were located at the depot to convey patients to the hospitals and where the temporary hospital was located at the station, and were instructed in detail as to other police duties.

The first of these divisions was in charge of Captain A. J. Cummings, the second of Captain C. C. Coombs, the third of Captain Calvin Farnsworth, and the fourth of Captain R. A. O'Brien.

Making further allotment of the Committee on Public Order, a sub-committee comprising twenty-five members, with Capt. Charles A. Baker as Chairman, was designated to visit the various places where strangers were stopping with the view of protecting them from imposition by vehicle drivers and others who would in any way impose upon or take advantage of them.

In addition to the sub-committees heretofore named, one under the chairmanship of Captain Cuno H. Rudolph was appointed to look after affairs at the fireworks on the White Lot on March fourth, and the members comprising this sub-

committee were to report to their chairman for duty in keeping the grounds clear of boxes, and barrels and in maintaining good order and preventing fire and accident.

A final sub-committee, yet one highly necessary, of which D. S. Carll was Chairman, was designated to assist in the expedition of arrangements for the parade, and included all the assignments that could be made from among the remaining members of the Committee on Public Order.

Aside from the general arrangements for safety to life and property, and precautions against illness, extraordinary efforts were made to co-operate with the Metropolitan Police Department of the District of Columbia, and in consummating the details of the grand parade the Grand Marshal, Major General J. Franklin Bell, and his Chief of Staff, Brigadier General John A. Johnston, were extended every possible assistance.

For March 4th the parade ground from B Street and Delaware Avenue, northeast, to 19th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, northwest, was roped with wire cable along the line of the curb, except that at the intersecting streets manila rope was used as loops one square back from the points of intersection, also at the immediate points of intersection; this to permit of authorized vehicles crossing the line of parade between certain hours and to prevent the congestion of vehicles within the immediate vicinity of the crowds of pedestrians and to insure open runs for ambulances, fire engines and patrol wagons.

Many wagon loads of sand were arranged for, in anticipation of ice and snow being on the parade line, and this was all in readiness the morning of March 4th, when it was scattered along the route of parade to prevent horses from falling with their riders.

The Police Department efforts were endorsed by the Committee and resulted in such details of special officers and detectives as kept the District entirely free from disorder and crime. There were no professional thieves who visited

the District, no house robberies and no maraudings to serve as unpleasant reminders. There were no disasters beyond those incident to the cold and high winds.

The east front of the Capitol, the Avenue, with its thousands of spectators, and the reviewing stands were all minutely inspected and supervised from a police standpoint by Public Order Committeemen, detectives, uniformed men and special officers, and but two complaints of disrespectful conduct on the part of the several hundred men in authority were made to the Chairman, and they were of an insignificant character. This is a record never before made.

Chief Engineer Wagner, the Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Fire Protection, several days prior, during and after the fourth of March, had thirty firemen within the ball room, looking to the safety of the decorations, light property and the building from fire. Capt. T. O'Connor and Capt. H. C. Egloff were in immediate command, supervised by Chief Wagner and Battalion Chief J. Kelliher. Fire hose for the standpipes, thirty-three fire extinguishers, twenty-four force pumps with buckets, hooks and pick-axes were provided for emergencies.

A set of rules were adopted for the firemen and signals arranged so as not to give unnecessary alarm to the public at any time. The Chief inspected buildings where troops were quartered as to their safety, placed firemen in the reviewing stands and a fire patrol was kept up along the business quarter during the fourth of March. This feature of protection was thorough, the attire, attitude and action of the force being exceptionally fine during the entire period.

The captains of the sub-committees assigned to the Union Station each reported that all members detailed reported for duty at the hours for which they were assigned and that they exercised great patience and courtesy and won the commendation of countless visitors by the many good offices they performed.

The Captain assigned to the sub-committee to have merchants and others along the route of parade keep the sidewalks as free as possible from boxes, barrels and other obstructions, reported that a thorough co-operation was had and the committeemen were generous in giving their time and influence to this commendable end, which made the occasion more distinctive than ever in this feature of improvement.

The Committee on Public Order takes this occasion to refer to the invaluable assistance rendered by the War Department in placing at its disposal the twenty-five ambulances completely equipped and a detail of cavalrymen who acted as outriders in this service. Notwithstanding the men were given opportunity for refreshment, the weather conditions were such as to make the duty in many respects difficult.

The Committee returns its acknowledgments to Captain H. F. Pipes, of the United States General Hospital at Washington Barracks, and to Lieutenant L. R. Partridge, U. S. A., of Fort Sheridan, Ill., for their active and courteous efforts to make this co-operative service replete in every detail.

The following instructions were promulgated for the guidance of those concerned together with printed lists of ambulance and wagon locations:

Special Instructions for Special and Additional Policemen to be given by Captains and other Commanding Officers in addition to other orders respecting their duties:

1. Special and Additional Privates possess all the police powers conferred upon members of the Regular Police Force, except that Special Privates can exercise it on the premises only for which they are appointed, while Additional Privates may be assigned to beats and have an unrestricted commission. All are subject to the regulations governing the Metropolitan Police Force.

2. They shall prevent and detect crime and maintain peace

and good order at all times.

3. Additional Privates shall be assigned to duty as may be required, on beats or posts, and shall obey and respect the orders and directions of Superior Officers and members of the Regular Force, detailed as Sergeants.

4. While on duty they shall not neglect the work in hand, nor enter bar-rooms or places where liquor may be had, except in line of duty, and a violation of this rule will be

followed by immediate removal.

5. The drinking of intoxicants or the appearance for duty under the influence of liquor will be cause for summary discharge.

6. Courteous and respectful conduct is expected on their

part, but firmness should be shown at all times.

7. The baton is to be used for self-defense, and unnecessary maltreatment of prisoners or others will not be tolerated. Bear in mind that visitors are our guests and treat them accordingly.

8. They shall remember that they are under orders, and

therefore be prompt in reporting on and off duty.

9. They shall read all printed instructions carefully and

answer all questions civilly.

10. When called upon to restore order, a request shall first be made for such, and if not effective, a command in the name of the District of Columbia shall be given, and then, if necessary, force should be used and arrests made of the responsible party or parties.

11. They shall not argue questions and shall refrain from talking back, preserve their temper and pay no attention to

aside remarks, and thereby avoid trouble.

12. They shall aid the sick and injured by taking them to the nearest drug store or by calling over a 'phone to the nearest hospital. Along the line of parade, Red Cross indicates where ambulances and physicians may be found. The reverse of this card gives location of 'phones and ambulances. Direct them specially as to the location of ambulances and patrol wagons on the 4th of March.

13. When on a beat, they shall give close attention to doors, windows, alley-ways and rear entrances. The apprehension of a burglar, thief or other person guilty of a crime will entitle the Special or Additional Private making the

arrest to proper reward for meritorious service.

14. It does not speak well for an officer to be seen talking with citizens or others. He should patrol his beat slowly

and closely. Very often while the policeman talks, the thief is at work.

- 15. They should be instructed as to the general orders for the day and understand that drivers for distinguished guests, cabinet officers and foreign representatives wear a round, red, white and blue card badge signed by the Superintendent of Police which permits them to drive through and across the route of parade.
- 16. Pedestrians wearing red, white and blue passes, signed by the Superintendent, will be permitted to cross from curb to curb.
- 17. Familiarize Special and Additional Privates with public hack rates so that they will be enabled to determine disputes.
- 18. Have regular members of the force go to the assistance of Special or Additional Privates, when summoned.
- 19. It is to a man's credit if he makes a good record as an Additional Private. They should be reminded that they are under careful supervision and inspection.
- 20. Additional Privates anywhere should be prompt to offer information as to location of streets to strangers and visitors and should pay particular attention to prevent them from being imposed upon by runners and drivers, who often misrepresent prices and distances. Disorder and the surrounding of strangers and visitors by runners must not be permitted.

Doctor D. P. Hickling, in order to facilitate the Medical Hospital Corps' work, selected Doctor George M. Kober and Doctor G. L. Magruder as Vice-Chairmen of his service, with Doctor P. C. Hunt as Secretary, and there were four sub-committees on—Hospital at the Pension Office Building, Hospital at the Union Station, Inspection of Quarters and Ambulance Stations, in charge of Doctor E. W. Reisinger, Doctor W. P. Reeves, Doctor William C. Gwynn and Doctor Frank E. Gibson, respectively.

The division on Ambulance Stations cared for 81 cases, 10 surgical and 71 medical, 53 of whom were males and 28 females. This important work was conducted under the most unfavorable circumstances, owing to the extreme

weather conditions, which necessitated many of the physicians using parts of the parade route in hastening urgent cases to the Emergency Hospital, instead of making the longer runs against inclement and windy weather. heavy snow was a great impediment to making longer distance trips. Suffering was materially relieved by this obligatory change in contemplated arrangements. Some of the Red Cross tents were blown over, requiring the establishment of stations at the District Building, State, War and Navy Department and Marine Hospital Building. All stations reported cases treated excepting number 19, and there were on duty over seventy physicians, members of the Committee. The Red Cross contingent I must commend as a most valuable auxiliary, they furnishing complete relief equipments at each station as well as uniformed nurses, the latter braving the weather for duty, which was efficient. The stretchermen deserve praise for excellent service.

The hospital at the Pension Office Building opened for business March 4th at 9:00 o'clock a. m., and closed on March 7th, at 11:00 o'clock a. m., and in that period treated 24 cases. The physician in charge was, in a measure, disappointed in not having freedom from sound and light, so essential where the sick are to be cared for, and would have been pleased with more decorations about the place, but we are all aware of the difficulties that were encountered by delay.

The medical gentlemen express appreciation of the good offices of Lieutenant Judge, of the police force, and Mr. Graham, of the Inaugural Committee, for attentions extended to the hospital and for refreshments provided for the nurses.

The hospital at the Terminal Station, established through the courtesy of Superintendent Keppel, and supported by the Red Cross, was in operation from March 1st to midnight of March 7th, and in that time 105 cases were given medical attention. The ranking physician, Doctor Hickling, and your Chairman take pleasure in according the physicians. Red Cross nurses and stretcher bearers their sincere appreciation for a duty well performed under trying and prolonged conditions.

The assignment to inspect quarters made a thorough canvass of hotels and buildings, railway and Pullman cars, numbering twenty-five, which were gone over, with good ventilation and perfect sanitary conditions in view, and rendered medical treatment in four instances.

In all 214 cases were reported as cared for by the Medical Hospital Committee without expense to the Committee except for printing and a small quantity of medical supplies.

The physicians gladly and energetically responded to this call, and they evidenced that devotion and attention to the work which has at all times characterized their labors in times of distress and need. They were forced by the season to undergo many discomforts and labored against many disadvantages but in the end their important charge was splendidly completed.

I desire to express my thanks and regards to the Chairman of this branch of the service for his co-operation and assistance and my appreciation to Doctors Gibson, Magruder, Reeves, Reisinger and Gwynn for their energetic and able professional directions and services.

In this cause Miss Mabel Boardman, of the Red Cross Society, rendered early, intelligent and continued aid to make the arrangements for the care of the sick and suffering complete.

Every effort was made, and it appears they were successful, to maintain the route of parade, and particularly the Court of Honor, free of obstructions, and "markers" for the guidance of organizations were provided at the suggestion of General John A. Johnston, Chief of Staff, whose ever kindly co-operation contributed largely to the success of the Committee, and at the dismissal location of the parade, every advice and assistance was rendered by your Chairman looking to the expedition and comfort of the thousands who had

to march to their respective places of assembly under much discomfort from weather conditions. There was not a single hitch or a halt through congestion or premature disbandment.

Members of the Committee, at the general meeting on February 27, 1909, responded to the number of three hundred and thirty-one, and received their instructions, not only as committeemen, but under the law relating to police powers, police authority having been conferred upon each member, the oath of office being administered by the Chairman, and printed commissions, laws and suggestions were issued to each one of them.

The Committee work was an improvement over former years, and the police arrangements were carried into effect without loss or injury to any of the thousands interested.

Headquarters was established at the ball and your Chairman and his assistants departed at the conclusion of the event. There were no thefts or embarrassments reported and but few lost articles, most of them being found and returned to the owners.

Ample precautions were had looking to the security of the distinguished guests going to, while at, and while retiring from the Pension Building.

I desire to convey to you my thanks for your confidence in honoring me with the Chairmanship of the Committee on Public Order and for your ever courteous and expeditious disposition of affairs requiring your action, and, your untiring secretary by his generous attentions made a difficult task much easier than it would have been otherwise.

When the storm of wind and snow became furious after midnight of March third, your Chairman remained on duty and at about 3.00 o'clock a. m., with telephonic communication interrupted, had the authorities charged with clearing the Avenue and scattering sand thereon, called for work looking to the safety of the parade route.

I know that you will join with me in according to the

patriotic, intelligent and public spirited citizens who composed the Committee, and the officers and members of the Metropolitan Police Force, a full measure of credit, for labors performed successfully under trying circumstances.

I respectfully beg leave to present a copy of a communication from Brigadier General John A. Johnston, U. S. A., Chief of Staff, for the inauguration, together with duplicates of passes issued for all purposes during that period.

Washington, March 6, 1909.

Major Richard Sylvester, Police Headquarters, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Major:

Before severing my official connection with the office of the Grand Marshal of the Inaugural Parade, March 4, 1909, I take great pleasure in expressing to you the debt this office owes you for your always generous and efficient co-operation in all related matters that had so much to do with the successful organization, assembly, movement and dismissal of the largest military and civic inaugural parade with which I have been associated since 1893, and this under such disorganizing influences of blizzard weather, demoralized transportation, means of shelter and subsistence, etc., etc., the like of which has not obtained since 1889, and for your all-night vigilence and forethought in awakening the street cleaner at an hour sufficiently early for clearing the heavy fall of snow off the Avenue from the White House to the Capitol and providing sand to be scattered along the route of parade, all of which is deserving of the highest commendation.

I have the honor to be,

Very truly yours,
(Signed) John A. Johnston,
Brigadier General, Chief of Staff."

Respectfully submitted,

RICHARD SYLVESTER, Chairman Committee on Public Order.





Report of Committee on Civic Organizations

THOMAS P. MORGAN, Chairman
WILLIAM T. GALLIHER, First Vice-Chairman
WALTER H. KLOPFER, Second Vice-Chairman
ALAN O. CLEPHANE, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

I have the honor to submit the following report as Chairman of the Committee on Civic Organizations.

This Committee was promptly organized with Mr. William T. Galliher, First Vice-Chairman; Mr. Walter H. Klopfer, Second Vice-Chairman; and Mr. Alan O. Clephane, Secretary, with headquarters at No. 1335 F Street, N. W.

Invitations were extended to all organizations that participated in the inaugural parade of 1905 and also to numerous bodies that notified us of their desire to participate.

Eighty-two acceptances were received and brought to Washington about ten thousand, six hundred and thirty-three men.

The Committee extended an invitation to each Senator and Representative of the Sixtieth Congress, to nominate an aide to ride in the Civic Grand Division, which resulted in the naming of one hundred and twenty-seven aides.

In constituting my staff, I caused to be issued General Orders No. 1, on February 15th, copy of which is attached hereto.

Inaugural Parade, March 4, 1909. Headquarters of the Chief Marshal, Civic Grand Division.

Washington, D. C., February 15, 1909.

GENERAL ORDERS,

No. 1.

The Chief Marshal announces the following appointments upon his staff:

Chief of Staff_______W. T. Galliher Adjutant General_____William F. Gude Assistant Adjutant General____Walter H. Klopfer Judge Advocate General____Alan O. Clephane Inspector General____Charles H. L. Johnston Quartermaster General____James L. Marshall Commissary General____George M. Hanson Chief Aide_____Charles F. Cummins

Further appointments will be announced later as occasion may require.

Pursuant to General Orders No. 4 of the Grand Marshal of the Inaugural Parade, on February 27, 1909, I caused to be issued General Orders No. 2, as per copy attached hereto, which records that the Civic Grand Division, commanded by a Chief Marshal with Staff and Aides, was composed of fifty-six organizations, and consisted of three divisions with three brigades in each division, with division and brigade commanders, attended by their respective staffs and aides.

The inclement weather prevented many members from parading, and the experiences of the Civic Organizations on that day prompt me to join in the universal hope that the Congress of the United States will enact a law which will change the inaugural day.

It is with pleasure that I bear testimony to the courteous treatment extended me by Major General J. Franklin Bell, Chief of Staff, U. S. A., Grand Marshal, also to Brig. Gen. John A. Johnston, U. S. A., the able Chief of Staff of the Grand Marshal.

To Mr. William T. Galliher, Chief of Staff of the Chief Marshal of the Civic Grand Division, is due all praise for his arduous and successful labor in the assembly of the Civic Grand Divisions and to Mr. Walter H. Klopfer, Second Vice-Chairman, and to Mr. Alan O. Clephane, Secretary, I am under obligations for their continued efforts in promoting the welfare of this Committee.

Then again, to all the Marshals of Divisions and Brigades, their Staffs, their Aides, and the organizations, great credit is due and is hereby acknowledged for the public and patriotic spirit they displayed in participating in the inaugural parade on a day so inclement as to cause physical suffering to every one who had to stand or march in the snow covered streets.

The sum of five hundred dollars was allotted for the use of this Committee, of which amount \$445.80 was expended as follows:

Dec. 26, 1908.	Postage	\$25.00
Dec. 31, 1908.	L. E. Tibbetts, clerk, salary	50.00
Jan. 6, 1909.	W. F. Roberts Co., stationery	18.00
Jan. 30, 1909.	L. E. Tibbetts, clerk, salary	50.00
Feb. 19, 1909.	Postage	25.00
Feb. 27, 1909.	L. E. Tibbetts, clerk, salary	50.00
Feb. 27, 1909.	E. D. Williston, for clerk, postage, etc., for Colored Division	50.00
Mar. 1, 1909.	Postage, messenger service, and	* F 00
	typewriting supplies	15.00
Carried forward		

В	Brou	ght fo	orward	\$283.00
Feb.	19,	1909.	W. F. Roberts Co., stationery	16.25
Mar.	2,	1909.	Gibson Bros., printing General	
			Orders No. 2	37.20
Mar.	2,	1909.	W. F. Roberts Co., stationery	11.25
Feb.	27,	1909.	Western Union Telegraph Co.,	
			telegrams	7.03
Mar.	2,	1909.	Joseph Haas, 56 card numbers	7.00
Mar.	8,	1909.	Marion G. Barker, stenographer	5.00
Mar.	8,	1909.	Edward W. Cady, clerk	16.67
Mar.	8,	1909.	L. E. Tibbetts, clerk, salary	15.00
Mar.	2,	1909.	Wm. H. Dyer, posts	5.60
Mar.	9,	1909.	Transferred to Grand Marshal's	
	4	,	office for maps and printing	39.50
Mar.	12,	1909.	Yawman Erbe Co., cards and	
			folders	2.30
				\$445.80
				Ψ445.00

To you, Mr. Chairman, this Committee, as well as its Chairman, extend hearty felicitations on the brilliant success of your administration of the affairs incident to the 1909 Inaugural, and I thank you for your consideration, courtesy and assistance during the three months devoted to the preparatory work.

Respectfully submitted,

Thos. P. Morgan, Chairman Committee on Civic Organizations.

SUMMARY OF EXPENSES.

Clerical services	\$186.67
Postage	55.00
Stationery and typewriting supplies	52.80
Allotted to Colored Division for clerical work and	
stationery	50.00
Printing	37.20
Posts and cards for parade	12.60
Telegrams and messenger service	12.03
Transferred to Grand Marshal's office for maps	
and printing	39.50
-	\$44F 80
	\$445.80



Report of Committee on Parks and Reviewing Stands

Edward J. Stellwagen, Esq., Chairman Inaugural Committee, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

I am enclosing herewith detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Committee on Parks and Reviewing Stands. From this statement it will be seen that the total receipts of this Committee from all sources are \$32,237.95. After deducting therefrom expenses of every nature there remains a net profit of \$16,957.80.

During the Inaugural Ceremonies of 1901 I had the honor of being Chairman of this Committee. At that time the Committee recommended the adoption of an entirely new plan for providing for the seating capacity of citizens desiring to witness the Inaugural Parade. Prior thereto it had been the custom to lease the privileges of erecting all stands with the exception of the President's Reviewing Stand, which was built and decorated at the expense of the

Inaugural Committee. The plan suggested, however, applied only to the erection of the Lafayette Reviewing Stand, which was built under the supervision and control of this Committee. The idea was that the profit to be derived from the sale of seats upon the Lafavette Reviewing Stand and that derived from the sale of privileges to erect other stands to be located on reservations on Pennsylvania Avenue, would pay all the expenses of this Committee, including the cost of the erection of the President's Reviewing Stand. The outcome of this plan, which was vigorously opposed by some members of the Committee at that time because of the risk attending such an undertaking justified the course adopted. The total receipts in 1901 from all sources were \$15,793.00, and the expenditures \$15,922.77, thus the receipts not only paid for the erection of the President's Stand and the Lafayette Stand, but came within a few dollars of paying for the entire cost of the Court of Honor, which at that time was erected by this Committee and introduced as a novelty.

In 1905 it was my privilege to lead this same Committee and the general policy pursued in 1901 was carried out at the Inauguration of President Roosevelt, with the exception that the Court of Honor was under the control of the Committee on Street Decorations. The receipts on this occasion were \$26,480.00 and the disbursements \$14,679.13, thus leaving a net profit of \$11,801.82, as against a net profit of \$16,957.80, as shown by the statement herewith enclosed, for the Inauguration of President Taft.

The results accomplished by this Committee in the way of solving the problem of providing for the seating capacity of citizens desiring to witness the Inaugural Parade, in my opinion, have demonstrated the wisdom of the plan and will materially assist those who may have charge of the same work in the future inaugurations in bringing about still further improvements. It is to be hoped, however, that some method may be devised whereby the place for the re-

viewing of the Inaugural Parade may be changed so as to do away with the building of any stands along Pennsylvania Avenue, either in front of public or private buildings or on public reservations. It is, in my opinion, unfortunate that such a reservation as Lafayette Square should be almost covered with a Reviewing Stand, which, no matter how well built, can only mar the appearance of the street at a time when our public buildings and reservations should be open to full view, that visitors may be able to see the city under normal conditions and unembarrassed by structures of the kind indicated above.

In my report to the Inaugural Committee of 1905, a plan was submitted which contemplated the erection of an amphitheater on the ellipse in the rear of the White House. This plan, while it met with the cordial support of a majority of the Inaugural Committee, could not be carried out on account of objections which were raised to the lay of the land surrounding the approaches to the ellipse. It is hoped that at some time in the near future a parade ground of sufficient size, conveniently located to the White House, may be provided.

I cannot close this report without expressing my appreciation of the able assistance rendered the Committee by Mr. Arthur Peter and Mr. Walter C. Clephane, Vice-Chairmen; Mr. John Joy Edson, Jr., Secretary; Mr. LeRoy Mark, who had charge of the Sub-Committee for the sale of tickets, and Mr. Appleton P. Clark, Jr., who rendered valuable services as architect of the Committee.

Very respectfully yours,

John B. Larner, Chairman Committee on Parks and Reviewing Stands.

Final Statement of Committee on Parks and Reviewing Stands.

	2	
1909	W E Dalace Ca Distin	Φ
Jan. 14	W. F. Roberts Co., Printing	\$5.75
29 Feb. 1	W. F. Roberts Co., Printing	4.00
	Henry A. Farnham, Blue Prints Washington Post Co., Advt	2.00
4	Washington Herald Co., Advt	2.25
4 15	Washington Times Co., Advt	2.04
	Globe Ticket Co., Printing	2.70
23	National Electric Supply Co., Supplies_	55.05
27	James L. Parsons, a/c Erecting stands_	3.75 3,500.00
27 Mch. 9	James L. Parsons, a/c Erecting stands_	7,500.00
McIi. 9	Washington Post Co., Advt	3.25
	Washington Times Co., Advt	3.75
	Evening Star Newspaper Co., Advt	3.73 4.95
10	Lamb & Tilden, Rubber Stamps	1.30
10	Copenhaver, Stationery	.75
	Byron S. Adams, Printing	1.50
	LeRoy Mark—Insurance	32.75
	Arthur Peter—Expense account	3.75
	Lansburgh Furniture Co., Folding Chairs	1,040.40
	Bailey & Brother	28.00
	James L. Parsons, a/c Stands	46.36
12	John B. Larner—Expense account	22.65
	Thaddeus F. Robbins, Services	180.00
	Law Reporter Printing Co., Printing	2.00
13	Henry E. Cooper, ServicesRuth M. Oberly, Refund	63.00
ŭ	Ruth M. Oberly, Refund	8.00
	Washington Herald Co., Advt.	4.80
15	W. F. Roberts Co., Printing	10.00
, and the second	Jesse C. Brooke, Services	90.00
16	Appleton P. Clark, Jr.—Expense account	48.00
	S. Kann & Sons Co., Decorations T. Arthur Smith, Ushers	253.00
17	T. Arthur Smith, Ushers	28.00
	Henry A. Farnham, Blue Prints	3.90
	Washington Florist Co., Flowers	2.50
	James L. Parsons, in full erection of	
	stands	2,020.00
	Total	\$14,980.15
	=	
Cook ros	eipts paid C. F. Norment, Treasurer	\$22.227.05
Pofund a	of deposits due purchasers of privileges.	ψ32,237.95 200.00
Keruna (of deposits due parenasers of privileges.	300.00
		\$31,937.95
Expendit	tures as above	14,980.15
Expendi	-	
Net prof	ît	\$16,957.80
	<u>-</u>	
	John B. La	ARNER,
		Chairman.
Amount	received for privileges on South Side of	
Pennsylvania Avenue and included in above		
	pts	\$1,787.00
1 0001	r	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,



Report of Committee on Street Decorations

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:



THE following is a summary of the work accomplished by your Committee on Street Decorations, of which I had the honor to be Chairman.

There were five divisions of my committee, each assigned to different work. The division with E. W. Donn, Jr., at the head had the work of de-

signing and making working drawings and specifications for the Court of Honor.

The division on supervision, with W. J. Marsh at the head, had the work of making preliminary forms of contracts and the supervision of the erection of the Court of Honor.

The division of publicity, with Allen D. Albert at the head, kept the public informed as to our objects and aims,

and through the medium of the public press, endeavor to influence residents to decorate in harmony with the color scheme decided on by the Committee.

The division on decoration of the Union Station Plaza, Dr. F. B. Loring at the head, had to do with the difficult problem of putting in order and decorating the Plaza.

The division on decorating Pennsylvania Avenue, Charles A. Douglas at the head, had the task of enlisting the co-operation of the merchants and occupants of buildings along the line of march of the Inaugural Parade to adopt the decorative scheme of the Committee.

The design of the Court of Honor was determined on after the most careful consideration of various schemes, and great credit should be given to Mr. Ward Brown and Mr. M. L. Leisenring for valuable suggestions.

Mr. W. J. Marsh, who had charge of superintendence, and Mr. W. I. Deming and Mr. C. W. Somerville, the Engineers of their divisions, strove to make the structure so strong that it would withstand the worst conditions of wind and weather. Their work showed for itself on the 4th of March, for a more severe blizzard has seldom visited this city. The Court of Honor, however, remained intact, and but little the worse for the severe strain it had been subjected to.

The Union Station Plaza was decorated by three rows of trees (nursery grown spruce) brought from New Hampshire. These trees were carefully planted about the outer circumference of the circle of the Plaza; the result was entirely satisfactory.

It may be proper to state here that in the very beginning it was decided to encourage the most liberal use of the National emblem flying free from a mast or pole, or grouped in trophies, but to discourage as far as lay in our power its misuse as draperies, portieres, fans and pin wheels plastered on flat walls as a mere decoration. The Committee selected green and white. Natural greens, such as laurel leaves, and white unbleached muslin were suggested as flat wall decorations or as a background for fluttering flags. Where this idea was carried out the effect was very good, but few people cared to take the trouble to go in for this to any great extent. This was the color scheme of the Court of Honor. It happened that the fall of snow made it the color scheme of the Union Station Plaza as well.

As this report will be printed and remain in the archives and be read by Chairmen of future committees, it may be well to state here and for their benefit some of the difficulties we had to contend with, and recommend for their work.

The Inaugural Committee this year decided to adopt the recommedation of the Committee on Street Decorations, to relieve that Committee of the burden of caring for the quantities of flags, usually borrowed from the United States Government, and loaned to whosoever wanted them. The borrowing of these flags and the loaning of them to private parties entailed an enormous amount of work and financial responsibility in the past, without a corresponding amount of good derived. By declining to borrow the flags, if thereby the Inaugural Committee was to be burdened with the expense and responsibility of handling them, and they could not be handled without considerable expense to the Inaugural Committee, none were borrowed.

The public accepted this attitude, went right ahead and decorated their buildings, using more flags than had ever been used before, the Committee having no trouble at all.

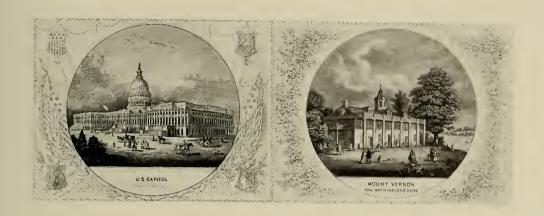
The Inaugural Committee, through its Committee on Reviewing Stands, issued no permits for the erection of stands unless agreement was made to conform to certain structural and architectural lines and the decorative scheme of this Committee. The Committee on Street Decorations should be empowered to do the same thing with people owning buildings on the line of march. If they had the power to refuse a permit to decorate unless the decorations conformed to some pre-arranged scheme, I think the people would fall

into line and we would have uniformity on Pennsylvania Avenue, a thing to be greatly hoped for.

The matter could be approached on the legal side because decorations are projections beyond the building line and any projection beyond the building line immediately comes within the authority of the government and subject to its approval or disapproval. This is a matter for future committees to take up and carry through.

Very respectfully,

EDWARD W. DONN, JR., Chairman Committee on Street Decorations.



Report of the Committee on Marking Points of Historic Interest

WILLIAM P. VAN WICKLE, Chairman
WILLIAM V. Cox, Vice-Chairman
Dr. MARCUS BENJAMIN, Historian
EDWARD T. BATES, Secretary
ARTHUR F. BAUER, Corresponding Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee, 1909,

New Willard Hotel, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

As Chairman of the Committee on Historic Sites I have the honor to submit herewith my report, together with a statement of its expenditures.

The Committee held two meetings, both in the New Willard Hotel, each of which was largely attended, and great interest was manifested. At the first meeting, held on January 5, four sub-committees and an Executive Committee were authorized and the Chairman and members of each designated.

The four sub-committees were:

- 1. To Examine and Pass on Points of Historic Interest, Dr. Marcus Benjamin, Chairman.
- 2. On Character, Design, and Material of Marker, Mr. Frederick D. Owen, Chairman.

- 3. To Locate and Mark Sites Selected,
 Mr. Henry W. Samson, Chairman.
- 4. On Compiling and Printing Catalogue, Mr. John C. Proctor, Chairman.

The Executive Committee was composed of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Committee and the Chairmen of the four sub-committees. Subsequent to the meeting of January 5, all matters pertaining to the work of the Committee were referred to and acted upon by the appropriate sub-committee in co-operation with the Executive Committee.

This distribution of work proved advantageous in practice and at the second and final meeting of the committee, held on February 27, the reports of the sub-committees were unanimously adopted. These were essentially as follows:

- 1. In addition to the points passed upon at the last inauguration, Dr. Benjamin reported that numerous statements and suggestions concerning new localities had been received, and that these had been carefully considered by his subcommittee, resulting in the presentation of a larger number of sites than before. In considering these sites it should be remembered that the sub-committee acted largely in a judicial capacity, that is to say, it considered the evidence presented rather than attempting to investigate in any exhaustive manner the material submitted. Nearly two hundred points of interest in and near this city were located and approved by this sub-committee.
- 2. Mr. Owen reported that the marker adopted by his committee was of wood and sheet metal, oblong, painted in imitation of bronze, with chocolate colored lettering with a shield in the national colors near the upper border, bearing a number to correspond with the catalogue number on the point marked. This marker he believed was the most artistic ever used on a similar occasion. It can be duplicated in bronze if wanted for use as a permanent marker for about \$35.

- 3. Under the chairmanship of Mr. Henry W. Samson, the Sub-Committee to Locate and Mark Sites Selected, located and marked about one hundred and seventy-five points of historic interest in and near the city. While the work was in progress a helpful spirit of co-operation was manifested by the officials and citizens that greatly assisted the members of this sub-committee.
- 4. With reference to compiling and printing catalogues, Mr. Proctor's report showed that about ten thousand catalogues in booklet form, of twenty-four pages each, were printed and distributed free of cost to visitors and other applicants. Two editions were printed. The last edition contained an index which was compiled by Mr. Wm. W. Bishop, of the Library of Congress, which was a feature that added greatly to convenience for reference.

At the last meeting of the Committee a vote of thanks to yourself for courtesies was adopted; also a resolution was unanimously passed requesting the appointment of a committee of seven members to examine into the advisability of forming a permanent organization to take up and carry on the work of this and former temporary committees of like character so that points of historic interest in the District might be permanently, properly, and authoritatively marked. This will be done and, if deemed advisable, a meeting will be called to act upon the report.

It is a pleasure to place on record my appreciation of the interest shown in the work of the committee by the Washington papers. The Post, Star, Times, and Herald freely opened their columns to communications from citizens who were interested in the subject, thus placing at the disposal of the sub-committees information that might not otherwise have been obtained. It is gratifying to report that the inaugural editions of the Washington papers contained the entire list of historic sites reported by the committee.

The total disbursements of the Committee on Historic Sites amounted to \$371.54, as follows:

Lippman Printing Co Washington Wood Working Co O'Bryon Sign Co Arthur F. Bauer, sundries	
	\$371.54

Thanking you and the other officers and members of the Inaugural Committee for co-operation, assistance, and uniform courtesies, I am,

Very respectfully yours,

W. P. VAN WICKLE, Chairman Committee on Historic Sites.



Report of Committee on Illumination

BERNARD R. GREEN, Chairman W. C. Allen, Vice-Chairman Philander Betts, Secretary

Washington, D. C., May 4, 1909.

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

I have the honor to render the following report of the part taken by the Committee on Illumination in the public attractions and displays organized and carried out by the General Committee, on the occasion of the inauguration of President William H .Taft and Vice-President James S. Sherman.

The membership of the Committee was almost wholly outside of the Inaugural Committee proper.

The function of the Committee was decided to be the suggestion and execution of designs of exterior and street illuminations, and accordingly the first proceeding was a consideration of streets, avenues, parks and buildings on and

near the line from the Capitol to the White House, which was to be the route of parade and naturally the area of attraction to the multitude of visitors.

For obvious reasons the ruling principle adopted was concentration and excellence of undertaking and performance, rather than magnitude and diffusion, to the end that the visitor should carry away definite beautiful impressions. This was accomplished, with the limited available funds, in all of the following seven illuminations.

- A. Pennsylvania Avenue, cross festooned with white electric lights from First Street to Fifteenth Street and New York Avenue.
- B. The dome, lantern, and figure of the Goddess of Liberty on the Capitol.
- C. Peace Monument, at First Street end of the Avenue, canopied with water spray.
 - D. Post Office Belfry.
 - E. New white marble Municipal Building.
- F. Special displays by owners on private buildings along the Avenue.
 - G. Cornice and pediment lines of the Treasury Building.

The Committee also supplied the electric current for the illumination of the Court of Honor in front of the White House, from Fifteenth to Seventeenth Streets.

Scheme A consisted of about fifty quadruple festoons, with peaks thirty feet above the pavement, of eighty 4-candle power lamps spaced one and a half feet apart, hung at intervals of approximately one hundred and fifty feet, comprising about 4,000 lamps in all. The effect was a perspective canopy a mile and a quarter long, shutting out of the more distant vistas the side lights on the buildings and producing a thoroughly beautiful and grand result. It was especially brilliant and memorable on the night of March 3d during the

heavy rain, when the light was mirrored in the wet pavement.

Scheme B was produced by two 30-inch search lights loaned by the War Department with a detail of ten artillerymen for the purpose. The lights were located on the two ventilating air towers in the west grounds of the Capitol, and the effect was most brilliant—the white dome floating beautifully against the dark sky.

Scheme C was a canopy of water from a fountain spray behind the heads of the main figures, lighted by constantly changing colored rays projected from three 12-inch search lights about the base of the monument. The effect was very attractive and successful.

Scheme D was well carried out by the use of Cooper-Hewitt mercury lamps placed in the belfry.

Scheme E consisted of six 8-inch theatre spot lights projected from buildings across the streets, brilliantly illuminating the white marble architecture. The effect was enhanced by the lighting of all the front rooms from the interior fixtures.

Scheme F consisted of festoons of electric lights decorating and outlining the architecture of many of the business and other buildings.

Scheme G consisted of lines of lights entirely around the cornice and pediments of the Treasury Building.

The total cost of these several illuminations was as follows:

Avenue illumination\$	3,337.45
Peace monument fountain	362.73
Capitol dome	20.00
Municipal building	300.00
Treasury building	435.00
Electric current for Court of Honor	536.00
Total\$	4,991.18

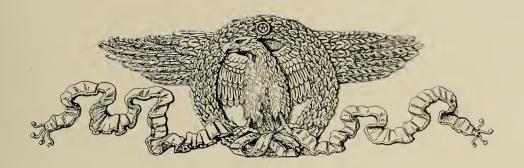
Nearly the entire Committee rendered service as members by attending meetings, taking part in the discussions and advising as to plans and details, while a considerable number took personal part in the labors attending the actual execution of the work of installation. Among these who are to be conspicuously mentioned and thanked are Vice-Chairman W. C. Allen, who had charge of the illumination of the Avenue; Mr. W. E. Bleo, who assisted Mr. Allen on the Avenue, and especially looked after the Peace Monument fountain; Captain William Kelly, for the illumination of the Capitol and other public buildings; Messrs. C. P. Gliem and D. W. Harding, for the illumination of the Capitol, and Mr. P. L. Dougherty for the illumination of the Treasury Building.

I would further and especially commend the excellent service of Mr. W. A. McFarland, of the District of Columbia Water Department, who rendered special assistance in the construction of the Peace Mounment fountain, which was accomplished at practically no cost to the Committee.

The Committee was also assisted very materially by the ready help rendered by the District Government through its several departments, by the granting of permits and aiding all street operations. The same is to be said, as to the parks, of Colonel Chas. S. Bromwell, of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., in charge of Public Buildings and Grounds.

Very truly yours,

Bernard R. Green, Chairman Committee on Illumination.



Report of Committee on Fireworks

Cuno H. Rudolph, Chairman
J. Fred Kelley, First Vice-Chairman
A. E. Offutt, Second Vice-Chairman
Frederick A. Fenning, Secretary

To Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman, Inaugural Committee.

DEAR SIR:

The Committee on Fireworks, after giving the most careful consideration to various propositions for pyrotechnical display in connection with the Inaugural Ceremonies, 1909, submitted by ten of the leading concerns of this country, awarded the contract for the exhibition to the Paine Fireworks Company, of New York, at a cost of \$3,500. The program selected was one of the most elaborate ever conceived, and embodied several new features never before given at public exhibitions. Owing to the inclement weather of the night before and morning of March 4th, great damage was done to material erected on the grounds which could not be repaired in time and thus a few pieces had to be omitted from the program; for this, although under no legal obligation to do so, the contractors voluntarily reduced their bill \$500.

The exhibition as given was the best ever seen anywhere, and the exclamations of approval and admiration from the multitude assembled on the "Ellipse" frequently drowned the noise made by exploding bombs. Citizens who viewed the display from elevated points all over the city agree that they never saw better colors or more brilliant effects, and were lavish in their praise. The exhibition, being practically all aerial, could be enjoyed from any elevation at every point of the compass at great distances; a special dispatch to the "Star" stated that as far away as Winchester, Va., many pieces were visible. The Committee endeavored to impress upon our visitors and citizens that it would not be necessary to journey to the firing grounds to observe the display. Nevertheless and notwithstanding the discomfort of standing in snow and slush it is conservatively estimated that from 55,000 to 60,000 persons occupied the area around the "Ellipse."

Owing to the elimination of all rockets with sticks, and the care exercised generally by the representatives of the Paine Company, not a single casualty occurred, and because of good management and vigilence of our police force no cases of disorder happened. For the comfort and safety of spectators, the Committee, for the first time, excluded horses, vehicles and automobiles from the grounds of the President's Park, roping off and guarding all entrances thereto; the results were so gratifying that we recommend this precaution be taken on similar occasions hereafter.

The thanks of the Committee are due to the press of this and other cities for the publication of interesting articles on the exhibition; to the Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds for many courtesies extended; to the Major and Superintendent of Police and his efficient force, and to members of the Committee on Public Order, for valuable services before, during and after the display, and to the Engineer Department of the District of Columbia for assisting in closing the entrances to the Park.

That an exhibition of fireworks attracts and provides entertainment for the greatest number of people, and is always the most popular feature of any celebration we have had ample evidence of time and time again.

There is no substitute to fittingly close the festivities, and thousands would be disappointed if not tempted to stay away from the city entirely were the usual pyrotechnic display omitted. Nevertheless this Committee is constrained to recommend that no more exhibitions of fireworks be attempted unless the date for holding the Inaugural Ceremonies is changed to a more propitious season.

All efforts on the part of the Committee to prevent people exposing themselves needlessly have proven in vain; in their enthusiasm they will stand for several hours on the soggy turf or mushy roadways unmindful of the icy blasts, courting all manner of ills. We trust the much desired change in the date may be made, so that the many thousand visitors and our citizens can enjoy the displays in comfort and with no danger to health.

Respectfully,

Cuno H. Rudolph,

Chairman.





Report of Committee on Music

Percy S. Foster, Chairman
Dr. Henry G. Hanchett, Vice-Chairman
Edward Tarring, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir:

I have the honor to present to you in behalf of the Committee on Music of the Taft-Sherman Inaugural Ceremonies the following report of our work:

The Committee was promptly organized with twenty-one representative musicians and business men, and from the beginning of its labors proceeded with a determination to make the musical program of the very highest order.

After careful consideration contracts were awarded to Lieutenant W. H. Santelmann, of the U. S. Marine Band, Mr. Sol Minster and the Philippines Constabulary Band, for the instrumental music at the Inaugural Ball and the Concerts following. All of the contracts were satisfactorily executed and the amounts agreed upon paid accordingly.

Notwithstanding the weather the promenade concerts were very successful, paid admissions to the same being as follows:

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE, MARCH, 1909

March 5th,	2:15 P	M	4,455
March 5th,	8:15 P.		11,897
March 6th,	2:15 P.		4,843
	Total _		28,487

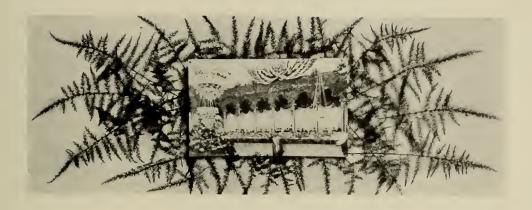
Following the custom inaugurated in 1897, the Fourth Inaugural Chorus of six hundred and fifty voices was organized and rendered most excellent service at the two evening concerts, with the assistance of the U. S. Marine Orchestra.

By virtue of the extra concerts the appropriation for music was increased over 1905 to make the total \$6,674. Our total expenditure of every kind amounted to \$6,674, exclusive of extra newspaper advertising amounting to \$416. With this addition the entire budget of the Music Committee was \$7,090.

Respectfully submitted,

Percy S. Foster,

Chairman.



Report of Committee on Decoration

JAMES RUSH MARSHALL, Chairman J. G. HILL, Vice-Chairman ARTHUR B. HEATON, Secretary

To Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman of the Inaugural Committee.

SIR:

I have the honor to submit for my Committee the following statement regarding the conduct of their work, the expenditures connected therewith, and some comments of possible advantage to a committee entrusted with a similar work in the future.

The first meeting of the Committee was held on January 11th. The time allowed for the carrying out of the work being shorter than on the previous Inaugural, the Committee felt impelled to follow the same course as the previous Committee, and with your approval, formulated its own scheme for decorations, and arbitrarily selected the individuals in the various branches to execute them.

CONDUCT OF THE WORK.

The iron beams and trolleys on the ceilings of the galleries were painted during the week ending February 20th.

Work was begun by the C. H. Koster Company February 21st; by C. A. Langley on February 23d; by the National

Electrical Supply Company on February 25th; by J. H Small & Sons on February 26th, and in each case pursued continuously until March 3d, when all work was completed except the placing of cut flowers, and the few finishing touches, which were done on the morning of March 4th.

The control of the building was turned over to the Inaugural Committee at the close of office hours on February 26th. The work carried on by this Committee previous to that time was conducted with especial care to avoid any disturbance to the work of the Bureau, and the officials have stated that no serious annoyance was occasioned thereby.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DECORATIONS.

The decorations consisted of a canopy arching across the width of the court about 100 ft. and extending its whole length, a distance of about 300 ft. This canopy was composed of 10 x 12 ft. units forming a series of panels or coffers. The bunting used was unbleached cotton with flounces 18 inches deep around each panel to produce the effect of a sunken panel. The bunting was carried across the lines of the large columns down to the line of the spring of the arch, forming lunettes, and shortening the columns, which were supplied with temporary Doric caps.

The color scheme of the vault was a deep cream tint which was also used on the walls behind the colonnades encircling the court forming a background to the floral decorations.

The walls of the arcades were light yellow, and the columns gold bronze, making the general scheme cream and gold.

The music stand filled the east end of the large hall for about 45 ft., the seats for the musicians being arranged in a half-octagon rising in tiers toward the walls. In the angles pyramids of palms rose to a height of about 40 ft. and framed in the picture. The stand was designed to accommodate a band of 70 and an orchestra of 125 with supplemental accommodations for a chorus of 500 at the concerts.

The space between back of stand and railing of the second gallery was filled in with corrugated iron panels serving as a sounding board. A large trophy of American flags was suspended in front of the lunette above the music stand. The front of the music stand was filled with a series of panels, the upper one in each series being filled with gold net work against which Bougainvillea and Crimson Ramblers were used. In the corners were massed Azaleas, Crimson Ramblers, and Genestas.

At the west end the President's box projected about 15 feet into the hall at a lower level than that of the second gallery, which was connected with it by a flight of broad steps, the brick panel of the south bay being removed for this The corners were cut off, forming an octagonal The floor was at the level of the capitals of the first story columns. This box was the width of the three sections of the arcade, about 30 feet. The walls of the gallery back of it were lined with scarlet, the central bay, with its arch and gold flanking columns being left open, the adjacent bays being filled with curtains of rich fabric in a golden tone, crossed overhead by a heavy lambrequin with bands of gold and gold fringe, the whole crowned by a trophy of American flags with a gold ball and eagle as its central feature. This treatment made this end of the hall recede in planes from the floor to the flag trophy near the ceiling.

Beneath the floor of the box the space was covered in and three panels were formed on the faces, the two side ones having Roman wreaths gilded, and the middle one large clusters of American Beauty roses, and American Beauty roses were massed on the corners of the parapet above, with bushes of ramblers in pink and red and American Beauty roses in vases drooping over the railings.

The background against the gallery face had wreaths and garlands of magnolia leaves bronzed and standing in the corners were cedar trees.

The walls of the building in the rear of the galleries were

hung with laurel roping, and laurel leaves with Southern Smilax sprayed through them. The parapet and cornice of the front of the top gallery were covered with Southern Smilax with Boston ferns standing on the pedestals of the parapet. In the first gallery Azaleas and Crimson Ramblers were placed in baskets in the spandrels between arches, and on the cornice Forsythia was used—the whole in a field of Southern Smilax.

The President's room was draped with asparagus vine and gilded baskets tied with yellow ribbon on the wall, and were filled with American Beauty roses and white lilacs. Around the fireplace was a trellis with asparagus vines and orchids, and the fire place was banked with ferns and orchids, with pink roses and white lilacs massed among them. On a center table was a mass of long stem American Beauty roses.

The retiring room had its mantel banked with ferns, Azalias and American Beauty roses.

The Vice-President's room was hung with Smilax and asparagus vines, Roman wreaths and leucothea leaves. In the corners were banked palms, and among them Forsythia.

The Diplomatic room and President's supper room were decorated with Southern Smilax with pink roses, white lilacs, and ferns on the tables, and orchids on the President's table.

In public supper room the walls were decorated with Southern Smilax and banks of palms.

The walls of entrance vestibules were hung with laurel wreaths and cedar trees stood on the floor in the corners.

LIGHTING.

The illumination was on radically different lines from those followed on previous occasions; instead of embedding the lights in the floral decoration, or following the structural lines of the architecture, the principal groups of lights were suspended from the vaulted ceiling in eighteen large fixtures composed of hexagonal frames, each carrying clusters of 125 eight candle power lamps of frosted glass, each lamp hanging from a separate wire, and the whole disposed in a bowl-shaped mass, each bulb hanging from a white rosette, reflecting and softening the light. Each mass of drooping lights was suspended by six gilded chains secured to a sturdy ring and heavy chain above, suspending the entire fixture from the vaulted ceiling. The scheme was many small units with the effect of soft candle light as against the employment of larger and more vivid units which would fatigue the eye.

COMMENTS.

The amount of smilax on the face of colonades was too great, making a solid mass of greenery. If it had been one-third less and had permitted the architectural lines to show through, the effect would have been better, and the color value of the flowers would have been enhanced.

The thanks of the Committee are due to Mrs. A. C. Barney, the New Willard Hotel Company of this city, and Mr. E. F. Caldwell, of New York, for their loans of furniture used in the President's box.

To Mr. E. F. Caldwell, of New York, the Committee is indebted for valuable suggestions in the scheme of lighting, he having come to Washington twice for the purpose of advising them.

To the initiative and labors of Mr. Victor Mindeleff and Miss' Grace Temple much of the successful outcome of the whole scheme is due.

To Mr. J. H. Small, for the floral part, Mr. C. H. Koster, for the bunting, and Mr. E. C. Graham, for the electric lighting, the Committee is indebted for the successful carrying out of their plans.

Respectfully,

J. R. Marshall,

Chairman, Committee on Decoration

of the Ball Room.

Statement of Expenditures Made by the Committee on Decoration of the Ball Room.

or this ball room.	
C. H. Koster Company, for bunting dec-	
oration—Contract\$4,500.00 C. H. Koster Company, for additional	
items—see schedule 250.00	
National Electrical Supply Co.—Con-	\$4,750.00
tract\$5,000.00	
National Electrical Supply Co., Cables	
into Pension Building 300.00 National Electrical Supply Co., Electric	
Current 136.00	
J. H. Small & Sons—Contract	\$5,436.00 5,000.00
Joseph W. Collins, for taking out and replacing	
brick parapet behind President's box	
W. B. Moses & Sons, for furniture for rooms	
for the President and Vice-President	100.00
J. B. Morrey, for moving chairs—President's box—to and from Pension Office	6.75
Fabian Columbus, for painting iron beams and	
trolley irons under galleries	70.00
R. S. Gielow, for blue prints Washington Woodworking Company, for false	9.48
caps to main columns	120.00
C. A. Langley, for building President's stand,	
musician's stand, hospital divisions, work around fountain, etc.	
The Welsbach Company for emergency gas fix-	
tures	135.00
The Washington Gas Light Company, for gas	
Fabian Columbus, for painting repaired plas-	13.40
tering in Pension Building	90.00
J. J. Earley, for repairing plastering in Pension	
BuildingFabian Columbus, for painting additional re-	403.65
paired plastering in Pension Building	10.00
	\$17,619.28



Report of Committee on Comfort at Ball

Major James E. Bell, Chairman Alexander Grant, Vice-Chairman C. Fred Cook, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen, Chairman Inaugural Committee.

SIR:

It affords me great pleasure to submit this report of the work of the Committee on Comfort at Ball, believing it will place in your possession, aside from the details of preparation and execution of the various phases of its duties, some definite and important information relative to the time, which an Inaugural Committee would probably occupy the Pension Building, should it at a future time be used for such purposes.

Based upon hypothesis that a similar condition as that recently experienced by the committee might arise, it will be charitable to your successor to place him in possession of actual past experience for his information and guidance.

It is unfortunate that the following letter from Commissioner Murphy was not available when Congressional sanction for the occupancy of the Pension Building was first sought, as it is believed that it would have speedily and effectively removed the only serious objection to the proposition.

"Department of the Interior,
Office of the Commission, Bureau of Pensions,
Washington, D. C., February 8, 1897.

Colonel Cecil Clay, City.

SIR:

In response to your letter of this date asking for an estimate of the loss to the Government caused by the use of the Pension Building for the inaugural ball, I have to say, that such use practically causes the loss of six days' time of the entire office force, whose salary for that period aggregates thirty-one thousand six hundred and twenty-four dollars and forty-five cents.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) D. Murphy,

Commissioner."

This letter was in response to an inquiry made by the late Colonel Cecil Clay, of the District National Guard, who was seeking information to submit to Congress in support of a bill for the erection of an Armory which would contain a drill hall of sufficient size to accommodate the inaugural balls of the future.

It is apparent from the date of the letter that the data related to the Cleveland Inaugural of 1893, at which time the clerical force of the Pension Office was much larger than at present, including the Pension Agency and the additional Bureaus of the Interior Department now located in the building.

To a request made personally of Mr. L. B. Stine, of the Pension Office, Custodian of the Building, for information relative to the time lost by the employees at this time, the following reply was received:

"Department of the Interior, Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C., March 12, 1909.

Major James E. Bell, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Major:

In response to your personal request for a statement from me as the representative of the Inaugural Committee during the time that the Pension Office Building was under the control of the Committee, as to the time the employees quit and resumed work in the Bureau, I have to advise you that the official force was dismissed Friday evening, February 26th, and they were directed to report for duty Monday morning at 9.00 o'clock, March 8th. The entire force on the third floor and three of the five divisions on the second floor were engaged in work until 3.00 o'clock p. m., when on account of the noise made by the contractor and the low temperature of the building, they were excused for the remainder of the day. No part of the force on the first floor was at work on Monday, March 8th. On Tuesday morning, the furniture and files were completely restored and the entire force of the Bureau resumed work.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) L. B. STINE."

Mr. Stine's statement relates solely to the employees of the Pension Bureau and does not mention the Pension Agency, the clerks of which worked without interruption during the time the building was occupied by the Committee, save March 4th, which was observed by them as a holiday, as was the case of all other Government employees, nor the other Bureaus of the Interior Department, located on the third floor, a number of whose employees were temporarily returned to the main offices and continued service without loss of time to the government. Some of the Geological Survey employees continued on duty reporting each day until the P. M. of March 3d.

In response to a request from the Secretary of the Interior for a detail of clerks from the Pension Bureau to render assistance in other Bureaus of his Department during the time the Committee had charge of the building, over fifty clerks volunteered their services, all of which tends to show that the time stated by Commissioner Murphy in 1893, as to number of days lost to the government practically obtains at this date and that the loss to the government in salaries must have been considerably less than at any previous inauguration.

The work of this Committee is now a matter of history, and in connection with every other branch of the successful event can be dwelt upon with no vain regrets in so far as human agency entered into its calculations. At each stage of our work, the support and encouragement of yourself and Secretary Thom, with the helpfulness of the members of the Committee made the numerous details appear insignificant. The selection by you of Mr. Latimer B. Stine, Chief of the Army and Navy Division of the Pension Office, as Custodian of the building and superintendent of the removal and restoration of the furniture and files, was a most happy one. His acceptability to the Pension officials, with his knowledge of every branch of the Department, facilitated the work to a marked degree. Much of the furniture, though old and dilapidated, was but slightly damaged by its frequent handling; the entire cost for the repairs being less than \$35.00, which amount includes the renovation and relaying of carpets in two of the rooms.

The contract for the 10,102 hat boxes was executed with despatch and to our entire satisfaction.

The apprehension which existed, as to the ability of the contractor for the removal of the furniture, to perform the same for the sum of \$375.00, which in view of other bids appeared to be exceedingly low, was without foundation.

The work was speedily and well done, due largely, however, to the intelligent supervision of Superintendent Stine and his assistants.

The officials of the Pension Bureau were very considerate

and helpful to this Committee when opportunity offered. Through the generosity of the Great Bear Spring Company, the patrons of the ball and concerts were supplied with wholesome drinking water for which I commend it for recognition.

This Committee may be pardoned for the satisfaction it experienced in so conducting its affairs as to have remaining to its credit at the conclusion of its labors a substantial balance from the allotment made for its use; it also felicitates itself upon the many encomiums passed upon its work, but chiefly at its share in contributing to the success of the ceremony as a whole, which for grandeur of conception and completeness of detail exceeded that of former years.

Having had the honor of filling the position which I now fill in connection with the seven previous Inaugural Ceremonies and witnessing in each the increased splendor over its predecessor, it is but fair to say that by comparison the recent ceremony under your chairmanship was planned to eclipse them all.

In conclusion, on behalf of this Committee, whose membership deeply appreciates the interest and confidence evinced by you in its work of preparation for the ball, and personally, I thank you.

Accompanying account shows receipts and disbursements.

COMMITTEE ON COMFORT AT BALL, 1909.
Dr.
To allotment for Committee's work\$2,900.00
To amount received from sale of Crex from Vice-
President's rooms 20.00
To amount received from Geo. W. Evans, disbursing
officer 16.51
\$2,936.51
Credit
By amount paid for hat boxes, etc \$984.84
By amount paid for removal of furniture 381.00
By amount paid for advertising, proposals 50,00

Brought forward\$1,415.84 \$2,936.51
By amount paid for printing duplicate checks 75.00
By amount paid for hire of furniture 41.75
By amount paid for section and other signs 29.00
By amount paid for Kretol Co. (disinfectant) _ 7.50
By amount paid for floor covering, VP. room_ 75.00
By amount paid for attaching duplicate checks_ 15.00
By amount paid for hauling 3.00
By amount paid for relaying carpets 16.50
By amount paid R. P. Andrews Paper Co 2.70
By amount paid I. Small 1.80
By amount paid C. G. Stott & Co 2.80
By amount paid House Wares Store 1.80
By amount paid S. N. Meyer 1.00
By amount paid American Ice Co 4.00
By amount paid Thomas Keely 4.00
By amount paid The R. P. Clark Co 14.40
By amount paid for miscellaneous items 13.25
By amount paid for pay rolls 1,008.60
 2,732.94
Balance to credit of Committee\$203.57

I have the honor to subscribe myself,

Yours very sincerely,

James E. Bell, Chairman Committee on Comfort at Ball.



Report of the Floor Committee

GIST BLAIR, Chairman THOMAS F. WALSH, Vice-Chairman

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen, Chairman Inaugural Committee, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

I have to advise you that the work of the Floor Committee at the inaugural ball does not admit of any very long report.

The Floor Committee was composed of representatives from the different States called "Aides," and about five hundred and fifty members from the city of Washington, the names of whom are set forth in the printed pamphlet which I herewith enclose. The committee had three rehearsals for the purpose of organization and to become familiar with their work; these rehearsals were all well attended and at two of them, by means of a map, I explained their duties; the last rehearsal at the Pension Building enabled the members of the Committee attending to see exactly what was required of them.

At the ball the Committee cleared and kept clear a space on the floor for the grand march of the Presidential party, which is shown on the pamphlet I enclose. All the members were earnest in their work and seemed to assist cheerfully and those particularly in charge of the sections devoted to dancing kept the floor clear during the entire evening so as to enable visitors to dance at any time. The entire cost charged against the Inaugural Floor Committee is well within the amount appropriated for the expenses, consisting in printing and flowers.

Mr. Thos. F. Walsh, Vice-Chairman of the Floor Committee, rendered the most efficient and unselfish service prior to the ball and during the entire evening on the floor.

Yours sincerely,

GIST BLAIR, Chairman Floor Committee.



Report of Supper Committee

ARTHUR C. Moses, Chairman D. J. Callahan, Vice-Chairman

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee.

DEAR SIR:

The total amount expended as per vouchers rendered is \$4,178.32. This item includes \$2,500.00 for the furnishing of supper for the public, as per contract, \$1,061.92 for the construction of the kitchen, pantry, etc., \$53.30 for the use (damage and loss) of 200 chairs in the supper room, \$461.60 for the Presidential supper and \$101.50 for decorating the President's supper rooms.

Receipts from the sale of tickets at \$1.50 per ticket, \$1,603.50, showing a net loss of \$2,574.82. The Supper Committee allotment was \$4,500.00, leaving a balance of \$1,925.18.

If the cost of the Presidential supper and decorations of the two rooms were not charged to the Supper Committee, and it is contended it should not be, the loss would have been \$2,011.72.

In view of the small patronage given the supper rooms, which amounted to about 15 per cent of the attendance at the ball, I desire to recommend for consideration four years hence that no supper for the public be given.

Respectfully submitted,

ARTHUR C. Moses, Chairman Supper Committee.





Report of Committee on Local Transportation

Joseph M. Stoddard, Chairman E. S. Marlow, Vice-Chairman George Weaver, Secretary

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

I beg leave to report to you the completion of the work of the sub-committee on Local Transportation for the Inauguration of President Taft and Vice-President Sherman, of which Committee I had the honor to be Chairman.

The principal duties of this Committee were the building of platforms, corridors and carriage sheds on the four sides of the Pension Building to accommodate those who attended the Inaugural Ball.

Due to the change of transportation conditions of four years ago, on account of the increased number of automobiles, it was found advisable to build one more platform and entrance than had been used heretofore, namely, the one on Fourth Street, which was used by the various taxicab companies, who pooled their interests so that a person going in the cab of one company could take the first cab at the platform upon departing from the building. This same arrangement was made with twenty-five liverymen who used the G Street platform and entrance. Both arrangements proved

to be eminently satisfactory. All other horsedrawn vehicles used the fifth Street entrance, and carriage numbers were given out at the platform and called by telephone from the inside of the building. From the booth at the corner of the park, the numbers were megaphoned for three blocks down the waiting line of carriages.

The F Street entrance was given up to private automobiles and the numbers were called in the same manner as the carriages at the Fifth Street door.

The entire arrangement of handling vehicles on the night of the ball proved to be very satisfactory.

As near as we can estimate, there were about three thousand vehicles handled at the four platforms during the evening. This included, however, various carriages and taxicabs which made several round trips.

In addition to the above work, this committee was held responsible for emergency exits, six of which were constructed at the Pension Building, but fortunately were not required.

Assuring you of my appreciation of the honor conferred upon me by appointment as Chairman of the Committee on Local Transportation, I have the honor to be

Very respectfully yours,

J. M. Stoddard, Chairman Committee on Local Transportation.



Report of Committee on Medals and Badges

RICHARD N. BROOKE, Chairman Frank P. Reeside, Vice-Chairman HENRY E. COOPER, Secretary

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 7, 1909.

Edward J. Stellwagen, Esq., Chairman, Inaugural Committee, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR:

Pursuant to the appointment of the undersigned as Chairman of the Committee on Medals and Badges for the Inauguration of President Taft, the following gentlemen were nominated as members of this Committee, and their appointment confirmed by you as the Chairman of the General Committee, namely: Mr. Frank P. Reeside, Vice-Chairman; Mr. Henry E. Cooper, Secretary; and Messrs. William B. Closson, Edmund C. Messer, Victor Mindeleff, Gen. Ellis Spear, Messrs. Meyer Cohen, V. G. Fischer, C. Powell Minnigerode, Francis D. Millet, and Mitchell Carroll additional members.

In the composition of a Committee of which five were artists, three engaged in vocations calling for the constant exercise of artistic taste, and four had been members of former Inaugural Committees on Medals and Badges, it was sought to enroll a body favorable to the most satisfactory results.

Mr. Victor D. Brenner, a sculptor of reputation, consented to produce the design for the medal, but subsequently finding the allowance of time too short, the Committee had recourse to Messrs. Joseph K. Davison's Sons, of Philadelphia, producers of former Inaugural Medals, and who contracted to furnish a medal larger in size, more artistic in style, and more elaborate in finish than the usual commercial medal, upon terms which the Committee regarded as reasonable.

While the simple and tasteful design of the badge employed in former Inaugurations was adhered to, the Committee endeavored, by a judicious variation of the colors thereof, to still further distinguish the several Committees. As the result of its labors, although the number both of badges and medals far exceeded the original estimate, the Committee were able to furnish them at the time called for in its contract with the manufacturers. The contract for badges having been awarded by the Committee to S. N. Meyer & Son, of Washington, the proximity of this firm enabled us to supply deficiencies upon short notice.

A statement of the expenditures incurred by this Committee, appended hereto, will show that it has kept within the allowance voted it by the General Committee, and has not exceeded the outlay for these items at former Inaugurations.

I have the honor to be,

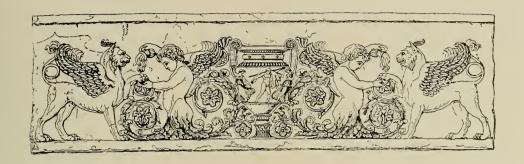
Very respectfully yours,

RICHARD N. BROOKE,
Chairman of the Committee on Medals and Badges.

FINAL REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN

Statement of Expenditures of the Committee on Medals and Inauguration of President William H. Taft, March 4, 19	
Jos. K. Davison's Sons—3,000 Bronze Medals at 46 2-3 c\$	1,400.00
Jos. K. Davison's Sous—3 Gold Medals at \$83.33 1-3	250.00
Jos. K. Davison's Sons—Agreed allowance to die-cutter	100.00
Jos. K. Davison's Sons—3 Cases for Gold Medals at \$3.50	10.50
S. N. Meyer & Sons—3,800 Badges, as per bill rendered	367.67
Carl K. Frey, Photographer—8 views of Hon. Jas. S. Sherman_	25.00
Walden Fawcett, Photographer—Photos of Hon. William H.	
Taft	15.00
Harris & Ewing, Photographer—Photos of Hon. William H.	
Taft	3.00
Office Expenses, expressage, telegrams, postage and stationery_	9.62
Travelling expenses	7.25
_	
\$	2,188.06
<u> </u>	





Report of the Treasurer

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee.

My Dear Sir:

I beg to submit the following, my final report, the details of which are fully covered in the reports of the Finance and Auditing Committees:

Received from subscriptions	\$86,720.00
Received from various committees	95,823.68
Total	\$182,543.68
Paid as per vouchers herewith properly audited and countersigned by	
yourself\$91,863.18	
Returned to subscribers 86,720.00	
	178,583.18
Balance in bank	\$3,960.00

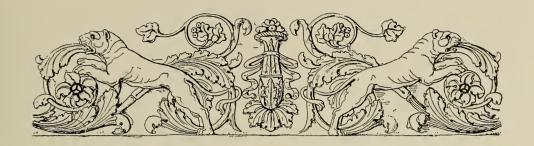
I have the honor to be, with high personal regard,

Very sincerely yours,

CLARENCE F. NORMENT,

Treasurer.





Report of the Auditing Committee

Andrew Parker, Chairman Sydney R. Jacobs, Vice-Chairman Harry G. Meem, Secretary

Washington, October 1, 1909

Mr. Edward J. Stellwagen,

Chairman Inaugural Committee,

Washington, D. C.

SIR:

This Committee has examined all matters pertaining to the financial transactions of the Inaugural Committee, audited before payment all vouchers presented by the Chairmen of the various sub-committees, and has kept a full and complete record of all receipts and disbursements by the Treasurer, a statement of which is herewith submitted.

The Committee was also represented at all the entrances of the Pension Building during the Ball and Concerts, and took charge of all tickets collected, which, together with all those unsold, were counted and verified, as per accompanying statements.

Respectfully submitted,

Andrew Parker, Chairman.

STATEMENT OF FUNDS RECEIVED AND DISBURSED BY THE TREASURER OF THE INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

Receipts.

11000.710	
Guarantee Fund	\$86,720.00
Reviewing Stands	32,,237.95
Ball Tickets	44,845.00
Supper Tickets	1,603.50
Concert Tickets	14,243.50
Souvenirs	282.40
Cash admissions, supper	18.00
National Electric Supply Co. (Refund)	50.00
Sale Duplex Calls	40.00
Comfort at Ball Committee (Returned unused	·
funds)	52.16
Profit on Programs	1,251.17
Certified checks returned	1,200.00
	\$182,543.68
Disbursements.	
Guarantee Fund returned	\$86,720.00
Amounts disbursed by Committees, as per state-	
ment herewith	91,863.18
Balance in hands of Treasurer	3,960.50
	\$182,543.68
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

FINAL REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN

Concert, Saturday afternoon, March 6, 1909.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	18,000 13,157
Tickets sold Tickets collected	4,843 4,799
Tickets sold but not collected	44
(Note: The Finance Committee issued passes to the Police and Firethis concert, and 170 passes were collected at the doors.)	men for
Concert, Saturday evening, March 6, 1909.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	20,000 15,928
Tickets sold Tickets collected	4,072 4,056
Tickets sold but not collected	16
Condensed Ticket Statement.	
All Concerts.	
Total number of tickets delivered to Finance Committee Unsold tickets	85,000 56,513
Tickets sold Tickets collected	28,487 28,231
Tickets sold but not collected	256





2,024.07

\$4,906.99 852.61 1,034.64

\$4,913.52 554.39 747.88

\$5,927.22 703.04 764.57

955.90

453.10 1.80

Grand Marshal's Office

Inaugural

Finance -----Expenditures ...

\$5,163.26

\$6,856.19

\$4,484.00

1909 President Taft

1905 President Roosevelt

1901 President McKinley

1897 President McKinley

1893 President Cleveland

r 889 President Harrison

29.00

203.75

2.75

Resumé of Receipts and Disbursements of Inaugural Committees from 1889 to 1909 RECEIPTS.

President Taft	\$86,720.00 44,845.00 14,243.50 1,621.50	32,237.95	282.40 1,251.17	40.00	50.00		1,200.00	52.16	\$182,543.68	
1905 President Roosevelt	\$62,380.00 46,345.00 11,652.00 1,676.00	26,759.95		12.50			1,000.00	32.00	150,221.95	
President McKinley	\$56,885.00 40,770.00 14,483.00 2,483.00	15,793.00	2,453.00 1,318.60 1,025.00	794.27	25.00	578.96	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		136,808.83	
1897 President McKinley	\$47,736.00 47,870.00 12,372.00 2,572.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5,692.55	59.50	17.00			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$116,817.15	
1893 President Cleveland	\$35,625.00 37,075.00 11,233.00 2,290.21		5,191.00	78.85	! I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	 		 	\$91,655.31	DISBURSEMENTS.
1889 President Harrison	\$50,100.00 58,330.00 7,903.50 3,871.00		3,595.co 1,451.00						\$125,250.50	DISBU
From	Guarantee Fund	Grand Stand Tickets	Old material used on grand stand	Official program	Cash deposit in lieu of bond	Refund—National Conference Charities and	Corrections	Sundry small checks and cash items returned	to the 1 reasurer	1 Otal

54.15
386.70 260.80 000.00 808.83
1, 2, 2, 2, 36,
1.382.64
195.59 1,016.62 1.382.64 3,450.c0 7,000.00

†Since the above statements were completed and in print, the Treasurer has received the sum of \$97.70 (refund on voucher given War Department), making the total balance available \$4.058.20.

*By unanimous action of the Inaugural Committee, the balance of eash on hand was directed to be "paid and turned over to the National Committee on the Changing of the Date of the Inauguration"; with the proviso that any unexpended balance be turned over "to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to become part of the fund now in their hands," etc.







The Outlook

MARCH 6, 1909

"THE SPECTATOR"

"Here you are! Milk chocolates for a light lunch!" caroled the train-boy, unweariedly. The train had started from Jersey City at nine-fifty-five Wednesday morning, scheduled to arrive in Washington at three twenty-one. It was now after four, and Baltimore not yet reached. There was no dining-car on the train, and no sustenance except chocolates and chewing-gum. The frantic rain was driving through the closed ventilators and dripping into little pools on the floor. The train had stopped, stalled by other trains ahead—some said thirty of them, specials, had started before it did. Men were curled up in the seats, asleep. Women were eating caramels and looking haggard. The train-boy had sold everybody some kind of magazine or paper, and periodical literature was scattered everywhere like leaves in Vallombrosa. Suddenly one man, unfolding a sheet, paused and read aloud, in a tone of hopeless cheerfulness, the flaring headlines:

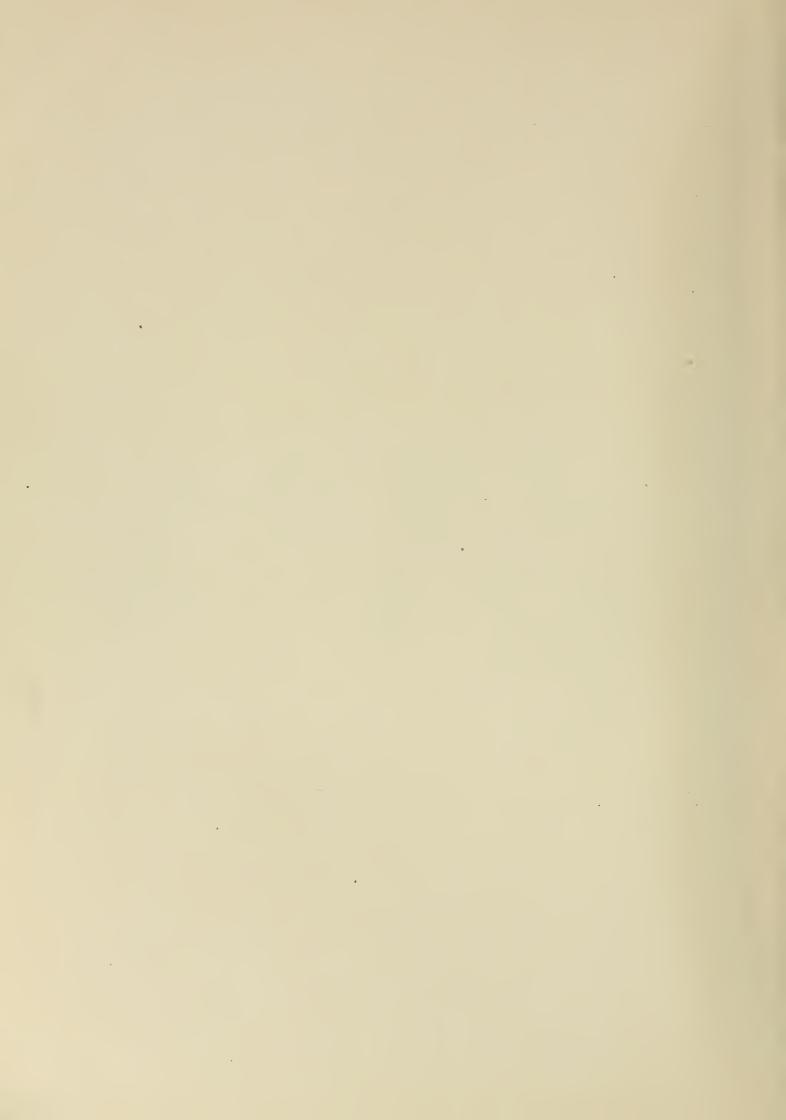
"INAUGURATION TOMORROW WILL HAVE SMILING SKIES."

The effect was electric. From end to end the car laughed. "Read it again!" "Don't believe it, but it sounds good!" "Keep whistling!" came from various quarters. The engine gave a pull; the cars moved; everybody sat up and hope revived for ten minutes at least. Then came a sweep of rushing rain; a slackening of the engine, and the train stopped again; And so again and again and again. It was a long journey that day to the Inauguration City.

But still, at eight in the evening, the Spectator's train got there, and was, in that respect, luckier than many others which followed it. Washington was as dripping and drowned and uncomfortable as possible that night, and all its brilliant decorations and lights were drenched in the flooding downpour as the Spectator drove through the streets to his hotel. But the scene to which he woke on Inauguration Day was almost unimaginable. The windows were dimmed with snow-spray, a whirling blizzard was raging, the streets were ten inches deep in a soft snow which turned fast to indescribable slush, the wires were coated in ice half an inch thick, the wind was roaring a gale which left no umbrella unturned. The clerk in the hotel office was ordering stormrubbers by the dozen for confiding guests, taking down sizes reassuringly on a sheet of paper, as if he really intended to get a good fit for them. The elevator boy was frankly pessimistic. "Never had it like this before," he declared, "not even when Harrison was inaugurated." Yet the great American crowd was not daunted. The breakfasters were all hurrying to go down and see the President and his successor drive out from the White House. Blizzard or no blizzard, rubbers or no rubbers, it was Inauguration Day, and they meant to keep faith with the parade, the fire works, and all the rest of it.

Soothed and sustained by their unfaltering trust, the Spectator started out too. The rubbers had come, and were all the wrong sizes, and exactly double price; but no one murmured, for no more could be gotten, and each misfit pair was more precious than rubies to its fortunate possessor, since the slush stretched in deep pools, already, at each crossing. On Pennsylvania Avenue the street-cleaners, six thousand strong, were working like mad against time to clear the marching course, and on the sidewalks, in the beautiful Court of Honor, an augmenting throng tramped and retramped snow into slush and slush into water-pools. The decorations were thoroughly glacé—snow-tipped and





frozen, but still extremely beautiful against the white of the storm. Wreathed pillars and gay pedestal flower baskets, broad flags and streaming pennants, and all the gold and white and flying colors of the scheme of decoration, shone palely but bravely through wind and snow. Umbrellas were useless in the gale, so the crowds stood unprotected, watching the White House gate, which was guarded by the crack Ohio cavalry troop, Mr. Taft's guard of honor for the day. "Ohio's it!" an Ohio citizen beside the Spectator proudly declared, as the Presidential carriage and four swept out of the gate at last, closed so tightly that only dim forms could be discerned through its frosty windows.

The Spectator journeyed down to the Capitol in a packed car, whose conductor frankly admitted that he did not know just where they were going, as all the cars were "mixed up." On the ankle-deep sidewalks, coming in droves from every cross-street, people were plodding determinedly toward the Capitol—young and old, men, women, and children. At the end of the line, a block from the famous east front, the Spectator got out and joined the crowd. The wind had abated, and a man on the corner was selling umbrellas, "Only fifty cents, and large enough for two!" and reaping a harvest, with a partner in the background guarding a rapidly diminishing stock. The throng tramped and splashed, splashed and tramped along. It was so thick that no one could pick his or her steps, or see the path an inch ahead; so in and out of foot-deep pits of icy slush went one and all, up, up, toward the Capitol. The stand for the oath of office and the sidewalk stands for viewing it were alike covered with snow, so that the luckless holders of seats were quite as badly off as the rest. Between standing in slush and sitting in a snowbank there is not much choice. Moreover, it was more than rumored that the oath would be given inside the Senate Chamber (and it turned out that it was, for the first time since Andrew Jackson's day), insomuch that the game seemed hardly worth the candle. The Spectator, for his part, did not want to see the ceremony, but only the scene and the crowd; and, having extricated himself from the thick of the slush, he returned by a quieter street, to meet two women, one of them delicate and elderly, dragging a sled with two tiny children on it. Boldly they pushed on, and drove into the thickest of the throng, and the Spectator was left gaping after them, and wondering which would develop first in that united and foolhardy family—croup or pneumonia.

It was said that eighteen thousand pounds of sand were sprinkled on the Avenue, after the snow was cleared. Nevertheless, the true honors in the line of sand went to those who marched, and to those, too, who stood along the streets, ankle-deep, or sat and watched from the snow-clad, windswept seats of the uncovered stands. Even in the wellroofed stand in the Court of Honor, where the Spectator sat, it could not be called comfortable. Rumors, besides, were in the air that the parade had lost half its glory; that the Seventh Regiment was blocked by the blizzard somewhere north of Baltimore; that other organizations had decided not to attempt the march; that the midshipmen were lost in the shuffle; that everything was going wrong. But no one budged, whether standing soaking in the slush along the street, pressing against the ropes, or seated on newspapers in a chair coated with thin ice; and when the first strains of music were heard, and the sun broke faintly through the snow-laden trees and lighted the flags over the new President's head, there was as much enthusiasm as if there had been no weather to speak of. On came the regulars in khaki, the generals and admirals, the men of the fleet that had just circled the globe, the West Point cadets, who were applauded to the echo; the field artillery, pack mules and all; the field music, primitive and stirring; the trim, brown little Filipino band; the Fifth Infantry, with its regimental record of one hundred and eleven years. Then, after the Nation, the States came, with their Governors, each with his caracoling

staff, and their crack organizations. Little Delaware led off, as first to ratify the Constitution. Massachusetts showed the Fifth Regiment, and Virginia the Richmond Blues, with their tossing white plumes. New York, shorn of the Seventh Regiment (which, however, was reviewed next day all by itself in great state by President Taft), nevertheless had in Governor Hughes the greatest attraction in the parade, winning storms of applause all along the line. "There's the man who isn't afraid of the bosses!" cried a man near the Spectator. "Hughes! hip, hip, hurray!" And the stand rang with the spreading cheer. It was a great parade, even if only three-fifths of it ever got there.

"See that old Lincoln flag?" said the Spectator's neighbor, a gray-haired veteran, as the German Turn-Verein of the District of Columbia carried it proudly by. "That was carried in the parade of 1861—and a very small parade it was. No such crowds there—no, indeed! We had troops in the streets to suppress any insurrection or riot. No crowd up at the Capitol, either. I saw and heard Lincoln make his inaugural address; but as I didn't know how famous it was going to be, I did not notice much of it, except one sentence —'I have sworn to enforce the laws, and I will do it.' That I remember, and the way Lincoln looked when he said it. It was a clear day, but there was a gloom all through the city—just the opposite of today, when even the blizzard can't discourage the people!"

The Spectator is free to confess that he enjoyed the Inaugural Ball more than any other feature of the day. It is the fashion to decry the ball, even when one goes to it. As a matter of fact, there was no crush, the hall was stately and even magnificent in its decoration, the uniforms and ball gowns left nothing to be desired in glitter and color, and the company was interesting to an unusual degree. The Spectator, in the gallery where the diplomats, the Senators and Cabinet, the Governors and officials, with their families and guests, came and went around the President and his party, found it

as entertaining a spot, socially, as any he had ever been in. It was a dramatic moment, too, when, after the President and Vice-President and their wives had made their circuit in the hall, passing through the lane formed in the vast throng, and had gone upstairs, the people waited, with upturned faces, till the new Chief Magistrate should appear in the high Presidential box between the great pillars. To look down upon those ten thousand faces, serious and loyal in the midst of their gayety, was to feel the power of the Republic with a new thrill.

But—since loyalty is firm, and the Republic challenges all shocks—why not have Inauguration Day in April?







STATEMENT OF ALLOTMENTS AND EXPENDITURES OF ALL COMMITTEES.

			Expendi- tures more	EXPENDI- TURES LESS
Сомміттее	ALLOTMENT	EXPENDED	THAN ALLOTMENT	THAN ALLOTMENT
Finance	\$1,350.00	\$2,024.07	\$674.07	
Reception		29.00	29.00	
Legislation				
Press	~	534.50	34.50	
Transportation			-	
Public Order		198.75	198.75	
Auditing				
R. R. Terminal				
Civic Organizations		*445.80		54.20
Military Organizations		1,065.40	_	
Fireworks		3,078.77		421.23
Historic Sites	· ·	377.29		122.71
Public Comfort		1,830.05		169.95
Souvenir and Tickets	0,0	5,189.41		310.59
Medals and Badges	. •	2,190.91		109.09
Local Transportation		4,224.43	224.43	
Floor		144.50		55.50
Printing				
Reviewing Stands		15,287.65		
Street Decorations		12,953.27		46.73
Illuminations	, ~	4,991.18		1,508.82
Ballroom Decorations	′	17,619.28		380.72
Comfort at Ball	,-	2,766.10		133.90
Supper		4,178.32		321.68
Music	· · · ·	7,090.00		
Inaugural		† 5,684.00	5,684.00	

\$91,902.68

^{*}Includes item of \$39.50 reimbursed to Committee on Military Organizations and not taken up in Treasurer's Report.

Includes \$1,200 deposited with Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds and returned (see preceding statement).

Inaugural Committee, March, 1909

TICKET STATEMENT.	
Inaugural Ball, Thursday Evening, March 4, 1909.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	13,500 4,531
Ball tickets soldBall tickets collected	8,969 [°] 8,680
Tickets sold but not collected	289
Supper, Inaugural Ball.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	6,000 4,931
Supper tickets soldSupper tickets collected	1,069 997
Tickets sold but not collected	72
(Note: The sum of \$18.00 in cash was collected, for which no ticked issued, and turned over to the Treasurer, and accounted for in the general ment of his account.)	ets were al state-
Concert, Friday morning, March 5, 1909.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	15,000 11,780
Tickets soldTickets collected	3,220 3,204
Tickets sold but not collected	<u></u>
Concert, Friday afternoon, March 5, 1909.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	12,000 7,545
Tickets soldTickets collected	4,455 4,405
Tickets sold but not collected	50
Concert, Friday evening, March 5, 1909.	
Tickets delivered to Finance CommitteeUnsold tickets	20,000 8,103
Tickets soldTickets collected	11,897 11,767
Tickets sold but not collected	130

